THE ATL[illegible] CONSTITUTION.

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A SORTIE BY MOONLIGHT.

BRITON AND ARAB MEET AT KASSASSIN.

A Second Engagement in Which Wolseley's Men Completely Route the Troops of Arabi—An Attempt to Capture the Egyptian Guns by Moonlight, Etc., Etc.

LONDON, August 29.—General Wolseley telegraphs from Ismailia at 1:40 o'clock, this morning, as follows: I have just received news from the front that General Graham was heavily attacked last evening by a large force of Egyptians. The British cavalry from Mahsameh went to his assistance, and he had brilliant success, taking eleven guns. Only a few British were killed, but over a hundred were wounded. I am just about to proceed to the front. General Wolseley telegraphs from Kassassin Lock as follows: Major-General Graham, commanding this port, was attacked yesterday evening by about twelve guns and eight battalions. Our men behaved extremely well and inflicted a severe loss upon the enemy. At first General Graham had but five guns, two and a half battalions and a small detachment of cavalry and mounted infantry. Being reinforced by another battalion, he attacked the enemy in front, while the first cavalry brigade, under Colonel Sir Baker Russel, charged them in the flank, saving a considerable number. The cavalry were well handled by Major General Drury Lowe. General Graham's dispositions were all that they should have been. His operations were carried out with the coolness for which he has always been well known. Arabi Pasha was on the field during the action. The cavalry charged by moonlight, but were unable to secure the rebel guns, which the enemy withdrew during the night. They left, however all their ammunition. Our killed are Surgeon Major Shaw, Sixth Marine artillery, and one infantry sergeant. The wounded are one major, two captains, two lieutenants and fifty-six men.

IN THE NAME OF THE KHEDIVE.

Special Dispatch to The Constitution.

Sultan Pasha has arrived at Port Said. It is understood that he will install the representatives of the khedive in the districts successfully occupied by the British. As his influence with the natives is great, hopes are entertained that he will do much towards the pacification of the country.

TURK AND GREEK.

A Border Fight Between the Hereditary Enemies of the Levant.

LONDON, August 29.—The correspondent of Reuter's telegraph company at Athens, in a dispatch, dated Monday, says: Yesterday morning, the Turkish troops attacked the Greeks all along the frontier from Searbas to Degani. The fighting was continued to-day. The Greeks lost 6 killed and 10 wounded. The government has dispatched one thousand infantry, artillery, gen d'armes to the frontier. The Turkish account of the fighting is as follows: Some Greek troops attempted to take forcible possession of the disputed territory of Karolik Berendend, on the Thessalian frontier, but were repulsed with heavy loss by the Turks under Ragheb Pasha. There were 8 men killed on the Turkish side. The Greek minister at Constantinople, had a conference with Said Pasha, Turkish minister of foreign affairs to-day.

THE TROUBLE EXPLAINED.

Special Dispatch to the Constitution.

CONSTANTINOPLE, August 29.—M. Condouriotis, Greek ambassador, represented to Said Pasha that the collision on the Turco-Greek frontier was provoked by a violation of Greek territory by the Turks. Said Pasha replied that last month a detachment of Greek troops crossed the frontier and cut the telegraphic communication between the Turkish military post and a village. The Turks, requiring supplies, were obliged to pass through part of the Greek territory. They were opposed and fired upon by the Greeks, and retaliated, driving off the latter.

A dispatch from Constantinople to Reuter's telegram company says another engagement took place at Carolik Dervend, last night, and the Greeks were again repulsed. To-day the Greeks, with artillery, made a third attack, the result of which is unknown.

THE SULTAN'S CLAIM

That Alexandria Shall be the Common Basis for Military Operations.

ALEXANDRIA, August 29.—The enemy is still strengthening their left. They sent out an armored train last evening. General Sir Evelyn Wood has gone to reconnoitre Meks. A dispatch to the Exchange telegraph company from Alexandria says slight skirmishing has taken place to-day at Ramleh. The Daily News has the following from Alexandria: Those afloat in the harbor to-day witnessed an unusual sight—the keel-hauling of three Arab sailors on board the Egyptian frigate Sanda for mutiny. They were first flogged and then tied to a rope and hauled to the port yard arm. They were then dropped into the sea, dragged under the keel and hauled up to the starboard yard arm. They were soon dead. The transport Paul has been ordered to be ready to take on board the 42nd Highlanders to-morrow. A dispatch to the Times from Alexandria says: The report of Touiba Pasha is confirmed.

CONSTANTINOPLE, August 29.—The Porte insists that Turkish troops shall be permitted to land at Alexandria, and urges that Alexandria shall serve as a common base for British and Turkish operations.

IN THE FIELD.

Our Sporting President Engages in a Fox-Chase—Receptions and Dinings.

NEWPORT, R. I., August 29.—President Arthur breakfasted this morning with W. W. Astor, minister to Italy. Among the guests were Bancroft and Secretary Frelinghuysen. The president's one hour reception at the Ocean house was largely attended. This afternoon he attended a reception at Sunset Ridge, as the guest of A. A. Low, Brooklyn, and later will meet a distinguished party at Fair Lawn, where John W. Ellis, of New York, gives a dinner in his honor.

President Arthur attended a fox hunt, this afternoon, in company with the wife of W. W. Astor. The brush was awarded to Mrs. E. D. Morgan, Jr., of New York, and the pads to Allen Arthur, the president's son, and to Francis R. Appleton, of New York. About thirty followed the hounds, and there were several falls, one of which resulted in serious injury to Lloyd S. Price, whose hip is believed to be broken. He was taken home in an unconscious condition. The start was witnessed by a large number of spectators. The president, to-night, was the guest of John Wells, of New York, who gave an elaborate dinner in his honor.

CADENA'S ASPIRATIONS.

A Mexican Candidate Raises a Fight and Then Surrenders.

CITY OF MEXICO, August 29.—Two legislatures have been organized in Zacatecas; one is composed of friends of the general and state governments, and the other of the friends of General Garcia Cadena, who has presidential aspirations. Last night a fight occurred between Cadena and his friends and the state troops. After a sharp contest of twenty minutes, in which one rebel was killed and three state soldiers were wounded, Cadena and his followers surrendered. Zacatecas is now quiet and no further disturbance is anticipated.

OPPOSING TAXATION IN SP[illegible]

Lawlessness in the Agricultural District—Riots Apprehended.

MADRID, August 29.—The resistance [illegible] by the middle classes and the trades [illegible] the collection of the new taxes lev[illegible] Senor Camacho, the finance minister, [illegible] stantly increasing in intensity. In th[illegible] ric islands it has been found nece[illegible] employ a strong force of military an[illegible] in making seizures of property for n[illegible] ment of taxes, and it is almost impo[illegible] and purchasers for the goods so sei[illegible] similar state of affairs also exists i[illegible] other provinces. The arrears of taxe[illegible] first half of this year are still unpaid [illegible] dalusia the agricultural distress is [illegible] alarming proportions, owing to the [illegible] the harvest. Collisions between th[illegible] and the peasantry are frequent.

In many of the small towns the [illegible] and operatives have paraded the st[illegible] ing for work or bread, and the local [illegible] ties have asked the government for r[illegible] ments of troops and monetary rel[illegible] many districts where the landed propert[illegible] in the hands of a few wealthy absentee lan[illegible] lords, the drought and poor crops have [illegible] brought the population to the verge of famine, and in provinces which have been strongly republican since the revolution of 1868, especially in the large towns, the spirit of the peasantry and villagers has become strongly socialistic. The press, especially the conservative organs, declare the situation in Andalusia serious and requiring "prompt remedy." The suffering among the poorer classes is very great. The partial relief doled out by the government in Andalusia, Estramadura, Galicia, Aragon and Catalonia has been of little avail, and the irritation of the peasantry is increasing. Robberies are of frequent occurrence, and several acts of brigandage are said to have occurred near Grenada.

CONKLING AND GOULD.

How Gould Succeeded in Spiking Conkling's Guns in a Certain Matter.

WASHINGTON, August 29.—There is an interesting chapter known here in regard to the relations recently shown to exist between Mr. Conkling and Jay Gould. After Mr. Conkling had failed of re-election, his friends set themselves earnestly at work to unravel the political intrigues by which Mr. Robertson had been made collector, and by which Mr. Platt and himself were defeated for the senate. It was soon found that the study of this subject carried them back into the presidential campaign, in fact, as far back as the winter before the Chicago convention met. It was not long before Mr. Conkling was in possession of the very important part which Jay Gould played through agents at Albany in the election of Senator Platt. The amount of money which was used on this occasion became known to Mr. Conkling. According to his information this work was a first step in securing the confirmation of Mr. Robertson when he should be afterwards nominated as collector. The facts connected with the pledge taken from Mr. Platt also became known to him. And thus, step by step, he became possessed with a history in great detail of the Albany, New York and Washington intrigue covering the various branches of the Robertson affair.

Mr. Conkling's friends here, as well as those of Collector Robertson, were for some weeks in daily expectation of the publication of the whole story, as Mr. Conkling had learned it. At a later date his friends ascertained that he had been retained in very important cases which Mr. Gould controlled and that he did not feel at liberty to make public what he knew about the Robertson intrigue while his legal employment in Mr. Gould's cases continued.

AUDITOR ELA.

What a Very Important Official Is Doing and What He Ought to Do.

NEW YORK, August 29.—A Washington special to the Sun says: Auditor Ela of the post-office department, was one of the orators in the autumn campaign in Maine in 1880, when the state went democratic. Auditor Ela has just taken the stump in Mr. Blaine's state for the republicans. If there is anything in experience, the Maine republicans, despite Ela's efforts, are bound to be soundly thrashed next month. Has it occurred to any one that this would be a result specially pleasing to Blaine? Auditor Ela's departure for Maine, in neglect of his proper duties as a public official, is suggestive of another piece of experience. He is the successor of Auditor McGrew. It is charged that McGrew's neglect of his proper duties, if not his complicity in evil practices, rendered possible the star route frauds. Now Auditor Ela is away, and no man is able to say what time will bring forth in the post-office department. His absence is part of the general looseness which is apparent to any one who takes the pains to observe the condition of things incident to the era of absentism at the capitol. If Auditor Ela is not wanted in the department he should have permission to protract his stay indefinitely. If he is, let him return at once. And so, too, of them all: from highest to lowest.

THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER.

The Government Orders the Distribution of the Appropriation.

Special Dispatch to The Constitution.

WASHINGTON, August 29.—By direction of the secretary of war the board of officers of the corps of engineers, to consist of Major Amos Stickney, Captain Alexander M. Miller and Captain William L. Marshall, will assemble at Memphis, Tenn., on Monday, September 4th, proximo, or as soon thereafter as practicable, for the transaction of certain business connected with the building and repair of the levees on the Mississippi river. On the completion of this duty the members of the board will return to their stations. Secretary Lincoln to-day approved the recommendations of the Mississippi river commission for the apportionment of the fund, appropriated by the last congress, for improving the navigation of the Mississippi river, and it is supposed that the work on the river will begin at once.

FARMERVILLE AFLAME.

A Louisiana Town Wiped out by a Conflagration—The Loss.

Special Dispatch to The Constitution.

NEW ORLEANS, August 29.—The Times-Democrat's Farmerville, La., special says: The greater part of the business portion of the town has been burned. The following are the principal sufferers: J. B. Maix, D. Moritz & Co., H. B. Brown, F. S. Clig, E. Kailsberg, Paul Otto, H. C. Glasson, the post-office, Castle hall, occupied by the Knights of Pythias and the Knights of Honor, who lost everything. The total loss is estimated at $80,000. Insurance $50,000, mostly in New Orleans companies. The fire originated in J. Maix's store and is believed to be incendiary.

MARRIAGE INSURANCE FRAUDS.

The Attorney General of Ohio Decides Against Their Doing Business.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, August 29.—The Marriage Fund Mutual Trust association of Cedar Rapids, Iowa, has made application to do business in this state, and, of course, was refused. The attorney-general some time ago, in an elaborate opinion on this question, directed the secretary of state not to accept the certificates of incorporation of the Union Marriage Endowment association of Bellefontaine, Ohio, the American Marriage Alliance, and the Greenville Matrimonial Advancement company. In that opinion he showed that there was no provision in the statutes for these associations.

THE SIX GIRL TRAMPS

[illegible]ding Their Walk of a Month Through the North Carolina Mountains.

MONROE, N. C., August 26.—To day the [illegible]ty of six girls who started about the 1st of [illegible] month to walk all over North Carolina [illegible]yed at Laurenburg, where their walk ends. [illegible]y are all well and in good spirits, though [illegible]h sunburnt, and are as comely a set of [illegible] pedestrians as ever undertook a long [illegible]p. They started in the neighborhood of [illegible]dersonville nearly a month ago. To the [illegible]estion that by going alone and with no [illegible]o protect them they would subject them[illegible]s to insult they replied that they were [illegible]g to make the attempt, and they averred [illegible] that from first to last they had never [illegible]ed one rude word or rough jest from [illegible]e.

[illegible]he first week of their trip they suffered [illegible]from exhaustion, and the youngest and [illegible] of their party, Miss Murdock, had to [illegible] rest, because of severely blistered [illegible] was feared that she would have to [illegible]n the trip, but she pushed on nobly, [illegible]fter the eighth day began to strengthen [illegible] now one of the healthiest of the fair [illegible]ps. Her weight when she started was [illegible]t 92 pounds and she turns the scales to-day at 103 pounds. All save two of the walkers fattened after the first week, while two who were inclined to obesity were pulled down twelve and eighteen pounds. Their records show that they made 420 miles. They started out with the expectation of making between five and six hundred miles. Each walker wore a pair of stout red leather walking shoes and wore short walking dresses, and carried strong staffs in her hands and a knapsack upon her shoulders, in which was packed a hammock and other necessary articles. They also wore very broad brimmed hats, which, however, do not seem to have protected their complexion, for they are all burned brown. Two of the party carried pistols as a protection from accidental incursions of wildcats and bears. Much of the time they slept in the open air in their hammocks, under canvas coverlets, which were used as a shield from heavy dews and rains. One night ten days ago, apprehending a severe storm, they camped in a graveyard and slept between the graves. Another night, in the mountains, they were thrown into consternation by the appearance of a bear, but the beast was as frightened as they were, and fled without offering to molest them. In the mountains they were in great terror of rattlesnakes, but did not encounter any of the reptiles.

Along their route they were treated kindly. Many of the hospitable farmers entertained them, but they shunned notoriety and avoided all the towns and villages, frequently going some distance out of their way rather than meet crowds. A novel feature of their undertaking was the keeping of what they called the log-book. In this the record of their impressions and adventures was kept, each taking her turn. The book contains twelve hundred and forty-six closely written pages. They end the trip now because three of their number will begin their schooldays early in September, but they assert their determination to walk over the unexplored portion of the state next summer.

A THOUSAND DOLLARS A MINUTE.

The Government's Receipts for the Month of August—One Enormous Income.

WASHINGTON, August 29.—The government receipts for the present month bids fair to be the heaviest for any August in the past fifteen years, and to strengthen the prediction that the year's surplus will be $200,000,000. Already this month the receipts are more than were those of the entire month of August last year. Up to the 25th instant they were in round numbers $37,000,000. At this rate the receipts for the month will be over $45,000,000, or an excess of a million and a half per day, including Sundays; or following it down further, $60,000 per hour, or $1,000 a minute, waking or sleeping. A very prominent congressman from Massachusetts said to your correspondent in speaking of the wonderful income of the government:

"No civilized country ever had such an experience. Think of it! Our money is actually coming in so fast, that it is becoming dangerous to us, and we are unable to stop its coming. Other countries are at a loss to know how to increase their income, we are troubled to know how to lessen ours."

The expenditures of the government this month has been unusually large because of the many calls under the appropriations of the late congress. They have been coming in at a rapid rate, and the officials in charge of the disbussement of money say that the number of vouchers and orders to be met this month is greater than in any preceding month, for many years at least. The "rush," however, will soon be over. Notwithstanding the fact, however, that the demands have been unusually heavy the receipts for the month will exceed the expenditures by about $15,000,000. The expenditures up to date have been $22,500,000, which is in excess of the expenses for the entire [illegible] August last year.

The surplus [illegible] cates that [illegible] least $15[illegible] however [illegible] Folge[illegible] he c[illegible]

PENNED-UP PENSACOLA.

GENERAL QUARANTINE AGAINST THE INFECTED GULF PORT.

The Disease Reported to Be Spreading Rapidly—New Orleans and Birmingham Join in the Quarantine—New Cases and Deaths in Matamoras and Brownsville.

WASHINGTON, August 29.—Captain Alfred Hopkins, commanding the navy yard at Pensacola, Fla., has informed the acting secretary of the navy that the yellow fever is spreading in Pensacola, and that precautions are necessary. Superintendent Harahan, of the Louisville and Nashville railroad at New Orleans, to-day received a communication from Dr. Joseph Jones, president of the board of health, saying: "You are hereby prohibited from bringing any cars, passengers, merchandise or baggage from Pensacola within the bounds of the state of Louisiana." Owing to the prevalence of yellow fever in Pensacola, the secretary of war has given orders for the transfer of troops at Fort Barancas, off Pensacola, to Mount Vernon barracks, near Mobile. The navy yard at Pensacola will be practically closed in a few days. Birmingham, Ala., has quarantined against Pensacola on account of the yellow fever, commencing to-morrow morning.

ORIGIN OF THE DISEASE IN PENSACOLA.

PENSACOLA, Fla., August 29.—The following bulletin was made to day at 11 o'clock by the board of health: Dr. Sargy reports a well marked case of yellow fever at his infirmary, the man being a sailor from the bark Penang, which arrived at Pensacola August 15. Dr. Fordham reports that Mrs. Cobb, residing at the corner of Lanagona and Saragossa streets, is sick with yellow fever. At one o'clock another case was reported by Dr. Fordham, five cases by Dr. Sargy, and one case by Dr. Herron, making nine cases in all, one of whom (Mrs. Cobb) has since died. There are several rumors current as to the origin and importation of the disease, some attributing it to the Spanish schooner Saletta, whose mate died in port here, and which cleared with two sick men on board. Others attribute it to the Italian bark Vincenzo Accurne, whose captain and mate died while the vessel was in this port, the captain's case being pronounced at the time as billious remittant fever. The case of the mate, whose death was subsequent to that of the captain, was pronounced by Dr. Renshaw as a well marked case of yellow fever. The disease, so far, is confined principally to unacclimated persons. The board of health is taking every precaution to prevent the spread of the disease by the liberal use of disinfectants, and by isolation, as far as possible. Considerable excitement prevails in the city over these reports, and citizens are leaving by every train. Many, however, are delayed from going on account of the quarantines that have been established against Pensacola by neighboring cities.

THE PESTILENCE IN NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS, August 29.—At the meeting of the Auxiliary Sanitary association a matter of business came up illustrative of the intelligence and zeal of that body in dealing with the question of public health. The French ship, Ile Martha, built of wood, 11 years old, after lying 47 days at Colon, where one of her crew died of congestion of the brain, set sail for New Orleans on June 4. The Ile Martha arrived at the Mississippi quarantine station, with a crew of 18 persons—17 whites and 1 negro—at 9 p.m., June 16, and left there at eight a.m., June, 18, arriving at the wharf at the head of Englhein street early on the morning of June 19. Her sole cargo consisted of 399 tons of old iron, which was not discharged. On June 20, 21 and 22, her ballast, which consisted of about 100 tons of porus dark stone, obtained presumably from the infected part of Colon, was discharged. This ballast was piled up on the levee at the head of Enghein street, and on or about July 16th, was bought by the city. From that date portions of the stone were used to repair the streets. By far the larger quantity, however, remained on the levee until August 16th and 17th, when the administrator of improvement had it removed and thrown into the Mississippi river. Precautionary disinfection of the ballast and that area of the levee whereon it had been deposited was carried on under the auspices of the sanitary association, and where portions of it was found on the streets the sanitary officers thoroughly applied disinfectants. The first case of yellow fever that appeared in New Orleans this season was reported June 22d, at the corner of Enghein street and the levee, less than 100 yards from the ballast pile, and two other cases of officially declared yellow fever subsequently appeared in the immediate vicinity.

BROWNSVILLE AND MATAMORAS.

BROWNSVILLE, August 29.—There were eighty-two new cases of yellow fever here yesterday and eight deaths, six of the victims being Mexicans, the remaining two, William M. Munston, from Mobile, and Rev. [illegible]r Vanderberg, father superior of the [illegible] of Jesus, of this city. Dr. Murray [illegible] are here doing excellent work. The [illegible] brought were much needed. There [illegible]n six deaths at Matamoras. But [illegible] reported. The weather is fine.

[illegible]y-two new cases yellow fever and [illegible]s of Mexicans have been reported [illegible]sville to-day. There are a few cases [illegible] the troops in Fort Brown, but they [illegible]g well. There are several cases at [illegible]bella. Two Tampico refugees died with fever 80 miles from here while [illegible] way to Corpus Christi. Seven deaths to-day in Matamoras and a few new [illegible]e reported. The weather is sultry

THE RAVAGES OF THE CHOLERA.

[illegible]D, August 29.—An official dispatch [illegible]nila, Phillipine islands, says that 300 [illegible] from cholera occurred there on Mon[illegible] A cable dispatch from Yokohama [illegible] here states that out of 775 cases of [illegible] within 20 days at Yokohama, 572 [illegible]oved fatal. At Tokio about 80 cases [illegible]eaths occur daily.

THE SIBERIAN PLAGUE.

[illegible]N, August 29.—A dispatch to the [illegible]elegraph from St. Petersburg says the [illegible] plague is appearing to an alarming [illegible]n the most widely separated quarters [illegible]pean Russia.

GOVERNED BY CLERKS.

[illegible]very One of the Leading Officials Absent from Washington.

[illegible]NGTON, August 29.—Absenteeism in [illegible]rnment exists to such an extent that [illegible]ness in nearly every instance is done [illegible] secretaries, acting superintendents, [illegible]mmissioners, acting auditors, acting [illegible] and so on to the last place where [illegible] of doing business are preserved. [illegible] the almost uniform amusements [illegible]inciples are away while substitutes [illegible] their places. The demands of the [illegible] meanwhile, are unabated. [illegible] extraordinary appropriations at [illegible] session of over forty million [illegible]rs would seem to contemplate extra [illegible] on the attention of officials. But [illegible] had not been gone a day when the [illegible] of officials, high and low, began; till, [illegible]g the war department, where Secretary [illegible] has stood to his post, not a department [illegible]nd hardly a bureau, now has its proper [illegible]ff. If this is just as well for the pub[illegible]ice, and no bad consequences are to be [illegible]d, then it demonstrates how unneces[illegible] these absent officials are to the proper [illegible]on of the government. This would be [illegible]; and it is equally absurd to suppose [illegible]e present state of absenteeism is not [illegible]o result in serious consequences.

ROBBERY AND MURDER.

A Stockman's Remains—Train Robbery in Ohio—A Fearful Family Tragedy.

CHICAGO, August 29.—A special from Albuquerque, New Mexico, says: "A freight train ran over the body of a man this morning near Alamillo, Valencia county. The body was so close when discovered that it was impossible to stop the train in time. Trainmen at once went back and found the body badly mangled, but perfectly cold. It proves to be that of Felipe Chavas, a wealthy and influential stockman of Valencia county. He was known to have had a large amount of money on his person, and it is supposed that he was murdered and robbed and that his dead body was placed on the track. There is no clue to the murderers." A dispatch from Taylorsville, this state, says Miss Emma Bond, the victim of the recent outrage in a school house by tramps, is sinking rapidly, and there is no hope of her recovery.

TOLEDO, O., August 29.—Excursions were run yesterday to Grand Rapids, thirty miles from here, on the narrow gauge road. On return trip in the evening, five or six desperadoes, with drawn revolvers, captured the train and committed a daring robbery and outrage. One of the citizens lost $75, and one was thrown from the platform. The conductor was used up while trying to arrest one of the roughs. All escaped except Lary King, a notorious character, whom the police secured when the train reached the city.

CHICAGO, August 29.—A Bloomington, Ill., special says that Prof. R. B. Welch, formerly principal of Pontiac school, writes from Topeka that his life is in danger from the liquor men there because, as assistant state attorney, he has been prosecuting violators of the state law. They have, within a day or two, cut his buggy to pieces, disfigured his horse and threatened his life. He had to call a meeting of citizens to prevent being mobbed.

GREEN BAY, Wis., August 29.—Jacob Diestode, in a quarrel with his wife last night, shot her dead with a shot gun and ran away. About 5 o'clock this morning he returned, placing the muzzle of the gun below his chin and discharged it, terribly mangling the lower part of his face, shattering his lower jaw to splinters. He is now in jail and will propably live. Liquor was the cause.

THE HAND OF GOD.

A Woman, in the Act of Perjury, Struck Dumb, and Afterward Dies.

NASHVILLE, August 29.—A Memphis special to the American reports a strange story, which comes from the eastern portion of Shelby county, of a woman being struck dumb while giving false testimony. The facts as related are as follows: On last Friday a colored man named James Price was on trial before 'Squire Allen, a justice of the peace, who has an office on the Macon road, between Germantown and Bartlett, Tennessee. Price had been beating a number of women in the neighborhood, and Isabella Jackson, a colored woman, was placed on the witness stand to tell what she knew of the matter. She began her evidence, but was soon after asked by the judge: "Do you not know you are lying?" She answered, "Yes, sir." These were the last words Isabella Jackson ever spoke. She had appeared quite independent, and to some extent impudent when first put upon the stand. After her last remark a number of questions were asked, but the woman made no reply. Believing her to be shamming the Judge ordered Constable W. H. Allen to escort the witness from the court room, but when ordered to follow that officer she did not move. Two men of her own color were then told to carry her out of the room. While in the act of carrying out the woman it was observed that she was in a helpless condition. She had been paralyzed in every part. Her limbs were motionless, her tongue had no power and it soon became apparent to all present that the hand of the Almighty had been laid heavily upon her. For two hours or thereabouts the woman remained in this passive state, after which she was placed in a wagon and conveyed to her home. She never moved or spoke after, but on Saturday evening she expired, no antidote applied during the interval having availed in affording the slightest relief. The incident is verified by Squire Allen, before the woman appeared, and also by a number of persons present at the time of its occurrence.

SPRAGUE'S RESISTANCE.

The Ex-Governor Prepared to Make a Desperate Resistance.

NARRAGANSETT PIER, August 29.—Sprague Pasha still holds El-Canonchet. Trustee Chaffee has withdrawn forces, and is endeavoring to have the supreme court interfere and compel the garrison to evacuate. Willie Bey supports his father gallantly, and keeps the forces busy intrenching. It is expected that the supreme court will order a geneaal advance on the work during next week. A portion of Sprague's troops have been honorably discharged and paid off. Private John Tenant, a comical old man, while returning home today, said that the house was prepared for a long siege. "There are enough men left to guard the fort," he said, "and they'll make a desperate fight. Old man Sprague is determined no one shall enter. He is a regular devil. Willie ain't far behind the old man, either." Four men were with Tenant. They are brawny fellows, who would be dangerous opponents in a fight.

MISS FANNY'S TASTE.

A Boarding School Miss's Infatuation for a Full Blooded Negro.

PORT JEFFERSON, L. I., August 29.—Miss Fanny Reeves, a white girl, about twenty years old, the daughter of Alexander Reeves, a well-to-do farmer living near Comac, eloped on Thursday night with Charles Jackson, twenty-eight years old and a full-blooded negro. He had been in Mr. Reeve's employ nearly ten years. Miss Reeves had been away to boarding school; having returned home a month ago on her vacation. The parents of the runaway girl had noticed of late that an attachment existed between their daughter and Jackson. A note was found in Miss Reeves' room stating that she had gone away with Jackson. It is thought the couple started for New York. A ladder was found under Miss Reeves' bedroom window.

TEXAN PROGRESS.

Fort Worth Establishes Six Schools With Ten Months' Tuition.

Special Dispatch to The Constitution.

FORT WORTH, August 29.—The tax payers of this city to-day voted a levy sufficient to maintain six free schools for ten months in the year. Our population is twelve thousand, and only eighteen voted against the tax. This is the largest majority ever given a Texas town for free schools.

A Call for Bonds.

WASHINGTON, August 29.—Secretary Folger has issued a call to-day for all the remaining registered bonds of the act of March 3, 1863, now known as continued sixes, which have not been offering for exchange into three per cent. The amount outstanding is estimated at three and a half millions.

A Chance for the Hillsdales.

LONDON, August 29.—A match was made last night between the Hillsdale crew and the Thames rowing club for a race on the 14th or the 15th of September over the course from Putney to Montlake.

Call for Bonds.

WASHINGTON, August 28.—Secretary Folger will probably call in to-morrow all the continued sixes remaining uncalled which have not been surrendered in exchange for the new threes.

STATE SPECIALS.

NEWS FROM ALL PARTS OF THE STATE.

A Well-Known Marietta Citizen Robbed While Asleep—An Improvement in Lawrenceville's Business and Industry—A Dahlenega Excitement—An Elberton Burglar.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

MARIETTA, August 29.—Last Sunday night the residence of Mr. W. G. Huggard was burglarized, the thief obtaining entrance through an unfastened kitchen window. From off a chair near where Mr. H. was sleeping was taken a suit of clothes, a pair of shoes and a watch valued at $90. His pocketbook was rifled also, but it contained nothing but two receipts of no value. The thief also took a double-barreled breech loading shot gun, valued at $100. Mr. Huggard has every reason to suspect one John Thomas, a negro man, as being the thief. Last Tuesday Thomas came to Mr. Huggard seeking employment as a farm hand and was immediately hired, Mr. H. being in need of help on his farm. He worked faithfully until Saturday night. Monday morning he was nowhere to be found, nor has he been seen since. He did not ask for any money Saturday night, the only pay he had received for his services being two plugs chewing tobacco. It is said that Thomas is an ex-convict and a notorious bad character. Mr. Huggard has offered a reward of $20 for his apprehension, as every circumstance tends to point to him as the culprit.

It would doubtless be a treat for Oscar Wilde to visit Mr. W. A. Couper's sunflower garden. He presented your correspondent with one that measured fifty-two inches in circumference, and stated that he had a number growing as large if not larger.

GARTRELL IN FORSYTH.

He Speaks to a Limited Audience and Refuses to Discuss with General Anderson.

Special Dispatch to The Constitution.

MACON, August 29.—To-day General Gartrell had an appointment to speak in Forsyth, and at noon, after the adjournment of the superior court, he was escorted to a platform in the court yard, and was introduced by Mr. Thomas Fletcher to an audience of about three hundred. Colonel Clifford Anderson, of Macon, and Solicitor-General Womack were on hand to reply to him, but he claimed that it was his appointment. As he occupied the recess of the court the time was not sufficient for the opposition to reply. He failed to create any enthusiasm. After the speaking a number of the most prominent men of Monroe county who were heretofore known as Gartrell men, pronounced themselves strongly in favor of Mr. Stephens. It is the opinion of a great many that Gartrell hurt himself today, and that old Monroe will give an overwhelming majority for Mr. Stephens. It was announced that Colonel Clifford Anderson would reply to-morrow.

JEFFERSON COUNTY.

About a Historic Camp Meeting Ground—Corn, Cotton and Politics.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

BARTOW P. O., August 28.—Mount Moriah camp meeting was established during the summer of 1834, and except two years of the war have had annual meetings. It has been noted for fine preaching and good meetings. Here the Pierces, Lewis, Renneau, Means, Glen, Pain and others have been very successful in their pulpit efforts. The meeting this year was well attended and considered excellent; all, saint and sinner, felt that it was good to be there, religiously and socially considered. Aside from the religious benefits derived, there is no place like camp meeting for social enjoyment. It is the place for the meeting of old friends annually, who otherwise would not meet and take each other by the hand this side of the spirit world. In traveling a distance of over thirty miles your correspondent saw no cotton field except one, which was fresh land, that was not ruined with rust, and epecially was impressed with the small amount of fruit on the almost dead stalks. A number of planters from Jefferson and adjoining counties and all report same in their counties. Oat and corn crops better than ever before. Peas, potatoes and cane are doing well. This county is a unite for Mr. Stephens.

ANOTHER SUICIDE IN ACWORTH

A Man Kills Himself Without Apparent Cause—A Protracted Baptist Meeting.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

ACWORTH, August 28.—On Sunday about 12 o'clock one Mr. Colbert, living on the premises of Mr. A. Willis, about two miles from this place, shot and killed himself instantly. No prompting cause known for suicide, except impaired health. A chronic ailment had fastened on him until he expressed himself to his wife, just after they had eaten their dinner, "I had rather be dead than to be in my condition." His wife went to the spring to get a bucket of water, and while at the spring she heard the report of the pistol that ushered her husband's soul into eternity. When the wife reached the house, she found her husband dead on the floor; the ball having penetrated the forehead produced instant death. Dr. J. G. Ryals has been carrying on a protracted meeting at the Baptist church in this place for two weeks. The meeting is one of great interest. Twelve additions to the church up to date, and the interest manifested warrants a continuation of the meeting. God is wonderfully blessing our community.

DECATUR.

A Rainbow Visible After Dark at Eight O'Clock—A Recent Marriage.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

DECATUR, August 29—A rumor has been in circulation several days that a union between Decatur and Marietta would be made in a few days by the marriage of two well known young men of our town to two of Marietta's loveliest young ladies, but as yet the rumor has not been confirmed. To the astonishment of every one in our town except a very few intimate friends, a union was made to-day between the two towns by the marriage of Mr. Wyley J. McClutchey, of Marietta, to Miss Annette H. Patton, of this place. The ceremony was performed at the residence of Dr. R. C. Word, brother-in-law of the bride, at three o'clock by Rev. W. F. Glenn, of Marietta. The groom is certainly to be congratulated upon his happy selection. A rainbow was visible for a few minutes last Sunday night about eight o'clock, which is said to be a phenomenon seldom witnessed. It appeared to be immediately over Atlanta. Out of a number of old men questioned only one ever saw a rainbow after dark.

LAWRENCEVILLE.

An Improvement in Business and Industry—Political Agitation—Crops and Courts.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

LAWRENCEVILLE, August 28.—Our village is rapidly improving and every branch of industry looks with confidence to the future for success. Several commodious business houses are being constructed and our merchants are confident of a considerable increase of trade this fall. Political questions are beginning to agitate the public mind and provoke discussion. At present we have no candidates in the field for the legislature, but hope soon to see some gentleman offer "at the urgent solicitation of many friends."

Farmers report the finest crops raised in this section in twenty years. Gwinnett superior court convenes next Monday. There is a considerable amount of criminal business to be disposed of—ten persons in jail, two of whom await trial for murder.

Mrs. Williams and Miss Katie Strickland, of Rome, Ga., and Colonel Kelly and family of Mobile, Ala., are visiting friends and relatives here.

DAHLONEGA.

Excitement Over a Pet Deer—Heavy and Destructive Rains—Bible Society Meeting.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

DAHLONEGA, August 28.—Quite a little stir was excited in town on Thusday last over a pet deer brought here from Union county by Mr. Sam Tow. The deer was a year old buck, and was purchased by Sheriff Saterfield for five dollars. A very heavy rain storm prevailed here for forty-eight hours, beginning Friday evening last. Cain creek and some other streams were higher than known for years. Much fencing, corn, melons and the like have been destroyed in the bottom lands. The anniversary meeting of the American Bible society of this place was held last night at the Methodist church. After suitable addresses were made on the Bible cause the following officers were elected: A. G. Wimpy, president; B. P. Gaillard, secretary; B. F. Litton, treasurer.

EUFAULA.

Cotton Coming in Rapidly—The Cotton Seed Oil Mill to Open.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

EUFAULA, August 28.—New cotton is now coming into this market at the rate of ten or fifteen bales a day with a rapid increase daily in early prospect. The long continued rains have produced rust in cotton very generally and rust in cotton will make it open early. Captain John G. Smith, formerly a resident of this place and now living in Atlanta, will return here September 1, to open a large wholesale and retail grocery house. The receipts of fall stock of goods is very large and a fine trade is expected. The cotton seed oil mill will open up in a few days. This enterprise is said to have paid very large dividends last season. A fertilizer manufacturing company is the next new enterprise looked for in our town; it is said to be in contemplation by the oil company.

GAINESVILLE GOSSIP.

Preparing a New Directory—A Solicitor General Robbed of His Trousers.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

GAINESVILLE, August 29.—Mr. C. M. Gardiner is preparing a directory for our city, which will be finished soon. Mr. G., has had considerable experience in the directory business and no doubt will get us up a nice one. Some light-fingered scoundred stole $221 from Solicitor-General W. I. Erwin here last Saturday night. When Mr. Erwin retired, he laid his pants, containing his money, on a table, and during the night the thief reached in at a window, got hold of the pants and got hold of the sum above named.

ELBERTON.

An Elberton Man in the Coast Survey—A Burglar Captured—The Convention.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

ELBERTON, August 28.—Mr. Willian C. Jones, of this place, has left for Washington city to accept a position tendered him on the United States coast survey. Colonel P. W. Alexander, of Marietta, is visiting relatives in this county. A burglar entered the dwelling house of Mr. J. O. Sanders, in this place, last Saturday night. He was captured Sunday and is now in jail. A very large delegation from here will attend the convention at Washington on the 31st of this month.

A CLERGYMAN DEAD.

The Rev. Kenneth H. McLain, of Dawson, Dies, and is Buried With Masonic Honors.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

DAWSON, August 28.—Rev. Kenneth H. McLain died last Saturday at his father's home in this county, and his remains were interred in our city cemetery on yesterday afternoon. The funeral services were conducted at the Methodist church here by the pastor, Rev. P. S. Twitty, of Cuthbert, after which the Masonic fraternity took charge of the remains, and they were buried with Masonic honors.

Tanner Outdone.

From the Marietta, Ga., Journal.

There is a negro in jail at Forsyth who has outdone Tanner in his abstinence for food. He has eaten nothing for more than two months. Sheriff King called Dr. L. B. Alexander in to see the prisoner to ascertain his condition. He was found considerably reduced, but free from all symptoms of insanity, being, in fact, quite rational and intelligent. He reads and writes well, and is much above the average of his race. Mr. King and Dr. Alexander finally prevailed on him to sip a milk punch, which he then did under compulsion. But he has continued to resolutely refuse all food, and can be induced to taste only milk punch or wine occasionally. Like Dr. Tanner, he drinks water freely, but outside of that he hasn't taken enough nourishment in over two months to keep an ordinary man alive three days. He has lost about sixty pounds of flesh and is merely a skeleton. He cannot walk a step, and can only get up with assistance. When lying quiet he has the appearance of a dead man. His temperature and pulse are far below normal, and his respiration yesterday was only eight per minute. The blood has settled about in spots under the epidermis, and he looks somewhat like a calico circus horse in a trance.

Major Wilkins's Clerks.

From the Waynesboro, Ga., Herald.

The grocery clerks at Major Wilkins's have recently inaugurated a style of dress that i[illegible] to ordinary vision, cute and curious, [illegible] remarkably attractive. The hats worn [illegible] uniform in size, though of a variety of [illegible] The most striking colors we have not [illegible] —a—well, an "Irishman's red," that [illegible] "about as red as a yellow dog"—the [illegible] glaring "greasy" green. The garmen[illegible] about the shoulders (sorry we do n[illegible] the name, but to the uncultivate[illegible] seems to be nothing less than "flannel [illegible] wear"), lends a rounded grace and sy[illegible] to their well shaped limbs, and g[illegible] wearer an air of "go-aheadedness" an[illegible] utive carriage becoming in the extren[illegible] are not surprised that the ladies shoul[illegible] their glances toward the grocery depa[illegible] while passing. Oh, that "stained-glas[illegible] tume!"

"Where is Dat Hominy?"

From the Griffin, Ga., Sun.

A prominent and influential colore[illegible] 'men at the anti-prohibition meeti[illegible] Thursday night jumped up and in a su[illegible] voice, said: "Dey told me when dey [illegible] me down heah dat we was gwine to ha[illegible] iny. Where is dat hominy? Not a d[illegible] ob homidy hab I seen since I've been [illegible] At this juncture George Andrews, of [illegible] district, is supposed to have whispered [illegible] ear, when they immediately procee[illegible] partake of the "hominy" that had [illegible] brought in a three gallon demijohn fo[illegible] occasion.

"WHEN 'POSSUM STALKS ABRO[illegible]

From the Washington, Ga., Gazette.
The sorghum crop is fine and is being ha[illegible]

From the Greensboro, Ga., Herald.
The farmers in this neighborhood are [illegible] through pulling fodder.

From the Oglethorpe, Ga., Echo.
Nights cool. Leaves are beginning to[illegible] Game promises to be plentiful this fall.

From the McDuffie, Ga., Journal.
Possums are getting ripe and Judge Wo[illegible] preparing for the campaign. Jim Boatwrig[illegible] sold his shawl and retired from the business.

From the Carroll County, Ga., Times.
Now is a good time for farmers to get thei[illegible] around home and feed them on green corn, [illegible] and all. Hogs fed this way will fatten rapidl[illegible] get a good start before the cool weather sets in.

From the Sandersville, Ga., Herald.
The moaning winds and cool atmospher[illegible] Monday last reminded us that the autumnal s[illegible] was near at hand. The watermelon crop is v[illegible] ening. Hogs that are designed for the slau[illegible] pen this winter should now be fed highly.

From the Perry, Ga., Home Journal.
We are calmly waiting for the fleecy cotton [illegible] gathered, and the time when Molly cotton-tail [illegible] sport through the frosted grass, when the per[illegible] mon ripens and the 'possum stalks abroad at n[illegible] and when the brown nuts fall from the boug[illegible] the trees. Byron will be happy then.

HAWKINSVILLE'S BOOM[illegible]

THE LIVELY TOWN AT THE OCMULGEE'S HEAD.

The Local Organ's Enthusiastic Praise of the Objective Points of Several Prospective Railroads—Not a Drunkard in the Town—Other Desirable Fertures.

From the Hawkinsville, Ga., News.

Our town is, by its natural location, fit[illegible] to be a commercial centre. It is the head[illegible] navigation on the Ocmulgee, is the termi[illegible] of a railroad and telegraphic line and is [illegible] objective point of several prospective [illegible] roads. When strangers first visit us [illegible] wonder and admiration find vent in suc[illegible] clamations as, "I am astonished at the s[illegible] your town, the extent and variety of its [illegible] ness enterprises and the push and goah[illegible] tiveness of its citizens." The more one [illegible] of it the more highly is be impressed wi[illegible] thrift. its inducements as a business c[illegible] the pluck, enterprise, sociability and [illegible] tality of its citizens. While other tow[illegible] being depleted by removals Hawki[illegible] is steadily increasing. The [illegible] business men of other town[illegible] coming here to build up a business n[illegible] able elsewhere. Those who desire [illegible] homes can nowhere find a point wit[illegible] solid attractions. The health is goo[illegible] business men substantial, our matrons[illegible] and exemplary, our young men sober [illegible] promising, our maidens lovely and acco[illegible] plished. In religious matters all can be suited. The Baptists, Methodists and Episcopalians each have good houses for worship, with resident pastors of great zeal and efficiency, and much beloved. The Presbyterians and Catholics have occasional services, while the Hebrew faith is represented by some of our best citizens. The colored Methodists and Baptists have excellent churches and faithful ministers. The educational advantages are of the highest order. The Hawkinsville academy and the Hawkinsville institute are each under a full corps of well-trained instructors in all the departments—literary, painting, music, etc., and command a patronage of two hundred pupils. There are are several private schools under teachers of experience and ability. There are two large colored schools under competent instructors. Here board is cheap, and no necessity exists for sending children to distant and expensive places, when better inducement on better terms are offered nearer home. There is not a drunkard in the town, and a high code of morals is taught by precept and example. Our eleemosynary institutions—the Odd Fellows, Masons, Americans, Legion of Honor, Knights of Pythias, Royal Arcanum, etc., are all in a good, healthy and flourishing condition. Those who like to indulge in the terpsichorean art or enjoy dramatic entertainment here will find an inviting field, for no better dramatic entertainments have been presented or more enjoyable social dancing participated in than those which have been had in Jelks's, Lewis's and Minor's halls. Among the attractions of Hawkinsville conspicuously stands the Library association. This institusion is composed of the best material in our town, is efficiently officered, and has done more to build up and foster literary taste and culture than any one enterprise ever inaugurated. The membership is over one hundred, and the library is well filled with the choicest works of every description. The hall is well furnished and the association meets on the first and third Monday nights of each month, and the meetings are highly enjoyed, as the entertainments are spiced with readings, essays, spelling bees, vocal and instrumental music; in fact everything is offered to cultivate the mind and afford pleasure. There is a most excellent brass band and another one of the younger boys being formed. The numerous fine musicians and string bands which are wont to regale our town with sweetest music have put it in the front rank as a musical center. Those who desire to engage in athletic sports can, to their heart's content, be accommodated in the splendid clubs of base-ball or in our pet organization, Pulaski fire company No. 1. The principal attraction of Hawkinsville is the business advantages presented. No market in the state can excel us, whether you wish to buy or to sell. Farm products of all kinds find a ready sale at the top of the market, and you can buy goods cheaper than you can in Macon or the other large cities where a profit must be made to meet the higher taxes, for our merchants can buy as cheaply and are at less expense, and therefore can and do sell cheaper. During the past cotton and wool seasons about twenty thousand bales of cotton and one hundred and thirty-six bales or eighty-nine thousand two hunded and seventy eight pounds of wool were received in this market, which brought for distribution among the people of this section at least a million and a half dollars for the past year's product of cotton and wool. In addition to the cotton and wool products Hawkinsville enjoys a large trade from the sales of timber and turpentine. For the past ten years Hawkinsville has been on an upward boom that gains in volume year after year. Ten years ago where now stand magnificent brick blocks was but an empty space, or stood old rickety rookeries of wo[illegible]erally hundreds of dwellings [illegible] time, and he [illegible] ow fail to [illegible] business [illegible] ye pre- [illegible] invite [illegible] ion

[illegible] labo[illegible] [illegible]t is a grand season for sel[illegible] [illegible]orgia, and the "tourists" have [illegible] most of it. A large number of Vi[illegible] boys are here, representing Baltimore. The crops of this year here are grand. They are all made and saved except the cotton, which is in very promising condition. The oat crop was the largest ever produced in this state. I have learned of a number of parties who realized over a hundred bushels to the acre; and I know of two farmers near Milledgeville who realized respectively one hundred and eight and one hundred and eight and three-eighth bushels. The wheat crop was also very fine, and commanded very fine prices in the Baltimore and other markets. But the crowning glory of this season's crops in Georgia is its corn; the crop is immense. I can give you a better idea of it by stating what several farmers are saying and doing about it. One man in Walton county said that he could not see to walk through his corn field at midday without a torchlight. Another in the same county proposes to build a shed over his entire field, instead of attempting to remove it. A farmer in southwest Georgia says he heard his dogs barking down in the corn field, and going to the spot was disgusted to find them barking up a corn stalk. He was about to give them a beating when he concluded to cut the stalk down first and see what they were so excited about—when, lo! he found a coon and five young ones comfortably ensconced inside an ear of corn where the pith had come out. Georgians must be held responsible for all these wonderful stories about their corn; but I can vouch for the truth of the oat statements. One gentleman, a friend of mine, has realized about $3,000 for his watermelon crop this season.

The cotton plant is a wonderful one. It not only furnishes the world with cotton for the myriad of uses to which it is appropriated, but the plant and seed contain most useful materials.

Fifty years ago most of the planters of the south hauled their cotton seed to the rivers and dumped them in; now they are recognized as the best known fertilizer for all crops. They also yield an oil which is superior to lard for cooking purposes, and only about half as expensive. This oil is so similar to the fine olive oils of the Mediterranean, both in color and taste, that an immense business has been done of late years in exporting cotton seed from this country, and returning it in olive oil shape—bottled and branded and sold at very high prices for salad oil. The refuse, or bran, from the cotton seed, after the oil is expressed, makes a cow food equal to our best, enriching and increasing the milk and making the coat of the animal glossy. Very truly,

W. E. FRANKLAND.

The Charm of the Snake.

From the Americus, Ga., Republican.

Magnolia Dell is quite a resort for the young ladies and gentlemen of this place, who leave the noise of the city at the afternoon's hour, and spend the time of sunset in tete a tetes that don't always speak of the tender passion, but of subjects that elevate the mind and bring the heart nearer to nature's laws. Mr. —— and Miss —— were seated at the foot of a century oak, together reading Longfellow—his "Golden Legend" was the subject, when their attention was called to the strange actions of a bird that was flying in circles, lessening each circle as it approached the ground. An investigation showed a snake coiled within a clump of bushes—a rattle snake six feet long, with its fascinating gaze charming the bird to its deadly fangs—nearer, nearer the bird approached the serpent, when with a spring it caught the bird in its fangs. This instance proved the power of the snake to charm, and led to a conversation in regard to that instance in which Simms in his book, "The Yemassee," spoke of the maiden who, almost fatally charmed by a rattle snake, was saved by the opportune arrival of her lover, who broke the fascinating charm by a well directed shot from his weapon. The power of a snake to charm has more truth than poetry in it.

An Infernal Toot.

[illegible]om the Americus, Ga, Recorder.

[illegible]riday night, about 11 o'clock, the steam [illegible]stle on Baldwin's mill broke loose, and for [illegible] an hour there was a prolonged and un[illegible]hly toot that woke up the town, scared the [illegible]kies and dogs, and made night hideous. [illegible]e thought Gabriel had come to town with [illegible]rumpet, to raise the dead and summons the [illegible]g to kingdom come, while others imagined [illegible] a cyclone had broke loose and they pro[illegible]ed to inhabit the cellar. At the back [illegible]s of the houses could be seen white-robed [illegible]es cautiously peeping out, until it looked [illegible] resurrection day had really come. Here[illegible], we would suggest, that whistle should [illegible]cked up for the night, put in its little [illegible] so to speak, and not be allowed to get on [illegible]ight sprees.

SOUTHERN NOTES.

[illegible]ston, Texas, claims a population of 30,000.

[illegible]neteen pound baby has been born in Nash[illegible]

[illegible]ma coal is superseding all other kinds in [illegible]leans.

[illegible]ur springs have been discovered near Lake [illegible]orida.

[illegible]d deal of money is being put into the zinc [illegible]f Tennessee.

[illegible]nore is to indulge in a second carnival this [illegible] the 12th of September.

[illegible]irginia and Tennessee border fair will com[illegible] at Bristol September 19th.

[illegible] are less than 50,000 people in Alabama who [illegible]ged in protecting industries.

[illegible]uable silver mine has been discovered near [illegible]lle, Blount county, Tennessee.

[illegible]te and public schools in North Carolina have [illegible]een so prosperous as at present.

[illegible]ville, Miss., pays $15,000 into the state treas[illegible] the privilege of selling liquors.

[illegible]ndleton county, Ky., lady sells $8 worth of [illegible]and milk from two cows every week.

[illegible]t $2,000,000 are now invested in Tennessee in [illegible] factories, and they are in a prosperous cou[illegible]

[illegible]tle blocks of dogwood are manufactured at [illegible]gton, N. C., for shipment north and to [illegible]

[illegible] North Carolina state fair will hold its annual [illegible]g in October, 9th to 14th inclusive, at the city [illegible]eigh.

[illegible] Tallahassee Floridian estimates that $500 an [illegible]n be readily made from orchards of the Le [illegible]bears.

[illegible]ifth of the area formerly devoted to tobacco [illegible]klenburg county, Virginia, is now given to [illegible] and the cultivation of the latter staple has [illegible]uite a success.

[illegible]ROWN'S IRON BITTERS.

[illegible] New Life

[illegible]s given by using BROWN'S [illegible]RON BITTERS. In the [illegible]Winter it strengthens and [illegible]warms the system; in the [illegible]pring it enriches the blood [illegible]nd conquers disease; in the [illegible]ummer it gives tone to the [illegible]erves and digestive organs; [illegible] the Fall it enables the [illegible]ystem to stand the shock [illegible] sudden changes.

In no way can disease be [illegible] surely prevented as by [illegible]ping the system in per[illegible] condition. BROWN'S [illegible] BITTERS ensures per[illegible] health through the [illegible]anging seasons, it disarms the danger from impure water and miasmatic air, and it prevents Consumption, Kidney and Liver Disease, &c.

H. S. Berlin, Esq., of the well-known firm of H. S. Berlin & Co., Attorneys, Le Droit Building, Washington, D. C., writes, Dec. 5th, 1881:

Gentlemen: I take pleasure in stating that I have used Brown's Iron Bitters for malaria and nervous troubles, caused by overwork, with excellent results.

Beware of imitations. Ask for BROWN'S IRON BITTERS, and *insist* on having it. Don't be imposed on with something recommended as "*just as good.*" The genuine is made only by the Brown Chemical Co. Baltimore, Md.

CONQUEROR
OF ALL KIDNEY DISEASES

THE BEST
KIDNEY AND LIVER MEDICINE.
NEVER KNOWN TO FAIL.

CURES WHEN ALL OTHER MEDICINES FAIL, as it acts DIRECTLY on the KIDNEYS, LIVER and BOWELS, restoring them AT ONCE to healthy action. HUNT'S REMEDY is a safe, sure and speedy cure, and hundreds have testified to having been cured by it, when physicians and friends had given them up to die. Do not delay, but try at once HUNT'S REMEDY.

HUNT'S REMEDY CURES ALL DISEASES OF THE KIDNEYS, BLADDER, URINARY ORGANS, DROPSY, GRAVEL, DIABETES and INCONTINENCE and RETENTION OF URINE.

HUNT'S REMEDY CURES PAIN IN THE SIDE, BACK OR LOINS, GENERAL DEBILITY, FEMALE DISEASES, DISTURBED SLEEP, LOSS OF APPETITE, BRIGHT'S DISEASE and ALL COMPLAINTS OF THE URINO-GENITAL ORGANS.

HUNT'S REMEDY quickly induces the LIVER to healthy action, removing the causes that produce BILIOUS HEADACHE, DYSPEPSIA, SOUR STOMACH, COSTIVENESS, PILES, ETC.

By the use of HUNT'S REMEDY, the stomach and bowels will speedily regain their strength, and the Blood will be perfectly purified.

HUNT'S REMEDY is pronounced by the best doctors to be the ONLY CURE for all kinds of kidney diseases.

HUNT'S REMEDY is purely vegetable, and is a sure cure for Heart Disease and Rheumatism when all other medicine fails.

HUNT'S REMEDY IS PREPARED EXPRESSLY FOR THE ABOVE DISEASES, AND HAS NEVER BEEN KNOWN TO FAIL.

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WHEAT & HODGE, OFFICE AND FACTORY 531 and 533 Marietta street, Atlanta. Manufacturers and proprietors of the Wheat patent

Self-Feeding, Rip and Re-Saw Machine.

This excellent SAW defies competition in the Wonderful Accuracy, as well as SPEED and VARIETY of its work. It runs light and noiseless; frame is heavy and well braced; mandrel and shafts large boxes all heavy, connected and well babbitted; friction feed gear, is stopped, slowed or speeded independent of saw, and saw is speeded or slowed as desired. Georgia pine, white pine, oak or hickory (green or dry) are all cut alike; and for bevel siding and re sawing lumber of any width or thickness to the finest light work, this is the only complete saw made. One boy can adjust and run it and do better and double the work of two men with any other machine. Price $125 to $175, owing to size and number of saws. Also other machines for special work made to order, and

Cordesman & Eagan's Machinery

supplied on liberal terms at factory prices and low freight guaranteed. All machines tested before leaving factory and all warranted. Engines and boilers also for sale. Information cheerfully given, and we beg to be given an opportunity before orders are sent north for machinery.

aug16—dly WHEAT & HODGE, Atlanta, Ga

LOTTERIES.

The Public is requested carefully to notice the new and enlarged Scheme to be drawn Monthly.

CAPITAL PRIZE $75,000.

Tickets only $5. Shares in proportion.

L. S. L.

Louisiana State Lottery Co.

Incorporated in 1868, for 25 years by the Legislature for Educational and Charitable purposes—with a capital of $1,000,000—to which a reserve fund of over $550,000 has since been added.

By an overwhelming popular vote its franchise was made a part of the present State Constitution adopted December 2d, A. D., 1879.

The only Lottery ever voted on and endorsed by the people of any State.

It never scales or postpones.

ITS GRAND SINGLE NUMBER DRAWINGS WILL take place monthly.

A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY TO WIN A FORTUNE. NINTH GRAND DRAWING, CLASS I, AT NEW ORLEANS, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1882—148th Monthly Drawing.

LOOK AT THE FOLLOWING SCHEME, under the exclusive supervision and management of GEN. G. T. BEAUREGARD, of Louisiana, and GEN. JUBAL A. EARLY, of Virginia, who manage all the drawings of this Company both ORDINARY and SEMI-ANNUAL, and attest the correctness of the published Official Lists.

CAPITAL PRIZE, $75,000.

100,000 Tickets at Five Dollars Each. Fractions, in Fifths in proportion.

LIST OF PRIZES.

1	CAPITAL PRIZE		$75,000
1	do	do	25,000
1	do	do	10,000
2	PRIZES OF	$6000	12,000
5	do	2000	10,000
10	do	1000	10,000
20	do	500	10,000
100	do	200	20,000
300	do	100	30,000
500	do	50	25,000
1,000	do	25	25,000
	APPROXIMATION PRIZES		
9	Approximation Prizes of	$750	6,750
9	do do	500	4,500
9	do do	250	2,250
1,967	Prizes, amounting to		$265,500

Application for rates to clubs should be made only to the office of the Company in New Orleans.

For further information, write clearly, giving full address. Send orders by Express, Registered Letter or Money Order, addressed only to

M. A. DAUPHIN, New Orleans, La.

or M. A. DAUPHIN, 607 Seventh St., Washington, D. C.

N. B.—Orders addressed to New Orleans will receive prompt attention.

aug8—d&w5w top col

PAUL HITZ,
FRESCO ARTIST.

Public Buildings and Residences Decorated in the Latest Style of the Art.

Office: 8½ Marietta street,

Over Phillips and Crew's Book Store,

ATLANTA, : : : GEORGIA.

Southern Sanitarium.

THIS MEDICAL INSTITUTION, FORMERLY known as the Atlanta Health Institute or "Water Cure," is now complete and in daily operation, and is more than ever considered a

A Model Home for Invalid Ladies and Gentlemen.

The luxurious and costly appointments, medical apparatuses and appliances introduced since the purchase of our present location and the erection of our new Medical Department, have justly earned for this Sanitarium the name of being one of the foremost and most elegantly fitted up institutions of its kind in the United States.

OVER TWO THOUSAND PERSONS have by our methods of treatment under our personal guidance been entirely restored to health without administering a single dose of either Mineral, Vegetable or Animal drug nostrums of any kind whatsoever; and in the future, as in the past, none but Normal and Physiological agents and means will ever be employed at this Sanitarium as aids in restoring the sick to health. Chronic Diseases a Specialty.

For particulars and references address

U. O. ROBERTSON, M. D., Atlanta, Ga.

mar 14—1y 2d ponly

Petition for Charter.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—TO THE SUPERIOR Court of said county: The petition of James W English, W A Hemphill, Evan P Howell, B G Lockett, J W Murphy and William T Newman, all of said county of Fulton, respectfully shows that they and such other persons as they may associate with them, and their successors, desire to be created a body corporate and politic under and by the corporate name of "THE UNION STOCKYARD AND SLAUGHTER HOUSE COMPANY," the place of business of said company to be in said county of Fulton; the amount of capital stock of said corporation to be one hundred thousand dollars, with the privilege of increasing the same to any amount not exceeding two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, at least ten per cent of the same to be paid in before organization. Said original and any increased capital stock to be divided into shares of one hundred dollars each. The business of said corporation is to be the establishment, at a suitable point in said county, of a Union Stock Yard, for receiving, feeding and caring for stock, swine and cattle of all kinds; for manufacturing the offal and refuse of slaughtered cattle and swine into oil, lard, fertilizers and other products, and to do such other like things as may be incident to a general stock yard and slaughtering business; also to erect and keep, or cause to be kept, hotels and boarding houses to entertain stock dealers and others.

Petitioners desire to erect such houses and other structures, and build such sidetracks to railroad as may be proper for the transaction of the above business.

Petitioners desire power and authority to sue and be sued, plead and be impleaded, in any court of law or equity in this state; to buy and sell, lease or rent property, both real and personal, and to hold and use the same; also to make all such contracts of every kind as may be necessary or proper to commence and carry on the business above specified; to make, by law, rules and regulations for the corporation and to fix therein the officers of said corporation, to have and use a common seal and change the same at pleasure, and to do all other proper and legal acts in said corporation name that are reasonably proper in the premises.

Petitioners desire to be incorporated for the term of twenty years, with the privilege of renewal as provided by law. And as in duty bound, petitioners will ever pray, etc.

WM T NEWMAN,
Petitioners Attorney.

A true extract from the minutes of Fulton Superior Court. C H STRONG, C S C.

aug2 law 4w wed

FOR FENCE OR STOCK LAW

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S Office, August 25th, 1882—Notice is hereby given that, under an act of the general assembly of said state, approved September 29th, 1881, a petition has been filed in this office by as many as fifteen freeholders, and more, of the 722d district, G. M., known as Buck Head district, in said county, for the benefit of sections 1449, 1450, 1451, 1452, 1453 and 1454 of the revised code of Georgia, known as the "Stock Law," in said district, and that after this notice has been published for twenty days, an election will be ordered in said district, in which the question "For Fence" or "Stock Law" will be submitted to the lawful voters therein. Fifteen days' notice will be given of said election.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

aug26—20d

FLOUR!

IF YOU WISH

THE FINEST FLOUR
IN THE MARKET

Inquire of Your Grocer for

TANNER, CURRIER & HEATH'S

Fancy Roller Process.

862—july28 tf

CARLISLE, OF KENTUCKY.

The Able Congressman Suggested for Speaker of the House Next Term.

WASHINGTON, August 25.—The Star, of this city, publishes an interview with E. John Ellis, independent candidate for congress from Louisiana. He is a democrat of unusually liberal views. In this interview the following opinions are expressed:

"Do you think the democrats will get the next congress?"

"Yes; it looks that way to me; I think by a majority of not less than ten."

"As a democrat, do you think it well for the democrats to have the house of representatives preceding a national election?"

"That depends. I know the majority—that is, whichever party controls the house of representatives—is of necessity responsible for its legislation, good or bad. I think the record of the republicans in the present congress is what will give the democrats the next house. If we get the next house and organize it as it should be, it will be of advantage for the democrats in face of a national election."

"How would you have it organized?"

"I would elect Hon. John G. Carlisle, of Kentucky, as speaker, and I say with a good deal of confidence that he will be the next speaker. Mr. Carlisle is a man of character, of rare discretion, and sound judgment. He would organize the house so as to bring to the front all that is good and send to the rear all that is of mediocrity. Speaker Keifer's mistake was in doing just the reverse of this. I would advise Mr. Carlisle to so form an election committee that the dominant party should have upon it but one majority, and have it composed of men who would find according to the law and facts, as our fathers intended election contests should be adjudicated. With the house organized to develop its best material, the legislation would be wholesome and salutary to the country. I do not favor extravagance, but I do not believe in cheese-paring economy—Sam Randall economy, for instance. The trouble with the democrats has been that as a party they are continually kicking at some interest which does them no good and incalculable harm. There are virtue, brains, character and sound judgment in the democracy, but it has had the misfortune to be led by some very narrow-minded men. The majority of the people to-day are disgusted with the republican party, and the democratic party is bound to succeed whenever it convinces the business interests of this country that its interests are safe in its hands."

"As to the national campaign, Mr. Ellis, who will be the next presidential nominee of the democracy?"

"Oh, I can't say. If Tilden lives, he will, of course, be a distributing factor, but he will never again be nominated. There is presidential timber in Carlisle. If elected, he would give the executive office more brains than it has had since the days of John Quincy Adams. The condition of affairs may be such, too, that Hancock will be the nominee. Still the time is yet far off, and in its mutation there may be many changes we do not now see. I am for a progressive democracy, and I repeat, the south wants to see bourbonism broken up. Ultra republicanism is all that now keeps it together.

A BEAR FONDLING A BABY.

Old Bruin Steals a Child and Makes a Pet of it out in the Rockies.

From the Chico Record.

Henry Flynn, who resides up in the hills near Inskip, was in town to-day and had the following incident to relate, in which a bear of the cinnamon species abducted his three-year-old daughter, not with any desire to harm the child, but through a strange kind of affection. It appears that Mr. Flynn started one morning to take a horse to pasture, about two miles distant from the house, and as his little girl seemed anxious to go, he put her upon the horse's back and let her ride a short distance, perhaps forty rods from the house, where he put her down and told her to run home. He noticed that she continued standing where he left her, and on looking back after going a little further, saw her playing in the sand. He soon passed out of sight and was gone about an hour, expecting, of course, that the child would return to the house after playing a few moments. On returning home he made inquiry about her of her mother, who said she had not seen her and supposed he had taken her along with him. On going to the spot where he had left her, he saw huge bear tracks in the sand, and at once came to the conclusion that the child had been carried off by the bear.

The family immediately made search through the forest, which was grown up to almost a jungle, rendering their search very slow. All day these anxious parents searched for trace of their child; nor did they stop when darkness came on, but remained in the woods, calling the lost one by her name. Morning came, and their search was fruitless. A couple of gentlemen from below, who are traveling through the mountains buying stock, came to the house, and being informed of the circumstances, immediately set out to find her. The gentlemen wandered about, and as they were passing a swamp spot where the undergrowth was thick, called the child, or else they were talking loud, when one of them heard her voice. He then called her by name, and told her to come out of the bushes. She replied that the bear would not let her. The men then crept through the brush, and when near the spot where she and the bear were, they heard a splash in the water, which the child said was the bear. On going to her, they found her standing upon a log extending about half way across the swamp. The bear had undertaken to cross the swamp on a log, and being pursued left the child and got away as rapidly as possible. She had received some scratches about the face, arms and legs, and her clothes were almost torn from her body; but the bear had not bitten her to hurt her, only the marks of his teeth being found on her back, where, in taking hold of her clothes to carry her, he had taken the flesh also.

The little one says the bear would put her down occasionally to rest, and would put his nose up to her face, when she would slap him; and the bear would hang his head by her side, and purr and rub against her like a cat. The men asked her if she was cold in the night, and she told them the old bear lay down beside her, and put his "arms" around her and kept her warm, though she did not like his long hair. She was taken home to her parents.

That feeling of languor and debility that follows physical exertion, removed by using Brown's Iron Bitters. aug29—d&w1w

Copies of the DAILY or WEEKLY CONSTITUTION, with H. W. Grady's sketch of the Hon. B. H. Hill, can be had at the counter or by mail, 5 cents per copy. d&wtf

From the Great Drug House of the Northwest.

CHICAGO, July 14th, 1882.

We do not hesitate to say that for a year past we have sold more of your Swifts Specific (S. S. S.) than all other blood purifiers combined and with most astonishing results. One gentleman who used half a dozen bottles says that it has done him more good than treatment which cost him $1,000. Another who had used it for a scrofulous affection reports a permanent cure from its use. Yours truly,

VANSHAACK, STEVENSON & CO.

HOT SPRINGS, Ark., July 17th, 1882.

I have had what my physicians termed eczema for over eight years, and came five years ago to this place to live in order that I might be cured. During that time I energetically applied all the healing art of the physicians here (both internal and external) in connection with the celebrated Thermal hot baths, and in addition have taken more than a hundred bottles of various medicines without the desired result. Up to three months ago I had almost believed my case incurable, and began taking Swift's Specific (S. S. S.) with all the skepticism possible, although the eruption was at first worse, yet there were some signs of improvement, and after three months use of S. S. S. I am sound and well, not a sign of the eruption, my skin smooth and clear and my general health as good as it ever was. If there are any doubting ones, let them write to me here. J. N. PRATT.

Nerves, brain, and muscles gain strength and the power of endurance by using Brown's Iron Bitters. aug29—d&w1w

John Babcock, of Norwick, Conn., destroyed the stone that marked his daughter's grave. The marble had been put in place by the dead girl's betrothed, and Babcock had forbidden it.

The most efficacious stimulants to excite the appetite are ANGOSTURA BITTERS, prepared by Doctor J. G. B. Siegert & Sons. Beware of counterfeits. Ask your grocer or druggist for the genuine article.

Professor Max Muller is quoted as having once said of Mr. Emerson: "He is neither American nor English—the cast of his mind is Greek; he ought to have lived centuries ago."

Forty Years' Experience of an Old Nurse.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and has been used for forty years with never-failing success by millions of mothers for their children. It relieves the child from pain, cures dysentery and diarrhœa, griping in the bowels and wind-colic. By giving health to the child it rests the mother. Price 25 cents a bottle.

mar26—d1y sat sun wed&w1y

NOTICE!

TO CONTRACTORS

WE WILL SUB LET TWENTY-TWO MILES OF the Georgia Pacific railroad from Anniston, Alabama, to Coosa river within the next twenty days. Profiles and specifications can be seen and information obtained by calling on Pat Lynch, at the office of Lynch & Lee, No 12 Loyd street, Atlanta, Ga., or James E. Lynch on the works near Anniston, Alabama.

LYNCH & BRO.
Contractors

618 aug13 dtf

LISTEN, LISTEN,

To the Words of Warning from One of South Carolina's Noblest Daughters.

DR. V. R. STONE:

DEAR SIR—Please send me a half dozen bottles of your valuable APEPSIA. I have seen it do such remarkable cures in cases of Dyspepsia that I resolved to try it for sick headache. When I feel the headache coming on I take two teaspoonfuls of APEPSIA, which arrests the trouble immediately and puts a stop to my suffering. I wish I could convince the heads of every household that APEPSIA should always be kept on hand. I never intend being without it now that I find it as good for sick headache as it is for Dyspepsia. Hoping to receive your orders soon, I am yours respectfully,

KATE S. VILLARD,
Seminole, S. C.

APEPSIA!

The great scientific preparation will positively cur old chronic cases of Dyspepsia, Dyspeptic Fits, Dyspeptic Vertigo and Dyspeptic Consumption, where every other known medicine has failed to give relief. I refer with pleasure to the following gentlemen of Savannah, whose characters are irreproachable: Dr. J. H. Halliwanger, Clarence S. Connerat, Captain George M. Weymouth. Price $1 per bottle. For sale by LAMAR, RANKIN & LAMAR, and all retail druggists.

V. R. STONE, M.D.,
mar7—d&w1y Philadelphia.

CREAM BEAUTIFIER.

A Skin of Beauty is a Joy Forever.

DR. T. FELIX GOURAUD'S

ORIENTAL CREAM

—OR—

MAGICAL BEAUTIFIER

PURIFIES as well as BEAUTIFIES THE SKIN.

Removes Tan, Pimples, Freckles, Moth Patches and every blemish on beauty, and defies detection. It has stood the test of thirty years and is so harmless we taste it to be sure the preparation is properly made. Accept no counterfeit of similar name. The distinguished Dr. L. A. Sayre, said to a lady of the haut ton (a patient): "As you ladies will use them, I recommend 'Gouraud's Cream' as the least harmful of all the Skin preparations." One bottle will last six months, using it every day. Also Poudre Subtile removes superfluous hair without injury to the skin. MME. M. B. T. GOURAUD, Sole Proprietor, 48 Bond Street, New York.

For sale by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers throughout the U. S., Canadas and Europe. Beware of base imitations. $1,000 Reward for arrest and proof any one selling the same.

1i6 mar5—d6m sun wed sat &w&wky6m

The People Appreciate Merit

EAGLE AND PHENIX

Columbus, Ga.

SMOOTHEST, STRONGEST, BEST

SOLD BY ALL JOBBERS

GALL SEWING THREAD

1878 1879

Production Doubled. Again Doubled.

feb1—d1y sun wed fri

Ballard's Baggage Transfer.

WAGONS WILL MEET ALL INCOMING trains on the E. T. Va. & Ga. railroad (Georgia division and the Georgia Pacific also,) and will call and deliver baggage to the above named railroads. Leave your orders at baggage room, Union passenger depot, all of which will be promptly attended to. Hacks will be furnished if ordered.

aug6—d1m

DR. CLARK JOHNSON'S

Indian Blood Syrup

Cures all diseases of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Skin and Blood. *Millions* testify to its efficacy in healing the above named diseases, and pronounce it to be the BEST REMEDY KNOWN TO MAN.

Guaranteed to cure Dyspepsia.

TRADE MARK. AGENTS WANTED.

Laboratory 77 West 3d St., New York City. Druggists sell it.

DORAVILLE, DeKalb Co., Ga.

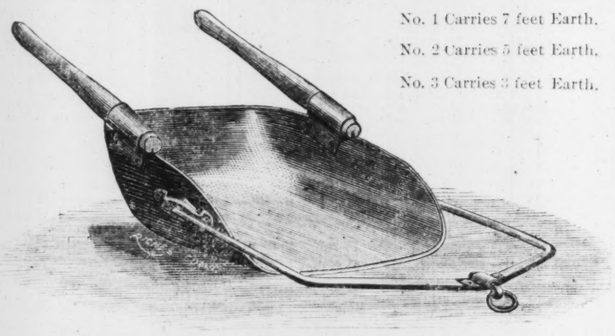
DR. CLARK JOHNSON:—I have given your INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP a fair trial for Liver Complaint, and can recommend it to all afflicted as a valuable medicine.

M. A. RODGERS.

aug15—d&w1y nx rd mat

HARDWARE, PLOWS, SCRAPERS, POWDER, ETC.

THE COLUMBUS SOLID STEEL SCRAPER.



No. 1 Carries 7 feet Earth.

No. 2 Carries 5 feet Earth.

No. 3 Carries 3 feet Earth.

THE PERFECT SCRAPER,

Made from a Single Sheet of Steel pressed into shape—without Seam, Joint or Rivet. The Strongest Scraper Manufactured. Send for Circulars and Price Lists to

BECK, GREGG & CO.,

WHOLESALE HARDWARE MERCHANTS,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

Also manufacturers' agents for R. R. Plows, Wheelbarrows, Dynamite, Blasting Powder, Fuse, Drill and General Railroad and Miners' Supplies. aug16 d1m

SEEDS, MACHINERY, ETC.

FIELD SEEDS,

ALL VARIETIES,

DALLAS WHEAT,

GEORGIA RYE,

GEORGIA BARLEY

TURNING PLOWS, SULKEY PLOWS,

Acme Harrows, Blanchard Churns, Swing Churns, Eagle Gins, Gate City Gins, Gate City Cotton Cleaner and Condenser. All of the very best and the very LOWEST PRICES.

MARK W. JOHNSON & CO.

27 Marietta Street, ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

mar12—d1y

MOWERS, REAPERS, THRESHERS, ENGINES, ETC.

A. B. FARQUHAR. A. JESSOP. ROBERT H. SMITH.

A. B. FARQUHAR & Co.

MACON, GEORGIA,

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

STEAM ENGINES, BOILERS,

FARQUHAR'S GRAIN THRESHERS AND SEPARATORS,

CHAMPION REAPERS AND MOWERS,

HORSE RAKES, GRAIN FANS.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

HARDWARE.

PROPRIETORS CENTRAL CITY IRON WORKS.

apr4— jan2—d1f

EDUCATIONAL.

EMORY COLLEGE,

ORGANIZED IN 1837.

WITH A FACULTY OF FOURTEEN MEN ACtively engaged, Emory College is prepared to do thorough work, and is doing it. No extras for French or German or Hebrew. Oxford is on a granite ridge, 800 feet above the sea, and is as healthful as any place can be in this country. Expenses small compared with first-grade colleges. For special information write to the president.

ATTICUS G. HAYGOOD,
aug15—1m Emory College, Oxford, Ga.

MORGAN PARK MILITARY ACADEMY.

A CHRISTIAN FAMILY SCHOOL FOR BOYS. Prepares for College, Scientific School or business. Send to Capt. ED. N. KIRK TALCOTT, Principal, Morgan Park, Cook county, Ill., for catalogue. july15—d10w

SWATHMORE COLLEGE,

RE-OPENING IN RESTORED BUILDING.

BOTH SEXES ADMITTED. COLLEGE AND Preparatory School. Under care of Members of the society of Friends. The main building, destroyed by fire 9th month, last, has been completely rebuilt, enlarged, and fitted up with all conveniences. Thorough instruction in Languages, Literature, Mathematics, and the Sciences. New Scientific Building containing Laboratories, Drafting Rooms, Machine Shops, and all appliances for pursuing a thorough course in Chemistry, Mechanical and Civil Engineering. The next term opens 9th month, September 12th. Apply early, as other things being equal, places will be given the earliest applicants.

For full particulars, address EDWARD H. MAGILL, President, Swathmore College, Delaware County, Pa. june21—d78t

ATLANTA FEMALE INSTITUTE,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

PEACHTREE STREET, OPPOSITE GOVERnor's Mansion. The exercises of this school will be resumed Wednesday, September 6, 1882, with a corps of experienced teachers. The object of this institution is to afford the advantages of a thorough education embracing Primary, Intermediate, Academic and Collegiate Departments. Special attention given to the study of Music, Modern Languages, Belles-Lettres and Art. Native French and German teachers are employed. The music department is under the able management of Prof. Alfredo Barili. For circulars apply to

MRS. J. W. BALLARD, Principal.

feb12—d6m

WESLEYAN FEMALE COLLEGE,

Macon, Georgia.

THE FORTY-FIFTH ANNUAL SESSION WILL begin October 4, 1882. The College is furnished with all modern appliances looking to health, happiness and comfort of its inmates.

Unsurpassed advantages in Literature, Music and Art, at moderate rates.

Apply for Catalogue to

REV. W. C. BAIN, President,
july5—53m or REV. C. W. SMITH, Secretary.

NEW SCHOOL.

I WILL OPEN A PRIVATE SCHOOL IN THE basement of the M. P. church, corner of Garnett and Forsyth streets, on Monday, September 4. Being an experienced teacher, satisfaction is guaranteed to all who may patronize the school. Terms moderate.

MRS. A. M. CAMPBELL.

aug19—2w

MEANS' HIGH SCHOOL,

76 North Forsyth Street, Atlanta, Ga.

BEGINS ITS FIFTH SCHOLASTIC YEAR ON the first Monday in September, 1882. Instruction thorough and practical. In addition to the regular course, pupils are taught to speak and write French fluently by a native teacher. For catalogue address

T. R. MEANS,
888july23—d Principal.

SOUTHERN FEMALE COLLEGE,

LaGrange, Georgia.

WITH FULL FACULTY, FINE BUILDINGS, and a complete outfit for Literary, Art and Music Departments, opens September 20th. Advantages unsurpassed. Last Catalogue numbers 246 pupils and 110 in music. Annual expenses for board and tuition, $207.00; the same with music, $267.20. For Catalogues address

I. F. COX,
june27—d&w2½m President.

THE WASHINGTON SEMINARY.

MISS L. H. WASHINGTON, Principal,
MRS. B. MALLON, Associate Principal.

THE EIGHTH SESSION OF THE MISSES WASHton School will open the first Monday in September, with a corps of teachers of special ability in each department.

The reputation the school has achieved for thoroughness and faithful attention to the mental and physical training of each pupil, can be learned by applying to the references in our circular, which will be sent on application to No 24 Church street, Atlanta, Ga.

The well known and competent teacher, Mrs. M. Madden, will have charge of the Music Department.

85 july2—dsun till sep 10—last w in aug every day

UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA,

P. H. MELL, D.D., LL. D., Chancellor.

THE 82ND SESSION OF THE DEPARTMENTS at Athens, Georgia, viz:

Franklin College, State College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts and Law School

Will open Wednesday, 4th of October next. Full courses of instruction in Literature, Science, Engineering, Agriculture and Law. Tuition Free in Franklin and State Colleges. For catalogues and information address the Chancellor, or L. H. Charbonnier, Secretary, Athens, Georgia.

july29—d6w tues wed sat &w4w

GRIFFIN FEMALE COLLEGE

GRIFFIN, GA.

THIS WELL KNOWN INSTITUTION WILL open under entirely new auspices on Monday, 11th September, with a full faculty of competent and experienced teachers. A thorough course of instruction in all the branches of an English education, with ancient and modern languages, vocal and instrumental music, and drawing and painting will be pursued. Location proverbial for health and moral and social advantages. The buildings now undergoing thorough repair, will be ready for the beginning of the session.

For full particulars containing terms of admission, apply to

GEO. G. BUTLER, A. M.,
july26 d2m—sun wed fri President.

SELECT SCHOOL.

MISS CALLIE ROBINSON WILL RESUME HER select primary and intermediate school Monday, September 4th, at corner McDonough and Butler streets. Location and rooms pleasant. Refers to former patrons.

782 aug27—3t sun wed&sun

UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

ATHENS, AUGUST 14, 1882.

THE TRUSTEES OF THE UNIVERSITY OF Georgia adjourned their stated annual meeting to convene in Atlanta on the second Wednesday of November next, being the eighth day thereof, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, to elect a Professor of Belles Lettres and Oratory, and do any other business needed.

Candidates are requested to file their applications with Rev. R. H. Mell, D.D., L.L.D., Chancellor, or with the subscriber.

The said meeting will be held in the H. I. Kimball House. WM. L. MITCHELL,
aug16—d2aw4w wed fri Secretary.

Law School of Washington & Lee University

GENERAL G. W. C. LEE, PRESIDENT.

FACULTY: C. A. GRAVES, M. A., PROFESSOR common law and equity; Hon. J. Randolph Tucker, LL. D., professor constitutional law; Judge H. W. Sheffey, LL. D., lecturer on wills; Judge William McLaughlin, lecturer on pleading. Session begins Sept. 21, '82. For Catalogue and full information, address Professor C. A. Graves, Lexington, Va.

96 july2—d2m sun wed fri

Garnett's University School,

ELLICOTT CITY, MD., Principal, JAMES M. GARNETT, M. A., LL.D. Re-opens Wednesday, Sept. 13. Thorough preparation. Location high. Climate very healthy. july29 d2m wed sat

EDUCATIONAL.

SELECT SCHOOL.

No. 30 Forest Avenue.

FALL TERM BEGINS MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1882. For information apply to

MISS JUNIA McKINLEY, Principal.

417 aug13—suns&weds tillsep4

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THOROUGH INSTRUCTION IN LANGUAGES, Literature and Science, and in the professional schools of Law and Engineering. Healthful location in the Valley of Virginia. Necessary expenses for whole session, exclusive of books and clothes, need not exceed $225 to $300. Session opens September 21. For Catalogue, address J. L. Campbell, Jr., Clerk, Lexington, Va.

95 july2—d2m sun wed fri

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ON N. & WEST'N R. R. 15 MILES WEST OF Lynchburg. For boys and young men. Full corps of teachers. Instruction thorough. Beautiful and healthy location. Liberal provision for comfort and improvement of pupils. Session opens 15th Sept. For Catalogue or special information address WILLIAM R. ABBOT, Principal, Bellevue P. O. july 9—d2m sun wed fri

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may20—d1y

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feb5 dtf

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Being no longer Assistant United States Attorney, I will give my time and attention exclusively to the practice of law. Practice in State and Federal Courts in Atlanta, Superior Court of Bartow county, and elsewhere by special contract. july28—dtf

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ORR & BRO.,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
No. 48 Marietta street, corner Forsyth,
may13—12m Atlanta, Georgia.

J. G. ZACHRY
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
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ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Atlanta, Georgia.

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H'y. Edmund Ravenel. E. Miles Gadsden

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Insurance, Railroad, Banking and Commercial Law. 683 feb19 dtf

J. C. JENKINS (FORMERLY OF N. C.) ATTONEY AT LAW, 48 MARIETTA ST., ATLANTA, G

References—Hon D. A. Jenkins, Charlotte, N. C.; First National Bank, Charlotte, N. C.; National Park Bank, New York; Hon S. S. Phillips, Solicitor General U. S., Washington. july9—dt

John Milledge. Wm. A. Haygood.

MILLEDGE & HAYGOOD,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

Office, corner Alabama and Loyd streets, opposite Georgia Depot.

Mr. Milledge being no longer Judge of the Police Court will give his entire time and attention to the practice. july26—dtf

A. R. Wright, Max Meyerhardt, Seaborn Wright

WRIGHT, MEYERHARDT, & WRIGHT,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Rome, Georgia.,
Collections a Specialty. feb25—

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SLATERS, MANUFACTURERS AND ROOFERS,

Roofing done at short notice. Satisfaction guaranteed. Orders promptly attended to. Box 4. Office at A. P. Tripod's Paint Store, 13 Broad treet. jan24—dt

MEDICAL CARDS.

DRS. J. P. & W. B. HOLMES.
DENTISTS—Macon, Georgia
Publishers of Dental Luminary. Proprietors of the Macon dental depot. Dealers in all kinds of dental goods. jan11—dtf

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

BEATTY'S Organs, 27 stops, $1.25. Pianos, $297.50. Factory running day and night. Catalogue FREE. Address DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington, N. J. may12 d1y

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WE HAVE IN STORE AND FOR SALE VERY CHEAP, the largest stock of

Agricultural Implements

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WOOD, TABOR & MORSE, Agricultural and Portable Engines. Guaranteed to be the best and cheapest Engines made in the United States.

CANTON MONITOR FARM ENGINES, with Traction Attachment, the only successful Self-Propelling Engine ever introduced in this State.

BLYMYER M'F'G CO. STATIONARY and PORTABLE ENGINES. The strongest and most durable Engine manufactured.

We also sell the WINSHIP, VANWINKLE, CARVER, and GULLETT GINS. All warranted to give entire satisfaction.

Several makes of COTTON PRESSES.

We have a large stock of VICTOR CANE MILLS and COOK'S EVAPORATORS. The best Sorgo Machinery made.

WHITEWATER and AVERY WAGONS for sale at very low prices. Every one guaranteed.

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LOWEST PRICES

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ATLANTA, : : : GEORGIA.

aug15—d1m sun wed &w1m

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BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

An excellent appetizing tonic of exquisite flavor, now used over the whole world, cures Dyspepsia, Diarrhœa, Fever and Ague and all disorders of the Digestive Organs. A few drops impart a delicious flavor to a glass of champagne, and to all summer drinks. Try it, but beware of counterfeits. Ask your grocer or druggist for the genuine article, manufactured by DR. J. G. B. SIEGERT & SONS.

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Successor to J. W. Hancock.
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jan18—d1y fri sun wed &wky1y

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

LADIES AND GENTS' GENUINE SOLE leather trunks; leather and fine covered trunks of all styles and sizes. Sole leather and canvass state room trunks, sample cases of all descriptions, valises, satchels, tourist companions, rubber pillows and cushions, flasks and drinking cups, alligator valises, satchels and pockets. All kinds of goods made to order and repaired at the Atlanta trunk factory, 50 and 92 Whitehall street.

830 aug27 d1w top col

SUMMER BOARDING.

THREE ROOMS WITH BOARD CAN BE HAD in one of the most desirable homes in Atlanta. Address "S. F. S.," care Constitution office.

july26—dtf

WANTED—HELP.

WANTED—A COMPETENT SALESMAN TO take charge of our Notion department; one acquainted with store decorations preferred. References required. M. G. & J. Cohen, Athens, Ga.

aug30—d2t

WANTED—A CLERK IN A FIRST CLASS house; one experienced and acquainted in city preferred. State salary wanted and reference. J, this office. aug30 1t

WANTED—A FIRST CLASS HARDWARE MAN to travel—none other need apply. Address Hardware, care this office. aug29 d1w

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS SALESMAN FOR wholesale city trade. Good city reference desired. Address Fulton, care Constitution.

aug29 2t

WANTED—A GOOD, ACTIVE YOUNG MAN as salesman in an established business house. State experience and salary. Give references. X, this office. aug29 1t

WANTED SITUATIONS.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS TRAVELING salesman for groceries or liquors. Reference good. Address F, Constitution office. aug29 2t

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—A HORSE, KIND AND GENTLE, that will plough and work single or double; would prefer a young horse. Apply at No 5 and 6 capitol building. aug30 1t

WANTED—TO INVEST $2,000 IN 5 OR 6 ROOM Cottage in Crew Street School district to-day. Purchaser about to leave the city. Call at once. Sam'l W Goode, Attorney and Real Estate Agent.

aug30 1t

WANTED—A SECOND-HAND DOUBLE WRIting desk, letter copying press and two revolving desk chairs. Apply room 6 Kimball House, between hours of 12 and 2 o'clock to-day.

aug30 1t

I AM LOOKING FOR HEIRS OF CARRIE EZELL formerly of Atlanta, who died in Galveston in 1881. Address W. B. Benson, Galveston, Texas.

816 aug27—d3tsun27 wed30 sep2 s at

WANTED—BY A MAN, WIFE AND CHILD, one or two unfurnished rooms and board in a private family, or rooms near where board can be had. Washington or McDonough streets preferred. Address W F D, Constitution office. aug29 1t

WANTED—EVERYBODY WITH SORE EYES to try Wilhite's eye water. A cure guaranteed. For sale by Lamar, Rankin & Lamar.

july25—3m

FOR RENT—HOUSES, ETC.

FOR RENT—TO A COUPLE WITHOUT CHILdren, two large furnished rooms with kitchen privileges. Apply at 14 Loyd street. aug30 1t

FOR RENT—A DWELLING OF 8 ROOMS, CENtrally located; furnished if desired; good water, gas and fine neighborhood. Apply at 49 Wheat street. aug30—2t

FOR RENT—A NEW 4 ROOM HOUSE, NO 25 Cooper street. Apply at No 47 Windsor street.

aug30 1t

ROOMS TO RENT, WITH OR WITHOUT FURniture, with use of bath room. Apply at 60 Cone street. aug30 1t

A NEW 5-ROOM COTTAGE, WITH OUThouses, orchard and superior water, three hundred yards of Decatur depot, to rent. Apply to C A Locke, Decatur Ga. August 26, 1882.

aug27 sun wed fri sun

FOR RENT—A NEW SIX-ROOM HOUSE, adjoining, with the use of West End mineral spring and park. Apply to G W Adair or W L Stanton. aug26—4t sat tues wed&thurs

FOR RENT—2 NEAT, SIX ROOM COTTAGES on Whitehall street, near junction of Whitehall and Forsyth streets. Apply to M Hardson, No 11 Decatur street. 868 aug27—dtf

FOR RENT—FRONT BASEMENT OF NO. 37 Marietta street, corner Forsyth street, opposite post-office. Nelson, Barker & Co. june20—tf

WANTED—AGENTS.

WANTED—AGENTS AND CANVASSERS TO sell a new spring bed bottom. Address P. O. Box 104, or call at factory, corner Houston street and Air-Line railroad. 891 aug27—3t

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—SPLENDID SECOND-HAND OFfice desk cheap; also new card stand. Apply at No 44 Marietta street. aug30 1t

NEW NECK WEAR—FULL LINE LATEST styles, at W. M. Scott's. In to day. aug30 1t

FOR SALE—AT 22 PEACHTREE STREET, ONE large cooking stove, No 8; 1 Bureau, with marble slab; 1 fine bedstead, and lot of house and kitchen furniture. L L Guthman. aug30 d2t

FOR SALE—WE OFFER OUR ENTIRE STOCK, lease and fixtures for sale. This business is long established in the best business block. A rare chance is offered. Possession given at once. Turner & Co, 43 Whitehall street. aug29 d6t

THE GULLETT GIN—THIS JUSTLY CELEbrated gin, acknowledged by all Cotton Buyers to make the best sample and as good as the best for quantity of product. For sale at Nos. 79 and 81 Broad street, by S C McCandless, Agent.

aug4—dtil sep15 fri sun wed &wtilsep

FOR SALE—FIFTEEN SHARES ATLANTA Building and Loan Association stock. Cheshire, Wilson & Co, No 14 Whitehall street.

817 aug27—3t

MISCELLANEOUS.

FALL SAMPLES FOR CLOTHING TO ORDER. W. M. Scott has received his samples. Call in and leave your orders. aug30 d3t—wed fri sat

PAINTERS, CONTRACTORS AND ALL WHO wish to paint, we offer a large stock non corrosive, ready mixed paints, all colors, warranted the best make, at factory prices. Call and examine paints and prices. Pemberton, Iverson & Co., wholesale druggists, 40 and 42 Wall street, opposite passenger depot. aug12—dtil sept 1st

LOST.

STRAYED FROM MY BARN SUNDAY, A DARK bay pony, very small in size. Will pay a suitable price to any one taking him up or returning to 61 W Harris street or 38 Marietta street. aug30 1t

FANCY GROCERIES.

DOHME & DUFFY BEG LEAVE TO INFORM their customers that they have leased their old stand, 88 Whitehall street, for a number of years, and on October 1st will open with the largest stock of fancy and family groceries ever brought to this city.

WE CAN SELL YOU BUTTER BY THE CAN cheaper than any house in the city. Will have in this morning a choice lot of butter in 9, 12 and 20 pound cans. Dohme & Duffy.

AFTER LOOKING AROUND THIS MARKET call and see our stock before buying. Dohme & Duffy, 6 West Mitchell street.

FLOUR DOWN TWO DOLLARS PER BARREL at Dohme & Duffy's, 6 West Mitchell street.

COME AND GET A SMALL CAN OF BUTTER, fresh every morning, at Dohme & Duffy's.

GUESS YOU CAN FIND IT AT DOHME & DUFFY'S, is an every day remark in Atlanta.

12 CANS CORN FOR $1; 12 CANS BEANS FOR $1; 8 cans of fresh mackerel $1; 11 cans tomatoes for $1; 10 cans sardines for $1. A word to the wise: Now is the time to buy goods cheap at Dohme & Duffy's, 6 West Mitchell street.

IN ORDER THAT WE MAY NOT HAVE TO CARry any of our present stock over to the new store, will sell for the next thirty days for very little over cost. Dohme & Duffy.

AS WE JOURNEY THROUGH LIFE LET US live. By the way, you will find the means of doing so at Dohme & Duffy's.

9 POUNDS GRANULATED SUGAR $1; 10 pounds standard A sugar $1; 11 pounds extra C sugar $1 at Dohme & Duffy's. aug30

W. S. COX. A. B. C. DORSEY.

COX & DORSEY,

REAL ESTATE AGENTS

GAINESVILLE, GA.

MAKE A SPECIALTY OF SELLING, RENTING and leasing city and country property, and looking after wild lands. may18 d6m

THE CONSTITUTION,

PUBLISHED DAILY AND WEEKLY

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION is published every day, except Monday, and is delivered by carriers in the city, or mailed postage free at $1 per month $2 50 for three months, or $10 a year.

THE CONSTITUTION is for sale on all trains leaving out of Atlanta, and at newsstands in the principal southern cities.

ADVERTISING RATES depend on location in the paper and will be furnished on application.

CORRESPONDENCE containing important news solicited from all parts of the country.

ADDRESS all letters and telegrams, and make all drafts or checks payable to

THE CONSTITUTION,
Atlanta, Georgia.

ATLANTA, GA., AUGUST 30, 1882.

PUBLISHERS' NOTICE.

The Trade of Atlanta.

THE CONSTITUTION'S annual review of the trade of Atlanta will be published on Friday, September 15. Every feature of the city's activity will be fully and accurately described—its trade, wholesale and retail, and its varied manufactures to receive particular attention. The railroad development will be explained, and all the changes it has wrought, especially in real estate values. Atlanta has never known a more prosperous year than the one now drawing to a close, and her prospects were never brighter than they are to-day. All these things will be fully set forth in our annual review. We expect to make it so interesting and valuable that no one interested in the prosperity of the city can afford to do without it. An immense edition will be printed, although the review will fill at least twenty-four pages of the regular size of THE CONSTITUTION. Orders for space in this great issue, or for extra copies, should be handed in, the sooner the better both for us and our patrons. Early orders will be carefully attended to. Address,

THE CONSTITUTION.

THE signal service bureau report indicates for South Atlantic and Gulf states to-day, local rains, and partly cloudy weather; north east to southeast winds, higher barometer tationary or slight rise in temperature.

GENERAL GARTRELL does not appear to have made a very great success with his speech at Forsyth. In fact, a much more unpleasant description of its reception might be made.

NASHVILLE has not been able to get wholly rid of the small-pox. Occasional cases are reported daily in spite of all sanitary precautions and quarantine regulations. The truth is, the campaign of our health board in May and June was Napoleonic in dash and mastery.

THE Christian Union calls for a new party, to stand on three planks—civil service reform, revenue reform and railroad control. There is no need of such a party in Georgia, for the democratic party stands on the three planks, not to mention several others equally as valuable and important.

VERMONT is considering a proposition to make the prohibition of the manufacture and sale of liquor a part of the organic law of the state. There is a prohibition wave running over the country, and it is difficult to say where the feeling is the strongest—whether in some Georgia counties or in far-away western states, or in its ancient seat in New England.

THE opening of new railroad lines will in a year's time double the wholesale trade of Atlanta, and the merchant who fails to present his claims to a share of the increase in THE CONSTITUTION'S annual review, will miss an opportunity that he cannot, as a business man, fail to recognize. We propose to strew the new territory thickly with our trade edition, and we are particularly anxious that Atlanta's merchant princes shall use its columns.

WE are glad to learn from the Jacksonville Times that when the three miles yet to be completed by the drainage company are finished the waters of the Tahopekaliga, the Istokpoga and the Washayakapa will flow down the Kissimmee through the Okeechobee to the Hickpochee and thence by the Caloosahatchie to the Gulf of Mexico. It is pleasant to read of the development and extension of our civilization along our noble waters. Perhaps the Tahopekaliga may be added to the next river and harbor bill and then we all will be pleased.

WILLIAM P. KELLOGG is not willing to relieve the people of Louisiana of himself at the end of a senatorial term in which he represented nobody and to which he was elected by a process unknown to any law or custom; and he is trying to stretch out his congressional service by an election to the lower house from the only negro district in the state. He has secured what may be called the regular republican nomination, but one Beattie proposes to divide the republican vote with Kellogg. This should result in the election of a democrat and the permanent shelving of the notorious carpetbagger.

HAWKINSVILLE blows her own trumpet in another column. In reality, much more might be said than is claimed by its local paper in favor of its attractions. The state is full of towns which only need advertising to make themselves known and draw the capital to them which they all so much desire and bemoan the lack of. Out west towns not much larger than Hawkinsville keep a professional "boomer," a man who booms the town for a salary. If "boomers" are not available here, the whole town should just unite in choosing the best form of letting the world know it is in existence.

THE shipping of live animals and of dressed meats to Europe is a matter of recent growth. Five years ago the trade scarcely had an existence; and to its remarkable extension is partly due the high price and scarcity of live stock in this country. At present we are sending each week to English ports alone three thousand head of cattle, ten thousand sheep, and about half as much more in the shape of dressed meats. There is no reason for believing that our export trade in meats will ever be less than it is, and it may be largely increased. These facts should induce the people of Georgia to begin at once and in earnest the production of their own meats. We cannot afford to compete with all the rest of the world for the meats of the north and west.

THANKSGIVING.

To-morrow has been set apart by the proclamation of the governor, and we trust, by the concurrent purpose and desire of the people of Georgia as, a day of thanksgiving and prayer. Certainly the services appropriate to such a day are demanded by the wonderful dispensations of Providence which have been showered down upon our people and the people of the whole country without stint. Every interest in the state is prosperous. Never before has the agricultural outlook been as hopeful. Never before has the material development of Georgia made such rapid progress as during the last twelve months. New and important railroad lines have been completed or are in course of completion. Indeed, it would be difficult to name any substantial interest in the state that has not participated in the general prosperity which has been vouchsafed to us by an All-wise Providence.

The farms of Georgia are the basis of our prosperity, and upon these the gentle rains have descended and the genial sun has shone until the fields are rank with the ripening crops. Upon this depends our business and our commerce. Under these circumstances it is proper that the people should, in some formal way, manifest their gratitude to the All-powerful Being who has brought about these results.

THE YELLOW FEVER AT PENSACOLA.

The yellow fever has gained a foothold at Pensacola, and the commandant of the navy yard at that point states that it is spreading. The disease is not very malignant at Brownsville or Matamoras, and it is to be hoped that the conditions at Pensacola are not favorable to a rapid development. Steps have already been taken by both Mobile and Montgomery against possible infection from Pensacola, and no doubt the unfortunate town will soon be shut in as thoroughly as the infected Rio Grande towns have been. Doctor Hamilton, who has charge of the government appropriation of $100,000, is co-operating with the local authorities, but he insists in every instance that the local authorities shall take the initiative. The Florida towns and even the towns in southwest Georgia, and especially the towns from Apalachicola to or perhaps above Bainbridge, should take all reasonable precautions against the disease. The season is, it is true, well advanced, but there may be six weeks of weather in which the disease can be propagated, and no risks should be taken that prudence can avoid. The mere appearance of the fever in any of our interior towns would derange trade, and lead to a considerable expense in the way of suppression. A cordon should be thrown around Pensacola, and no one from the infected city should be allowed to pass through the line of sanitation unless the evidence is ample that a spread of the poison would not take place. It is especially important that the disease be kept out of the Mississippi valley, for the great floods of last spring left it doubtless in a poor condition to fight such an enemy. The approach of cool weather forbids the idea of an extended epidemic, but unless the authorities are vigilant the disease will spread over more territory than it now covers.

THE CHOCTAW STORY.

A romantic telegraph operator in Alabama has given our esteemed contemporaries, the northern republican organs, considerable trouble recently. We allude to the remarkable story of the Choctaw county plot which was telegraphed north and placed in the hands of the Associated press, which, in turn, lowed it broadcast over the country. The organs swallowed the story whole, and it seemed likely to attract little attention until a vigilant southern republican pointed out that the plot and the outrage occurred in the black belt of Alabama, and that it was but the beginning of a series of disorders calculated to strike terror to the hearts of the colored voters. Whereupon, the organs with one accord began to view the dispatch in a new light, and they are now engaged in waving the bloody shirt as a sort of preliminary exercise to fit them more thoroughly for the warm work of the campaigns ahead. Even the staid and esteemed New York Times, though treating the whole matter in that light, humorous fashion to which the readers of that journal have long since become accustomed, is disposed to utter its protest from a standpoint of patriotic vehemence.

The story, as our readers will remember, is very curious one, and it is altogether too elaborate to have originated in Choctaw county. It was stated that papers containing the particulars of a plot concocted by negroes to murder the whites had been discovered. The story was accompanied by no explanations. It was simply to the effect that the papers disclosed a plot concocted in 1878 for murdering the whites on the 17th of September, 1882. The papers were laid before the solicitor, so the story goes, a mass meeting of white and colored citizens was called, and, as a result of that meeting, the ringleader in the plot was taken out and hanged. We have seen no verification of this incomprehensible story. But the organs do not wait for verifications. The unreasonable character of the details do not strike them; it is enough that the matter has been sent over the wires and that it serves as a sort of sensational addition to republican campaign material.

To us it seems incredible that the negroes should plot to murder the whites, and it is more incredible still that they should make a record of their purposes. If such papers were found they were prepared by white republicans—a class that has betrayed an extreme hatred of the negroes recently—and placed where they would be discovered. There is no other relation between this story and probability, and none other can be found.

MR. JAY GOULD says he never enters politics unless he is compelled to, and then he is a democrat, republican, independent or anti-monopolist to suit the occasion. Just at present he is a stalwart, and he is dragging the Herald and the World, two esteemed metropolitan dailies, into his little whirlpool. We take pleasure in assuring these esteemed dailies that Mr. Gould's little whirlpool, having been produced from an inkhorn, can be poured back.

JERRY WASHINGTON, an esteemed colored revivalist, has been going around making Gartrell speeches. The esteemed Jeremiah, in his desire to defeat the democratic party, appears to be in full sympathy with the likewise esteemed democrats who are opposing Mr. Stephens. The esteemed Jeremiah is said to be quite a vociferous orator.

R. D. LOCKE, professional republican, evidently knows what he is talking about when he says that the independents are moving rapidly in the direction of the republican camp. In other words, Politician Locke has peeped behind the curtain that hid the coalition from the public. And he is a very keen observer.

WE would like to ask some of the gentlemen who dislike to be called soreheads how the defeat and destruction of the democratic party will help them or the state. We place the gentlemanly soreheads first, because, in their own opinion, they are of more importance than the state.

MR. W. D. HOWELLS is in London, engaged in a difficulty with the mumps. This is very curious. How a man can have the mumps so far away from the Tivoli beer of Boston is one of the mysteries that we leave the novelist to explain when he recovers.

THERE is more refinement about Gould than there was about Tweed, but infinitely less generosity. This is the main difference between the systems invented and managed by these two distinguished North Americans.

COLONEL JOHN B. PECK, of railroad fame, has some remarks in the Charleston News and Courier that ought to be interesting reading to the cotton buyers of Macon and other interior towns.

IT is now a nip-and-tuck race between the independents, the republicans and the anti-stephens democrats as to which shall do most toward destroying the democratic organization.

THE aged infants of the tariff commission are in a terrible stew. They are beginning to discover that the tariff system suits nobody except a few monopolies.

WITH Jay Gould and Conkling opposing him, it would seem that Cornell ought to sweep the field. He is one of the most fortunate politicans in the country.

MR. MATTHEW ARNOLD gives small comfort to New York society when he declares that all the world will be Americanized at last.

THE liberal party will meet in Atlanta on the 19th of September. Two beds and a cuspidor have already been engaged.

THE season will arrive in this country when it will no longer profit men like Jay Gould to "enter politics."

WHEN men like Jay Gould "enter politics," it is understood that a money-bag is open in the back room.

IT has been ascertained that a weekly paper called the Mercury will not live at Hot Springs.

STATE POLITICS.

R. D. Locke, republican candidate for congressman-at-large, is assisting Gartrell on the stump. He announces himself as an out-and out Gartrell man.

Dr. Chappell is inclined to run as an independent candidate for representative of Laurens, although he submitted his claims to the convention. Judge Wolfe is the regular nominee.

The democrats of Lowndes will make another effort on the second Saturday in September to find a man who is willing to go to the legislature. The people of Lowndes are evidently prosperous and happy.

The contest in the first congressional district is practically confined to Black, Warren and Nichols. The Savannah Recorder says Black will go into the convention with 16 votes, Warren with 18 and Nichols with 12 votes. It thinks a dark horse may get the nomination.

The withdrawal of Pope Barrow leaves matters in the twenty-seventh senatorial district in a muddled condition. J. A. Stewart had been Pope Barrow's opponent, but he permitted his name to be used as an independent, and the people have not determined what they will do.

The Augusta Chronicle thinks Augustus O. Bacon would make a better impression if he followed up his letter by some good works for the party nominee. Mr. Bacon can afford to be generous, but he may not be serving his own best interests by sulking in his tent. We look for better things, later on, from Mr. Bacon.

"We hope," says the Calhoun Times, "that Mr. Stephens will be able to let the people of this part of the state hear his silver-toned voice. There are many in north Georgia who have never had the pleasure of seeing the great commoner, nor of hearing his eloquent discussions of the questions of the day. All can love and admire him wherever he may be, but it would be quite a pleasure to get a glimpse of our admired, loved and honored statesman—a man sans peur et sans reproche."

CONGRESSMAN BLACK.

Colonel George R. Black, congressman from the first Georgia district, is in the city at his summer residence on Peachtree street, where he has been recuperating for some weeks. His health is greatly improved and he takes a daily ride in his drag.

Concerning his candidacy for a renomination, he says: "I mean to give to the convention which meets on the 6th of November a faithful statement of my condition and the prospect of my case as my physicians state it. If they think I am not well enough to stand for the party in the coming election I do not desire the nomination. I am confident I will be well by the first of December, '83, when the next congress meets. I am now attending to all the routine duties of my position and have been all the while. In my last race I made the most thorough canvass of the district ever had, riding in a buggy sixty miles to reach Charlton county, where many of the people I met said they had never seen a candidate for congress before. I am well acquainted in the district and have no fear of my election if nominated. Still I will leave that whole question in the hands of my friends in the convention. I shall probably write an open letter before the 6th.

PERSONAL INTELLIGENCE.

MR. JOHN W. MACKEY makes daily trips into his Nevada mines.

HON. THOMAS HARDEMAN, of Macon, Georgia, is at the Markham.

EX-SECRETARY BLAINE if said to appear stronger than he did two years ago.

MAJOR C. J. MERRIWETHER, superintendant of the Western Union telegraph company, is registered at the Kimball.

GOVERNOR CORNELL has reengaged his parlor suite of rooms at the United States hotel, Saratoga Springs, for August, 1883.

THE household of Mrs. Nathaniel Adams, at Boston highlands, includes five generations of females in direct descent, the oldest being ninety-five years of age, while the youngest is an infant.

THE duke of Edinburg rode from Leeds to London, 186¾ miles in three hours, including one stop, the other day, which was more than 62 miles per hour, and he wasn't in much of a hurry either.

GEORGE TICKNOR CURTIS denies, through the Boston Advertiser, and brings sufficient testimony to establish his denial, the recently published story that Daniel Webster snubbed a southern delegation, which visited him after the nomination of General Scott, for not voting for him.

THE czar still intends, apparently, to be crowned in the ancient Muscovite capital next month. Active preparations for the event continue; numerous dispatches in cipher are constantly passing between Count Tolstoi and the governor of Moscow; and, most significant of all, upon that city are converging detectives, police and regiments of soldiers from all quarters of the empire.

THE republican congressional campaign committee will recognize Senator Kellogg as the regular republican nominee in the third Louisiana district, and ignore the claims of Beattie. The latter refused to go into the republican convention and set up one of his own. If E. John Ellis is not nominated in the second district of Louisiana by the democrats, he will run independent, with decidedly favorable chances for re-election.

THE New York World says: "Ex-Senator Beary W. Genet, familiarly known as "Prince Hal," is fitting up a saloon at No. 20 Warren street. It is understood that Genet has borrowed money to establish himself in the liquor business near the city hall. He will depend upon the custom of officeholders and politicians, many of whom he befriended years ago when he was a power in the local politics of the city."

PARIS gossips are agog over a lawsuit which has been begun by one Mlle. Minelli against M. Jacques Damala for the recovery of $7,000 spent by her on his account. She is a lyric artist, well known in the provinces, and was exceedingly intimate with him before he married Sarah Bernhardt. Indeed, she claims that he promised to marry her, and produces many letters from him to that effect. The $7,000 for recovery of which she now brings action were used by her, from her professional earnings, in the payment of M. Damala's tailors' and hotel bills, and for the lessons in declamation which he took while preparing for his histrionic career.

CURRENT COMMENT.

Respectfully Referred to Judge Underwood.
Washington Post.

The disruption of Coup's circus is another loud warning that some of our industries need more protection.

Cannot Last.
Washington Post.

The Wadsworth boom in New York is being worked up with such desperate energy as is hardly capable of long continuance. It is altogether too artificial.

A Superb Number.
Dublin Gazette.

Last Sunday's issue of THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION was simply par excellence. It contained twenty-four pages of solid reading matter, and that which was interesting indeed.

Three of a Kind.
New Haven Register.

Governor Cornell is charged with using his executive influence in Wall street to his considerable advantage. According to their own statements, Cornell, Gould and Conkling are a trio of precious rascals.

Nathaniel J. Hammond.
Griffin Sun.

Hon. N. J. Hammond has proven himself to be the best representative we know of who has been in congress from the fifth district. We don't mean to say that the fifth was not ably represented, but that there are few Hammonds in Georgia.

The Power of Mind Over Matter.
Lynn Bee.

The war in Egypt will soon be ended. In addition to its new uniform the British troops are to wear blue goggles. The followers of Arabi will mistake them for Boston school-ma'ams, and fold their tents like Arabs and silently steal away.

Colored Delegates Need Not Apply.
Manchester Union.

It is said the "3.6" medals have not been sent to any of the negro delegates who fought, bled and died for Grant at Chicago. It is probable, therefore, that the secretary of the navy can now get one. But this is the best news concerning that race which has been published for many a day.

Headed for the Mansion.
Savannah Times.

It's no use for the unamalgamated alleged democrats to begin to kick against Mr. Stephens at this late date, for that rolling chair has been greased with the good will and confidence of an overwhelming majority of Georgians, and it's now heading for the executive mansion with no obstacle in the way which is worthy of mention. So the kickers had just might as well fall into line, ere it is too late.

Allen D. Candler.
Cumming Clarion.

This gentleman, who has been nominated for congress by the organized democracy, is a gentleman of high standing and solid worth. Emphatically a self-made man, he has shown by his career how to succeed by success.

Dahlonega Signal.

The people of our county are enthusiastic for our worthy candidate for congress, Colonel A. D. Candler.

Good Wholesome Doctrine.
Nashville American.

If candidates are independent of party then parties are useless, and correct government must rely upon individual exertion for its maintenance. When bad men combine good men must unite. Radicalism presents a solid front. Good men to defeat that organization must organize also. Every blow struck in favor of democratic disorganization is a blow struck in favor of the radical triumph. There may be a choice between individuals for party nominations but when the party speaks, according to its ancient usages, every democrat should obey.

He Tried To Make It Easy For Him.
Lancaster Intelligencer.

A number of Chinese have been at the Grand hotel, New York. Young Mr. Smith, who wanted to have some fun, said to one of them who was making a puzzle out of the wooden toothpicks on the counter: "Intende stoppe here longee?" "Sir?" said the celestial. "Stoppe longee in New Yorkee?" repeated Mr. Smith, with a smile. "We shall remain in the city but a brief period," replied the Peking man, "prior to resuming our journey to Washington." Then he walked away, and the junior proprietor of the Grand ascertained that he had been talking to a Harvard graduate who spoke six different languages besides Chinese.

Party Harmony Necessary.
Brunswick Appeal.

It is time for us to lay aside our individual preferences for governor. The fight should have been made before, and in the nominating convention. There is no good sense in fighting the nominee of the party, unless the wish be to effectually disrupt the party. We regret to see that some of the journals of the state are still treasuring the hope that another convention will be called. Such a move would be a death blow to the democracy of the whole state. It was just such a step that gave the seventh congressional district to the independents in 1875. Let us profit by their experience, and, if we can do the democratic cause no positive good, let us be careful that we do it no harm. We assuredly can do the cause no good by fighting its leader.

The State Canvass.
Augusta Chronicle.

Mr. Stephens is in the habit of making his campaign in his own fashion. He has no reason to accept the advice of his bitterest enemies within the democratic ranks.

Griffin Sun.

The election for governor is but six weeks off, and—and—well, your uncle Aleck will be inaugurated at the proper time.

Augusta Chronicle.

The democratic party would indeed have a "very soft thing of it," if harmony prevailed in its ranks. A minority of malcontents do all the damage and make amends for republican disaffection. Nice democrats, these malcontents!

Democrats Should Arouse Themselves.
Savannah News.

It is evident then that the democracy of Georgia cannot afford to be apathetic or over confident during the pending campaign. It should never for a moment be forgotten that the election of General Gartrell would be, to all intents and purposes, a republican victory at that, since his success is undoubtedly desired by the present stalwart administration. This would mean the disintegration of the democratic party in the state, and the jeopardizing democratic success in 1884. Surely a mere plain statement of these things should be sufficient to arouse every democrat in the state to a sense of his duty, and to a determination to work and vote to make the triumph of Mr. Stephens, and the party of which he is the standard bearer, an absolute certainty.

NOTES ON EDUCATION.

A SYSTEM of graded schools leading up to the college and university is contemplated for Wales.

CALIFORNIA has a school population of 215,522, and has just distributed among her counties an apportionment of $334,059.10.

GREEK and French have been added as optional studies to the course of the Indianapolis high school.

THE new Adelbert college, at Cleveland, will be dedicated September 19, the commencement exercises of Western Reserve university being then held. President Gilman of Johns Hopkins will give the annual address before the society.

AT the coming election of the London school board candidates will be asked to pledge themselves to support the demand for the restitution of Christ's hospital, St. Paul's school, the Charterhouse and other great foundations to their original objects, the education of the poor, and not of the rich, to whom they are now almost exclusively confined.

IN England military drill is systematically taught to the boys attending 1,172 day schools; cookery is taught in 390 schools; in 1,187 savings banks have been established; and school libraries in 2,382. The expenditures of the board schools are steadily decreasing; the average cost per child throughout England and Wales has diminished during the last six or seven years by more than $1.25.

THE southeast Missouri teachers' association at its meeting last week, passed a resolution calling upon congress to pass the bill making provision for government aid to public education. The association, however, expressed itself opposed to the disbursement of the funds by a national officer, or to any supervision within the state except by state authority.

IN the Manual Training school at St. Louis each pupil has a complete set of tools and a workbench to himself. In introducing the lesson of the day the teacher places the object before the class and teaches them practically how to manipulate the machinery and to execute the work. There is a close inspection of each pupil's work when finished, and a regular system for marking the per cent of value of the workmanship and skill displayed by each scholar. The interest taken by the pupils in this department is so great that they consider it a hardship to be deprived of any one lesson.

DEMOCRATIC EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

To-day the democratic executive committee will meet to prepare the programme for the state campaign. It is understood that speakers will be assigned to every part of the state and a vigorous canvass begun at once. Mr. Stephens is expected to make several speeches, and he will be ably assisted by gentlemen who are willing to contribute to democratic success.

OLD TIME'S SOLILOQUY.

Bill Nye.

Old, call you me? Ay, when the corner stone of the universe was laid I was on deck. Before the first circus joke had shot athwart the morn, I was there. When the morning stars sang together, I might have been seen with my new hour-glass and crude mowing machine, taking it all in. Amid the bloom and verdure of paradise I gazed upon the new world radiant with celestial smiles. Ere the foot of man trod the velvet green of the new earth, and before the range had all been fed down like a base-ball ground, I was there. I am the oldest inhabitant. The song of the lark and the twitter of the guinea-hen were first heard by me. When Adam opened out for himself and preempted the garden of Eden, I was on hand. When Noah rounded up his stock and built his boat, I was there. I saw Babylon, Assyria, Palmyra and Cheyenne rise, flourish and bust. Nero, Pontius Pilate and Susan B. Anthony entered upon the great stage of action during my lifetime. The ruins of Balbec and Nineveh were once proud structures. I saw them in their rise and fall. I control the fate of empires and ward caucuses. I give them their glory and splendor and then bust them in the snoot. Sooner or later I gather them in with my lawn mower and plant them in the sweet remotely. I spread silken tresses on the brow of beauty and polish the dome of the man on the front seat at the "Black Crook." I paint the flush of beauty on the cheek of the schoolma'am and encourage the sickly fuzz on the upper lip of the bilious masher. I mature the giant oak that grows for centuries, as well as the cucumber that matures in two weeks. I pile up the newspaper nabob and accumulate interest on the 21 per cent note. I bring around the fall elections and the silver wedding with its dollar store casters and seventy-five cent butter dishes. I plant the false teeth in the mouth of the venerable and scatter sciatica and sadness wherever I go. Young or beautiful, or old and wheezy, I put the kibosh on them all.

THE COLORED MAN AWAKE.

To the Editor of the New York Sun—Sir: We are having a little civil war down here in Georgia, and it begins to look as though the Georgia republicans will vote the straight out democratic ticket in 1884. In a previous communication, detailing the condition of the colored people in this state, I told you that they were against the republican leaders here. The negroes of the south, and I am one, are doing well. The whites are doing what they can to improve our condition. We are practically united. We have reached a point which we should have reached years ago. The war is over, and if the whitewashed carpet-baggers now in Georgia would leave the state and go and fight the Indians, it would be a good thing for both the whites and the blacks. We should understand each other better and advance faster. We would all be better citizens.

Less than a generation ago, we were here in ignorance, in darkness, and in slavery. By the will of God we now enjoy civil and religious freedom, and by virtue of the blessings we have made manly steps in the upward scale of morals and education. Our progress, considering the circumstances, has been astonishing. The republican officials have proved a dead weight in our case. The Freedmen's bank thieves robbed us of our money and now a syndicate of whitewashed trash are trying to bamboozle us politically. They had better go back to Washington, for our eyes are open. They will be run out of Georgia. Here is what the Savannah Echo, our negro paper, says of their operations:

During the late state convention many surprising secrets were brought to light, among which may be mentioned the numerous mastodon bribes of the cut-throat syndicate. They offered W. A. Pledger the collectorship of Brunswick if he would allow them to boss the late convention. Of course the ironclad Farrow was at the head of this bait, and Longstreet in the rear, shoving him up with the syndicate derrick; but Mr Pledger, who is a whole-souled republican of the first water, could not see wherein the people would be benefited thereby, and they were cast aside as a child would a plaything. They were, however, determined to boss the convention and the colored vote of Georgia, and, in order to begin work in good shape, endeavored to rid themselves of Mr Pledger by having him arrested twice. Failing to accomplish their villainous designs they bolted, and the result was they convened in the United State court room of Atlanta, with about eight credentialed delegates and thirty bogus delegates, who were bought over at from $5 to $10 each.

The colored men, who were forced to take sides with the fat office grabbers of a disgraceful syndicate, did not go into the hole willingly. They were told that if they did not come, as requested by such men as Longstreet, Farrow, Tom Johnson, Jack Brown, John L. Conley, A. N. Wilson, Jesse Wimberly, Benjamin Conley, and a few other bogus so-called big "Injuns," they would lose their jobs under the present administration. The colored men went with them, much against their will, but their hearts were all the time with the legal convention, which convened in the state house.

To look at the bribes and fat offices offered colored men at the late convention by the syndicate any one would suppose that they owned Georgia and everything therein. The syndicate would not have bolted had it not been stated to President Arthur time and again, that they had the negroes of Georgia gagged and ready for delivery at a moment's notice. They impressed the president with the idea that they could boss the republican vote, in which they were fairly successful, as the fat offices lately dished out to them will plainly show. The president looked upon the syndicate to fulfill their promises in bossing the colored vote of Georgia; and, of course, to prove to the president that they were trying to make their points, they did their utmost to capture the late republican state convention, in which they succeeded so poorly. They were anxious to convene in harmony with the legally credentialed delegates in the state house, but the ironclad promise to the president prevented them from so doing.

The negroes of Georgia have been hewers of wood and drawers of water for the republican party long enough. There is going to be a change. Respectfully yours,

A NEGRO.

Savannah, Ga., August 20.

THE COURTESIES OF TRAVEL.

From the Century.

It is common to say that, in losing the old stage-coach, we have lost that comfortable sociability which once made travel so great a charm. But we have lost something more. We have lost that humane instinct which, in the olden times, made all travelers considerate of one another. Travel—travail; the deriviation of the word is suggestive. It was work, and hard work, in the old days, and out of the common strain and the common hardship came a co-operative and fraternal spirit which transformed its hardships into pleasurable memories. But the Pullman car is a refrigerator. In transporting fruit from California, the first condition is that there shall be coldness, and then—isolation. The nectarines must not touch each other. In like manner, as we multiply the luxuries of travel, we multiply barriers between the travelers. It is not merely that there are parlor cars; it is that in these, and in the ordinary American railway carriage, also, the first consideration comes, more and more, to be personal comfort, and not mutual consideration. The grudging answer, the reluctance to impart information, the almost brutal struggle for the best, which increasingly disregards weakness and age and woman—these are things which one sees now more frequently and unpleasantly than of old. We talk of the garrulous and interrogative American. But where is he? Vanished as utterly as the Massasoit Indians. An English gentleman, who lately traversed the continent, said that he had never traveled in a country in which his fellow travelers were so reserved.

It is a mistake, if it is no more. There is no one whose horizon may not be widened if he will only avail himself of the wholesome education of the fellowships of travel. It is easy to be too much upon one's guard. All travelers are not swindlers, and courtesy is not necessarily familiarity. As it is, one is reminded of that countryman of ours who, having crossed the Atlantic with a room-mate who, from the beginning to the end of the voyage, had not addressed to him one word, parted from him, saying airily: "Well, good-bye! You will now proceed, I suppose, to your home at the deaf and dumb asylum!"

FREE THINKERS AND THEIR DOCTRINES.

From the New York Tribune.

The Rev. Dr. Deems, of the Church of the Strangers, preached a forcible sermon yesterday on the New Decalogue from the Free Thinkers at Watkins Glen. He said in part: Many persons seem to be greatly alarmed at the pernicious sentiments expressed by the Free Thinkers at Watkins Glen. Such ideas as they entertain are to be expected in this age of the world, and they will only disappear when the friction of the tides ceases. When there is corruption in the body, the physician wants to bring it to a head in order that he may determine just how to remove it. So in the treatment of moral disease, the moment you reduce error to a written form, that very moment you are able to take measures toward dissipating that error. The term free thinkers is no more applicable to that body than to others. What is free thinking? It is the voluntary exercise of the mental powers. No involuntary act of the mind can be called a free act. But a man cannot think free from the laws of thought. These laws are as immutable as the axioms in Euclid. All men are subject to them. The free thinkers of Watkins Glen have given to the world a new decalogue to take the place of the old. They have embodied in it some of their fundamental principles. I will call your attention to the first of the new commandments, and notice a few things in regard to it. It reads as follows: 'It is better to be an honest man in hell than a sneak in heaven.' This commandment assumes that there is a standard of right and wrong, although they would make us believe there is none. Secondly, it assumes that there are a heaven and a hell. Why should Free Thinkers bind themselves to such a heathenish belief? Thirdly, it assumes that it is possible for an honest man to be in hell and a sneak in heaven. Search through all the teachings of every sect of believers on the face of the globe and you will not find one line which authorizes such an idea. No sane preacher ever advanced such a doctrine." Dr. Deems discussed each commandment of the new decalogue and endeavored to show that they were inconsistent with the teachings of the Christian church."

Interpreting a Sermon to Mutes.

NORWICH, Conn., August 29.—One hundred and twenty-five mutes, from all parts of New England assembled in this city to attend the Bartlett memorial services at the Park Congregationalist church to-day. This morning the Rev. I. W. Bacon preached a scholarly discourse from the first chapter of Luke, taking for his theme the story concerning Zacharius. Professor Ables Clark, of the American institute, Boston, interpreted the sermon for the mutes in the sign language. In the afternoon Professor W. H. Weeks of the Hartford school for deaf mutes, paid a touching tribute to the memory of the late Professor D. E. Bartlett.

Found Clinging to a Boat.

NEW HAVEN, August 29.—Frederick W. Remington, of New York, was found clinging to a capsized sailboat off Charles Island this morning, by a fishing party. He reported that his companion, George Cornell, of New York, had been lost. They were out on a pleasure trip in Cornell's boat, and were returning home, when, owing to rough weather, they attempted to make this port. The boat capsized and Cornell was unable to reach the wreck. Remington, who had been in the water fourteen hours, was completely exhausted. He returned to New York to-night.

ILLINOIS.

A pistol shot next my own garret nest,
And with face like a god he lies dead and alone;
Lies stark on his back; a hand outthrown,
As disdaining rest, on the vanquished breast,
And a look of battle in his glorious eyes
As one struck dead by a cannon shot—
Starved or dishonored? It matters not:
Nor whether betrayed or otherwise.
I only know that he fell last night;
I only know that he fights no more:
I only know that he fell in the fight,
Fighting as never fought man before.

Shot dead in the fight! Not a syllable known
Of name or of place. But scratched on the wall
With a nail "Illinois"—and that is all.
Then deep in the window stands all alone
And tattered and torn, like a flag in war,
One starved stalk of corn in a broken jar.
A banner of corn, with its memories
Of mother, of fields and of fruitful trees!
O boy from the furrows of Illinois!
O boy with thy banner to the topmost wall,
I will nourish this corn, poor, pitiful boy,
Till I, too, vanished, shall fighting fall.

Good mother, that waits in the far corn-fields,
He will never come back to your arms any more,
Grow lilies for him: his battles are o'er.
He is borne to his rest on his battle shield.
Good mothers that wait, wherever you are,
Oh! pity us, pray for us everyone
That has left sweet fields for the smoke and dun
Of the city's walls in this ceaseless war.
How oft we have cried, O Christ for the fight,
When soldiers in battle rode recklessly down
And stormed in a day and took the town,
Or, sword in hand, they were slain outright!

O ye in the beautiful fields of corn,
Content and tranquil and far away,
Lift up your hearts and be glad all day;
Lift up moist eyes like the dew of the morn;
For I tell you 'tis harder to win a town
And to hold it for even a year your own
Than ever were gates when kings went down
With armies and banners to win a throne,
Then a tear for the soldier who fell last night,
With banner of corn in a breach of the wall;
For to every hundred that win this fight
I tell you a hundred thousand fall.

--Joaquin Miller.

FINANCIAL FACTS.

NEW YORK, August 29.—The market at the opening was strong and showed an advance from the closing prices of yesterday of ½ to 1¼ per cent, the latter in Canada Southern. In early trade the market was buoyant, and at about 11 an advance took place, ranging from ½ to 3 per cent, Cleveland, Columbus, Cincinnati and Indianapolis, Richmond and Danville, Michigan Central, New Jersey Central and Wabash preferred being most conspicuous in the upward movement. At noon speculation became quieter and prices fell off ½ to ⅞ per cent, the latter in Canada Southern, while Cleveland, Columbus, Cincinnati and Indianapolis sold down 1½, but immediately recovered 1 per cent. Subsequently there was a rally of ½ to 1¼ per cent, Wabash preferred leading in the upward turn; but prices again receded ¼ to ⅞ per cent, the latter in Denver and Rio Grande. In late trade a general advance of ¼ to 1¾ per cent was recorded, in which Louisville and Nashville, Lake Erie and Western, Lake Shore and New Jersey Central were most conspicuous, after which there was a fractional decline, followed in final dealings by a fractional recovery, and the market closed strong. Transactions aggregated 340,000 shares.

Georgia 6s	†103	Panama	167
Georgia 7s mortg'e	†135	Quicksilver	10
Georgia do gold	112½	do Preferred	45½
Louisiana consols	67	Reading	60⅞
North Carolina old	†20	St L & San Fran	39½
North Carolina new	†15	do Preferred	57½
Funding	†10	do first Preferred	96
Special tax	7	St. Paul	122¾
Tennessee 6s	53½	do Preferred	136½
Tennessee new	33½	Texas Pacific	52¾
Virginia 6s	35	Union Pacific	115⅞
Consolidated	†58½	United States	74½
do Deferred	12½	Wells & Fargo	130
Adams Express	14	Chicago & N.W.	145
American Mer. Ex.	95	do Preferred	169
Chesap'ke & Ohio	24	Erie	39¾
Chicago & Alton	138½	East Tenn. R. R.	11
C. St. L. & N. O	74	Ga. R. R.	—
Consolidated Coal	32	Illinois Central	138
Delaware & Lack	114⅞	Lake Shore	112⅞
Fort Wayne	136	L. & N.	72¾
Hannibal & St Joe	85	Memphis & Char'n	50¾
Harlem	205	N., C. & St. L.	92
Houston & Texas	85	N.Y. Central	134
Manhattan Ele	54½	Pittsb'g F.W. & C.	137
Metropolitan Elle	90	Rich. & Alleghany	20½
Michigan Centra	99⅝	Rich. & Dan.	116
Mobile & Ohio	22	Rock Island	136⅛
N Jersey Central	78¼	S. C. con brown	102
Norfolk & W'n Pre	56½	W. Pt. Terminal	62⅝
N. Y. Elevated	107	Wab., St. L. & Pac.	37½
Ohio & Miss	38⅞	do Preferred	66¾
do Preferred	105	Western Union	89⅞
Pacific Mail	44½		

†Bid.

RAILROAD RATES.

MEETING IN COLUMBIA OF THE MEN WHO FIX THE TARIFFS.

Tri-Weekly Steam Service Between Savannah and New York—A Man to Watch Signals—The Meridian and New Orleans—The Kentucky Central—North Carolina Midland.

COLUMBIA, August 29.—The railroad men met here yesterday to revise the freight rates. Among those present were Mr. Solomon Haas, traffic manager of the Associated roads; Mr. Slaughter, general passenger agent of the Richmond and Danville road; Mr. D. Cardwell, assistant general freight and passenger agent of the Charlotte, Columbia and Augusta and of the Columbia and Greenville roads; Colonel S. B. Pickens, general freight agent of the South Carolina railway; Mr. M. J. Verdery, president, and Mr. Hill, general freight agent of the Augusta and Knoxville road; Colonel R. L. McCaughrin, president of the Columbia and Greenville road, and Colonel A. C. Haskell, president of the Charlotte, Columbia and Augusta road.

The freight rates were advanced on the lower classes of freight from 5 to 10 per cent, and on the higher classes from 10 to 20 per cent. There has been a general advance in the freight rates all over the country. The railroad men claim that the country is prosperous in almost every department of industry and can afford to pay advanced rates of transportation, sharing with them the increased expenditures necessary to keep their roads in serviceable condition.

It is expected that the freights over the railroads in this state during the next year will be at least fifteen per cent in excess of the freight business done during the present year. The crop prospects were never so flattering and the business already done by the Columbia and Greenville and the Charlotte, Columbia and Augusta roads in the transportation of small grain to markets outside of the state is altogether without parallel in the history of the state. The Charlotte, Columbia and Augusta road has hauled out of the state during the present season 2,000,000 pounds, and the Columbia and Greenville road has furnished transportation for 3,000,000 pounds of oats. These oats were shipped to Charleston, Augusta, Wilmington, Richmond and Baltimore, and their sale has gone far to relieve the necessities of the farmers of the middle and upper counties.

In order to encourage industrial activity in the state and to promote the interests of all the people the railroad passenger agents have made especially low rates for all the agricultural fairs in the state. The rate agreed upon is one cent and a half per mile for each mile traveled, or three cents for round trip tickets. In addition to this all freights for exhibition at any of the fairs will be transported free unless sold at the fairs. Upon the shipment of all articles for exhibition full rates will be charged, payment to be made in advance of shipment. Upon the return of the goods exhibited, however, on the certificate of the secretary of the association where exhibited the money will be refunded by the railroad agents, and the goods returned without charge to the place of original shipment.

SAVANNAH AND NEW YORK.

From the Savannah News.

The establishment of a tri-weekly ocean steamship line between Savannah and New York, as foreshadowed in the recent letter of General Sorrel to Mr. James L. Taylor, general freight agent of the Savannah, Florida and Western railroad, will be good news to all shippers from this port, but more especially to the truck farmers, who are contemplating an immense increase of their business next year. General Sorrel says in his letter: "We expect to provide in this quickened and increased schedule for all the business that may be offered us," clearly intimating to the truck farmers the will and ability of the steamship company to meet every demand that may be made upon it. This assurance will greatly encourage and encourage the business of truck farming throughout the sections now engaged in it, and start up new ventures in various localities along the lines of transportation. Already we hear of extensive preparations along the Savannah, Florida and Western railway and its branches for opening new farms, and it is estimated that, with favorable seasons, the crop of next year will double that of the present.

Truck farming around Savannah, on the neighboring islands, and along the inland waters of the coast, is also on a boom from the successes of the season just closed, and stimulated by increased facilities for shipping, with probably reduced rates, Chatham county will soon take the lead in this branch of business, as her convenience of location and adaptability give her a decided advantage. She should be famous all over the north for the excellence of her early fruits and vegetables. Her sandy soil warms up very early in the spring, and this, with her proximity to the sea, must enable her farmers to compete successfully with interior sections much further south. Her advantages need but to be known to induce thousands to engage in this profitable industry, and the wise policy pursued by her transportation companies, of increasing facilities and reducing rates of freight in the ratio of the increase of business—thereby increasing the profits of the farmers—will go far toward advertising her superiority as a truck-producing region.

A MAN TO WATCH SIGNALS.

From the New York Tribune.

The train dispatcher at an important railroad center in this state has lately expressed the opinion that within a very few years every locomotive will carry either in the cab or over the boiler or upon the pilot a man whose sole duty will be to watch signals, switches, bridges, crossings, junctions, and the track before him. "So much time and money," says this practical railroad man, "are spent in guarding against the possibility of accident that serious ones are very rare. But in the midst of all this race for perfection the engineer is as he was at first. He is unimproved. He is only a man, and the best man can only do so much. An engineer was all that was wanted a few years ago, but now it is different. An engineer of to-day has got more than he can do. Somebody must ease him of some of his load. As it is now, the engineer may be trying his water-gauge just when he should be looking at a signal. There are half a hundred necessary things he may be doing that will take his eyes off the road for an instant. He will miss a signal, and a wreck will be the result. Mind, I don't say what has happened. I am not going to tell any tales out of school. I only say it will happen. The only thing is, as I tell you, a third man in a little house of his own ahead or over the engineer with a bell rope communicating with a gong in the cab. You'll see him there in a few years."

MERIDIAN AND NEW ORLEANS.

From the Cincinnati Commercial.

The contractors on the New Orleans and Northeastern road, which is part of the Cincinnati, New Orleans and Texas Pacific system extending it from Meridian, Mississippi, to New Orleans, recently engaged 1,000 additional men for the purpose of rushing through the contracts and finishing the road. In the opinion of the principal contractors, the road will be completed by the 1st of December and ready for operation at that time. This will be particularly good news to the managers of the system, as it was feared some months ago the contractors would not be able to complete the road sooner than the 1st of February. The contracts, when let, were to the effect that the work should be completed by the 1st of November. It is seldom that contractors are able to complete the construction of roads within months of the time stipulated in the contracts. As soon as the road is ready for use it is the intention of the company to run through and solid trains from here to the Crescent City.

THE KENTUCKY CENTRAL.

From the Louisville Courier-Journal.

The Kentucky Central is controlled by Mr. Huntington. By contract with the Louisville and Nashville and the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia, it will have access over the new line to Knoxville. It has also purchased or obtained a perpetual lease of the Richmond branch, which extends to Stanford, and it will shortly build the missing link between Winchester and Richmond. But it does not stop there; the Cumberland and Ohio people evidently have their eyes turned toward Nashville, and are buying up the remains of the old Cumberland and Ohio road, between Greensburg, Kentucky, and Gallatin, Tennessee. This they are doing very quietly, but their plans are sufficiently developed to leave little doubt that the Kentucky Central is to be extended to Tennessee.

THE NORTH CAROLINA MIDLAND.

From the Richmond State.

At a meeting of the stockholders of the North Carolina Midland Railway company, at which all of the stock of the company was represented, held at Hinston, N. C., Thursday last, resolutions were unanimously adopted authorizing the board of directors to issue bonds to provide for the construction of the entire road, and to execute a mortgage to guarantee the said bonds; also to lease the line, when completed, to the Virginia Midland railway company.

Steps will be taken at once by the officials of the North Carolina Midland company to carry out the above resolutions, and it is thought the construction of the road will be commenced at an early day. The North Carolina Midland road will extend from Danville through Rockingham, Stokes, Forsythe, Davidson, Davy and Rowan counties, in North Carolina, to Mooresville, Iradale county, one of the richest sections of country in the state

THE MEMPHIS AND CHARLESTON.

From the New Orleans Times-Democrat

If the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia system is to lose the Memphis and Charleston road, the question may be asked, "Who will get it?" It is not understood that the road will be operated independently. There is an opinion among some of the eastern magnates that Mr. Fred Wolfe, of the Cincinnati, New Orleans and Texas Pacific system, and President Clarke, of the Chicago, St. Louis and New Orleans road, will be bidders for it.

From the Louisville Courier-Journal.

The Cincinnati Commercial is anxious to know what is to become of the Memphis and Charleston when the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia loses it. If the Commercial will carefully study the names of the directors of the Memphis and Charleston, it will be evident the Louisville and Nashville is at least to have a voice in deciding its destiny. The plan to take the Memphis and Charleston from the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia is credited to Judge Jerry Baxter, who is attorney of the Louisville and Nashville.

PROHIBITION IN IOWA.

A Suit Commenced to Test the Legality of the Prohibitory Amendment in Iowa.

DAVENPORT, Iowa, August 29.—A most interesting and important suit has been entered in the district court of this county. It is in appearance a suit to compel payment of some money said to be due, but in reality it is the first test case under the new prohibitory amendment. Kohler & Lane, a firm of brewers, sue John Hill, a saloon keeper, for $113 for beer delivered to him from August 3 to August 21. Hill has refused to pay this money on the ground that under the amendment to the constitution, which went into effect on August 3, the manufacture of beer for sale as a beverage was illegal; that when they brewers sold him this beer they knew it was to be sold as a beverage and therefore committed an unconstitutional act. In answer, to this the plaintiffs have filed an amendment to their original petition, stating that the constitution is not, and has not been, in force, for the following reasons: The eighteenth general assembly was supposed to agree to the measure. The senate at once voted upon it, and no mention of the matter was ever made in the house of representatives. Second, the time prescribed by the constitution was not allowed to elapse between the vote of the nineteenth assembly and the general vote by the people. Third, that since 1858 brewing has been specially protected by the law in Iowa, and the pretended amendment renders valueless the large investments made under that sanction and protection. Fourth, that there has been an illegal change in the punctuation of the measure, as it was enrolled in the eighteenth assembly, that materially changes its meaning. Fifth, that when the nineteenth assembly was supposed to vote upon the amendment, the house and senate really voted upon two different measures. Sixth, that the amendment was not printed previous to the election, according to the provisions of the constitution. On these grounds the plaintiffs ask that judgment may be granted. This suit has all been arranged by the contesting parties, mostly to test the legality of the amendment, but will be fought through by each to the end. This case comes to trial on the second Monday of September, and will be watched with the greatest of interest.

FREE THINKERS' CONVENTION.

The Clergy Denounced—Defending Themselve Against "the Wiles of the Church."

WATKINS, N. Y., August 29.—Resolutions were adopted at the New York State Free Thinkers' association here to-day, declaring that the only men in the world who cannot rejoice in the freedom of thought, and whose material interests are promoted by ignorance, are the clergy, who oppose it and its advocates because the spirit of untramelled research in the field of criticism threatens to destroy the claim they make in behalf of the Bible—that it is a revelation from Heaven, plainly and infallibly inspired, and that they are the divinely commissioned and only authoritative expounders of its contents. The Bible itself teaches no such doctrine. The claim was hoisted by the English clergy at the time of its translation to serve their selfish and ambitious ends, since the only passage in it (II Timothy, iii. 1), which served to teach that dogma of plenary inspiration has been correctly rendered by the Revised New Testament, and proved to teach that the profitableness of any writing is the test of its inspiration. They demand the right to believe creeds in all their variety, and also the right to reject them, and assert that there should be no discrimination made by the law in favor of any class of citizens, or on account of their religious opinion, as in the case of the exemption of church property from taxation, and in the employment at the public expense of chaplains to say prayers for the religious gratification of congressmen, soldiers and sailors, and others who may be there. They urge free thinkers throughout the country to band together in local leagues "for the purpose of defending themselves against the wills of the church and preserving the secularity of the national constitution," and advise the establishment of liberal libraries for circulating liberal books and newspapers among the people. They embrace the spiritualists, nationalists, deists, agnostics and other classes of thinkers.

The following resolutions with regard to women were also adopted:

Resolved, That in the opinion of this convention no invidious distinction should be made which denies women the right to be man's competitor for any position to which they are eligible.

Resolved, That having abolished the sovereign rights of kings and priests, we believe in the same rights of labor; that it should be the sovereign of the earth; that labor creates the wealth of the world, and the wealth of the world should be justly distributed among those who produce. We extend our hearty sympathy to those many toilers in our own land and others who do not receive their reward. We assert that free thought makes room for industrial liberty. It is churches and theology that have crushed the masses. It is other worldliness that has made this world a hell to those who earn their bread by the sweat of their face. We believe in the dignity of work, and it is through work that the worship of the future shall be expressed.

Bids for Jetty Extension.

NEW YORK, August 29.—Bids for the extension of the jetties at the entrance to Charleston harbor, S. C., were opened to-day by General Q. A. Gilmore, lieutenant colonel of engineers.

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WILL BE PERMANENTLY AND RADICALLY CURED BY

ESSLINGER PILE REMEDY.

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A BROKEN NECK.

HOW A SPINAL COLUMN WAS FRACTURED AND MENDED.

Miss Hammond's Unique Experience—The Story of a Providential Escape and An Interesting Instance of the Art Surgical—She Thought Her Head Weighed Very Heavy.

From the San Francisco Chronicle.

It is not often that a woman falls out of the fifth-story window of a hotel and escapes instant death, and it is far less seldom that the woman survives her fall when her injuries include what in common parlance is called a broken neck. Such, however, has been the almost unique experience of Lizzie Hammond, sometime chambermaid of the Brooklyn hotel in this city. The readers of the Chronicle will doubtless remember the accident here referred to, but to round off the story of succeeding events a recital of the facts attending the girl's almost miraculous descent will be in order. On the 20th of July Lizzie Hammond, then supposed to be attending to her duties on the floor of the hotel under her charge, was inquired for in the office. Lizzie was sought for but could not be found. Not understanding her absence, the proprietor joined in the search, and, having reason to believe the missing servant was in room 124, occupied by George Phillips, applied for admission. For a time it was refused, but, on the proprietor's threat to use force, the door was opened, and the room, except for the man's presence, was found to be vacant. Almost immediately after this visit to 124, a shriek was heard in the room directly below, and its occupant, a lady, rushed into the hallway, screaming that a falling body had shot past her window. There was a general rush below, and there, in the narrow alley between the western hall of the hotel and the eastern wall of the Mercantile library building, the inanimate person of Lizzie Hammond was found. A mattress was procured, and the unconscious girl was carried over the rubbish of the excavation on the corner of Pine and Sansome streets around to the hotel and taken up to her room. After remaining comatose about four hours she recovered consciousness, and an examination was made.

A DESPERATE RESOLVE.

It was found that there were long narrow burns on her hands, nearly exposing the bone; that there were similar wounds on her legs; that there was a luxation of the left shoulder, and that she was severely bruised from head to foot. Investigation and inquiry revealed the cause of these injuries to be as follows: She was in No. 124 when the proprietor demanded admission, and fearing the result of being discovered in a compromising position, formed the desperate resolve of trying to slide down by the telegraph wires, which passed outside the window, to the room below. Throwing up the sash she, being an active girl, passed her legs around the wires, grasped them with her hands and began her descent. She had not counted upon the result of the momentum, and had not slid a dozen feet before the wires burnt into her flesh like red-hot rods. She found she was flying through the air, and loosing her hold in her agony, went plunging down seventy feet. The two walls spoken of above are not more than six feet apart, and Lizzie must have bounded like a rubber ball from one side to the other. But the sheer fall was broken, and by a further happy chance she happened to plump upon a stout telephone wire stretched some ten feet from the ground, which she broke, but which also broke her fall.

THE NECK DISLOCATED.

It was thought at first that the burns, contusions and luxation made up the extent of her injuries, but a suspicious immobility led the attending surgeon, Dr. F. F. Lord, to examine her neck, and he was led to believe that her neck was dislocated, a diagnosis that was confirmed by other medical men called in consultation. This class of injury is of such rare occurrence that attention may be directed for a few moments to its seat, even if something like a first lesson in anatomy should follow. Directly under the occiput on the back part of the head is the first cervical vertebra or atlas, so named from supporting the globe of the head. The chief peculiarities of this bone are that it has neither body nor spinous process, the processes being those blunt projections that one can feel by passing the hand over the back of the neck. The atlas has two arches—the posterior, through which the spinal column passes into the base of the brain, and the anterior, through which the odontoid process passes, the two separated by a strong semi-lunar ligament. The odontoid process is a stout, prominent projection, tooth-like in form (hence odontoid) which rises perpendicularly from the upper and anterior part of the second cervical vertebra, or axis, which lies directly below the atlas. To this odontoid process the muscles are attached, which serve to rotate the head upon the spine, and it is upon the axis that the head rotates, with the odontoid process, roughly speaking, as a pivot. When a man is hanged the atlas is thrown forcibly off the axis, the odontoid process impinges sharply upon the spinal cord and death ensues; so that the neck is not actually broken, but is dislocated.

A GRAVE CASE.

In a modified form this is the injury received by Lizzie Hammond; that is the axis was wrenched from its proper position under the atlas, the odontoid process, forced out of place, stretched the traverse ligament referred to, its roughness alone preserving the spinal cord from fatal pressure. The symptoms of vertebral dislocation are diminished inobility, great local pain and tenderness, and—it is a backward dislocation—the settling of the head forward on the shoulders. No matter in what portion of the vertebral column a dislocation takes place the prognosis is always grave, while of course, the chances of a fatal issue vary inversely with the distance of the point of injury from the brain. Hence it follows that the dislocation of the second cervical vertebra means a particularly grave case. Indeed, lesions above the third cervical vertebra prove usually immediately or very quickly fatal, and the cases of long survival and, much more, of complete recovery, are considered among the happiest and rarest results of surgery. A moment's consideration of the great dangers to the spinal cord that are involved and the numerous chances of instant death should the dislocation become complete by any sudden movement, and the reader will be able to form an idea of the desperate condition of Lizzie Hammond.

SETTING THE NECK.

But the dislocation being there, it had to be reduced, and yesterday morning Dr. R. A. McLain, Dr. F. F. Lord, the attending surgeon, and Dr. H. N. Rucker, of Merced, met at the Brooklyn hotel and decided to perform the difficult and hazardous operation of setting a "broken neck." The patient had not been informed of the exact nature of the operation, but she evidently regarded the gathering of doctors with suspicion. Still, she displayed extraordinary nerve, and when asked to sit up, grasped her head by the hair—her strange fancy being that it weighs enormously—and submitted to an examination without a murmur. She was then told to lie quietly down and think on the pleasantest subject possible. A towel saturated with chloroform was applied to her nostrils, there was a strong convulsive twitching of the limbs, then Lizzie "babbled o, green fields," cried, wished she might die just then, breathed stertorously and was asleep. The patient was placed across the bed and the disposition of duties was swiftly made. To Dr. Lord and a Chronicle reporter was detailed the traction, Dr. McLain took the replacement of the dislocated bone, and Dr. Ruckler attended to the application of the anæsthetic. Placing the attendant at the patient's feet with orders to firmly hold them, Dr. Lord placed his left hand under her occiput and the two first fingers of the right in her eye orbits. At a signal a steady, powerful pull was given and the ligaments cracked, while with dexterous fingers Dr. McLain thrust the axis forward into its proper position. There was a single critical moment, the head was moved sharply this way and that to see if rotation and mobility were again in play, the patient was laid back on the pillow, and the operation was over. In a very few minutes Lizzie began babbling anew, then cried afresh, asked what was going to be done to her and suddenly complained that her head was on crooked. That fancy may last some days, so will a severe pain in the neck and head, but, unless inflammation sets in and meningitis or myelitis sets in, Lizzie Hammond's youth and magnificent constitution will carry her through, and the California girl of 20 may live until a ripe old age and be able to tell her grandchildren the story of how she broke her neck and had it mended.

THE SULTAN'S SERAGLIO.

How the Great Establishment on the Bosphorus is Conducted.

From the Brooklyn Eagle.

The Sultan's seraglio, whose buildings stretch to the length of a mile and a half, within a mile from Therapia, contains more than 3,000 inmates, and is a city in itself. Here the government of the empire is carried on chiefly by women and children. The viziers and ministers are but the servants of these secluded creatures, and although at times a statesman, supported by a strong palace clique, may wield real power, he seldom does so for long, nor is his power very great. From the moment when he enters office he is secretly assailed by a host of enemies whom he does not see, and whom he cannot disarm or propitiate. A Turkish minister who is advised to begin reforms may promise all that an ambassador demands but he well knows that any innovation he attempted would disturb vested interest which might happen to be defended by some Circassian favorite of the sultan's, or by some insolent baltadji, the confidential servant for the time being of the sultana valide. As for the sultan, as a rule he is as much at their mercy as his ministers. A puppet in the hands of women, he never knows exactly who rules him, but is obliged, for peace's sake, to do as his mother, sisters, kadines or favorites order. More than one sultan, weary to death of seraglio intrigues, would have been glad to make a clean sweep of his female court, but any step in this direction would have led to conspiracy and deposition.

The loyalty of the people, which is great toward the office of the padishah, is null as regards the individual who holds the office, so that, provided there be a sultan, the people care little who he is, nor would they be disposed to take up arms for any padishah who had been disposed by a palace plot. The seraglios—for there are two, the new one, where the court of the remaining sultan resides, and the old one to which the favorites of departed sultans are relegated—harbor between them some 4,000 persons, and are a source of ruinous expense to the treasury. Not only are the allowances of the sultan's kadines, ikbals (favorites) and guienzdes (aspirant's, favorites) large, but the ways of the palace are extravagant. Each of the imperial ladies has her daira, or retinue of companions, male and female servants; and all these people scatter gold about without counting whenever they have a whim to satisfy.

Sultans do not contract regular marriages, and the reigning lady at the seraglio is never the sultan's wife, but his mother. She bears the title of sultana valide, and all the inmates of the seraglio owe her servile obedience. Her household consists of about 250 servants and guards. Next to her in rank comes the hasnadar ousta, or mistress of the treasury, who is generally a shrewd old woman, promoted from the ranks of domesticity for her talents in gossip and housekeeping. If the sultana valide dies the hasnadar succeeds her as queen of the seraglio; and this arrangement sometimes leads to strange consequences. Under Abdul Medjid the palace was ruled for years by a hasnadar who had been a washerwoman, and whose chief adviser was a churlish baltadji (hewer of wood) who could not read, but had the power of dismissing viziers. It was, in fact, the baltadji who ruled Turkey. After the hasnadar come the sultan's semi-lawful wives and favorites in the following order: First, the four kadines, who rank as spouses until his majesty divorces them and gives them in marriage to some pasha, which he does pretty often; then the ikbals or favorites, to the number of five or six, and then the aspirant favorites, whose number is unlimited.

A girl in the seraglio, even if she be a simple cavedji or coffee bearer, becomes a guieuzdes or aspirant favorite from the mere fact of the sultan's making a complimentary remark on her. The word is derived from guieuz, eye, and it means a girl which has attracted the master's glances. If, for instance, his majesty, while visiting one of his relatives, remarks carelessly, "what a pretty girl that is who brought in the coffee," the damsel is at once and without further parley promoted to the rank of guieuzdi, which gives her a suite of apartments, a daira and a claim on the imperial exchequer for the remainder of her life, or until such time as the sultan finds her a husband.

As every one who marries from the seraglio takes with her her clothes, jewels, furniture, servants, carriages and a lump sum in money, which often amount to thousands of dollars, it may be imagined how the civil list is mulcted when there are many aspirant favorites. After the sultan's favorites, precedence is given to the kadines—effendis, mother of some prince or princess of the blood, and finally, to the foster sisters of the sultans or princes and princesses; then the sultans, unmarried princesses of the blood. Foster parents and their children are always regarded as permanent members of a Turk's household, and during several years Nahir Hanoun, Abdul Medjid's foster sister, held a paramount influence in his household.

Coming now to the male members of the seraglio, we find, in addition to the necessary staff of chamberlains, secretaries, guards, eunuchs, scullions and cooks, a corps of 200 pages and musicians, and a very army of barbers, shampooners, tasters of the sultan's food, athletes, buffoons, ram-fighters, astrologers and grooms. The ram-fighters were appointed to amuse Abdul Aziz, but they have been maintained by the present sultan because it is almost impossible to dismiss any one who has once held office in the palace without giving him a pension. The same may be said of the astrologers, whose functions have become a sinecure, though they are occasionally summoned into the haremlik to entertain the ladies by fortune-telling. As for the buffoons and dwarfs, they have always been numerous, for ladies living in seclusion must be made to laugh when time hangs heavy on their hands, and when the music and jigging of the dancing girls begin to pale. These dancing girls form a corps of 300 strong, and as they are splendidly dressed and richly fed, they cost more to keep than a cavalry regiment. I need not enumerate the staff of servants and officials required for the stables, (which contain 500 horses,) for the kitchen, the baths and gardens, nor yet the staff of court priests, but enough has been said, perhaps, to warrant the inference that the sultan's court is at once the costliest and laziest of the world.

Death of a Well Known Actress.

DETROIT, August 29.—Mrs. James L. Carhart, wife of a veteran actor, died last evening at a hospital in the city, from cancer of the breast. When she married Carhart, fourteen years ago, she was a well known actress, under her maiden name, Cadilia Capel. Since marrige she had been on the stage most of the time, traveling last season with the Kiralfy's, playing Marfa in "Michael Strogoff." Her last public appearance was in Chicago last March.

A General Strike of the Irish Constabulary.

LIMERICK, August 29.—A petition signed by upwards of one hundred members of the constabulary has been forwarded to Earl Spencer, lord lieutenant of Ireland, asking that the dismissed men be reinstated. It is said that in the event of his failure to comply with the request, a general strike will take place.

Trouble Ahead for Mahone.

WASHINGTON, August 29.—Colonel Wolfe, who was chairman of the Virginia delegation at Chicago, says that he is preparing an open letter to Mahone which will expose some of that Senator's pretensions and methods. He says Dezendorf, who is running as an independent straightout republican, will be elected. He claims that Virginia republicans support Arthur, but feel he makes a mistake in turning over Virginia to Mahone, to be lorded by him. Signs multiply that Mahone is to have great difficulty in keeping his forces together and harmonious.

A Bank Cashier's Complicity.

CHICAGO, August 29.—A special from Kewanee, Illinois, says: Great excitement prevails here over the arrest of Pratt, the cashier of the First National bank, on a charge of complicity in the recent robbery of that bank, in which the thieves got away with $20,000. The arrest has just been made, and the detectives claim to have plenty evidence to sustain the charge. Pratt was not at first suspected.

Congressional Nominations.

NEW YORK, August 29.—The following congressional nominations were made in the various states to-day: Daniel Ermentrout, nominated by the democrats of the eighth Pennsylvania district; Dr. Updegraff, by the republicans of the seventeenth Ohio district; Geo. L. Yaple, by the greenbackers of the fourth Michigan district.

The Moorish Provinces and Syria.

PARIS, August 29.—At the cabinet council to-day M. Duclerc, president of the council, read dispatches from Syria reporting a more satisfactory state of affairs there. He also announced that all the revolted Tunisian tribes who took refuge in Tripoli have returned to their homes.

Prince Leopold Seriously Ill.

LONDON, August 29.—Prince Leopold is seriously ill. He is suffering from the effects of a severe hemorrhage. His medical attendant was compelled to remain with him throughout last night.

Death of a College President.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., August 29.—Wm. H. Allen, president of Girard College, died this morning. He had been suffering a long time from general debility and Bright's disease.

A Philadelphia Failure.

PHILADELPHIA, August 29.—William H Lloyd & Co., bankers and brokers, failed this morning, with liabilities to the extent of about $150,000.

The Condition of Archbishop Tait.

LONDON, August 29.—The physicians of the archbishop of Canterbury announce a mitigation of the worst symptoms of his illness.

The King's Ugly Uncle.

LONDON, August 29.—The Pall Mall Gazette says telegrams from Corea state that the uncle of the king has seized the throne.

The French Wheat Crop.

PARIS, August 29.—The annual report of the wheat crop shows it is excellent in twenty departments.

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POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, stength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low-test, short-weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. Wholesale by Boynton Bros, Atlanta, Ga.

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FLAVORING EXTRACTS.

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FUNERAL NOTICE.

DICKSON—The friends and acquaintances of Mr. and Mrs. James M. Dickson are requested to attend the funeral of their little daughter Ruth, from Trinity Methodist Church, to-day at 10 o'clock, August 30.

OBITUARY.

WATKINS—Died at East Point, Ga, Amie, daughter of James S. and Lizzie Baugh Watkins, age 8 months and 15 days. Funeral services at Oakland Cemetery, at eleven o'clock, the 30th inst.

FINE TOBACCOS

WE HAVE CONTROL OF THE FOLLOWING celebrated brands of tobacco:

SPENCER'S CALHOUN,
TINSLEY'S PREMIUM NATURAL LEAF,
GRAVELY'S O. K.,
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BROWN'S LOG CABIN,
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W. A. RUSSELL & CO.,
Wholesale Tobacconists.

840aug27—1m sun wed fri

PUBLIC SCHOOLS

OFFICE OF SUPERINTENDENT, 75 E. MITCHELL, will be open from 8 a m to 6 p m, for the next three days. Persons applying for school tickets must bring certificates of vaccination.

Applicants for High School, not regularly promoted, will report at High School building Friday, 1st September, 9 o'clock, for examination.

Normal class, for all teachers, will meet at usual place Saturday, 2d, 9 o'clock.

All the schools will be opened Monday, 4th September. W. F. SLATON, Superintendent.

aug30 d3t

OPIUM HABIT CURE. By B. M. WOOLLEY, Atlanta, Ga. Reliable evidence given, and reference to cured patients and physicians. Send for my book on The Habit and its Cure. Free.

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300,000 APPLE AND PEACH TREES

FOR FALL SALES, BY

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ATLANTA NURSERIES.

Also, standard and dwarf Pears, Plums, Cherries, Apricots, Nectarines, Almonds, Walnuts, Pecans Mulberries, Quinces, Figs, Pomegranates, Raspberries, Blackberries, Gooseberries, Currants, Strawberries Asparagus and Grapes, including Pocklington, Prentiss, Duchess and Lady Washington; and

The Largest Stock of Hardy Ornamentals in the South.

Cape Jessamines and Roses a Specialty.

AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Descriptive Catalogues and wholesale lists to the trade, FREE.

M. COLE & CO. ATLANTA, GA.

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NOTICE.

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RAILROAD CONTRACTORS

I WILL LET TO RESPONSIBLE PARTIES FROM one to five miles of light grading. Apply to J. H. POWERS,

aug17—d2w Climax, Ga.

WATCHES!

DIAMONDS!

FINE JEWELRY!

—AND—

STERLING SILVER-WARE,

FREEMAN & CRANKSHAW,

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FOR SALE OR LEASE.

I HAVE JUST FINISHED A NEW HOTEL AT Lawrenceville, Ga. It has eighteen rooms with four acres of land attached; new furniture and new outbuildings, all complete, which I will sell or lease on good terms; will exchange for good property in or near Atlanta. Fine run of custom. Refer to any drummers who visit this place, or any citizen living there. For terms address

W. J. BORN,
Lawrenceville, Ga.

aug30—2aw for 60d wednes&Sun

PROF. J. H. VAN STAVOREN

Portrait and Landscape Painter,

Has Removed His Studio to

NO. 73 1-2 WHITEHALL STREET, WHERE HE has fitted up rooms suitable to display his work of Art, and has the largest exhibition of Oil Paintings that was ever before seen in the city, consisting of full length, life-size Portraits of eminent men, lovely women, and beautiful children.

The public are cordially invited to call. Prof. Stavoren is now prepared to instruct a limited number of pupils the Art of Portrait or Landscape painting.

may28 d1f

CIRCULAR NO. 24.

OFFICE OF THE RAILROAD COMMISSION,
ATLANTA, GA., August 9, 1882.

JAMES M. SMITH,
CAMPBELL WALLACE,
E. N. TRAMMELL, } Commissioners.

1ST. THE GAINESVILLE, JEFFERSON AND Southern Railroad, and the Marietta and North Georgia Railroads are permitted to add the percentages mentioned below to the Commissioners' "Standard Freight Tariff," and charge such totals as maximum freight rates.

2d. Add thirty (30) per cent to classes 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, A, B, E, G and H.

3d. Add fifteen (15) per cent to "Cotton" rates.

4th. Add twenty (20) per cent to "Fertilizers," in Class K.

5th. Classes C, D and F remain at "Standard Tariff" allowed by Circular 20.

6th. The Gainesville, Jefferson and Southern Railroad is placed in Passenger Class B, and is permitted to charge four (4) cents per mile passenger fare.

This circular to take effect September 15th, 1882.

By order of the Board.

JAMES M. SMITH, Chairman.

R. A. BACON, Secretary.

aug10 d1aw4t

Isabella V. Garrison vs. James B. Garrison—Libel for Divorce in the Superior Court of Fulton County, Georgia.

IT APPEARING TO THE COURT THAT THE defendant in the above case is a non-resident of said state, it is ordered by the Court that the said defendant appear and answer in said case on the first Monday after the fourth Monday in September next, and that he be served with notice of said proceedings by a publication of this order once a month for four months in The Atlanta Constitution, a public gazette of this state. May 24, 1882.

GEROGE HILLYER, Judge.

W. L. CALHOUN, Att'y for Petitioner.

june2—d1aw4m—june2 july2 aug2 sept2

Isabella Garrison vs. James B. Garrison—Libel for Divorce in the Superior Court of Fulton County, Georgia.

IT APPEARING TO THE COURT THAT THE defendant in the above case is a non-resident of said state, it is ordered by the Court that the said defendant appear and answer in said case on the first Monday after the fourth Monday in September next, and that he be served with notice of said proceedings by a publication of this order once a month for four months in The Atlanta Constitution, a public gazette of this state. May 24, 1882.

GEROGE HILLYER, Judge.

W. L. CALHOUN, Att'y for Petitioner.

june2—d1aw4m—june2 july2 aug2 sept2

Addie Humphrey vs. Richard Humphrey—Libel for Divorce—Spring Term, 1882.

IT APPEARING TO THE COURT BY THE RETURN of the Sheriff that the defendant cannot be found in the county, and it further appearing that the defendant does not reside in the State. It is therefore, ordered that service be perfected upon said defendant by publication in The Atlanta Constitution, once a month for four months, and thereupon that the libellant be allowed to proceed. June 27th, 1882.

By the Court. GEO. HILLYER, Judge S. C, A. C.

A true extract from the minutes of Fulton Superior Court. C. H STRONG, C. S. C.

jul 22—d1aw4m july12 aug12 sep12 oct12

HUMPHREYS CASTLEMAN

BROKER

AND DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF

STOCKS and BONDS

OFFICE,

No. 10 East Alabama St.

STOCKS AND BONDS FOR SALE.

apr29—dly head fin col

State Charter 1870.

BANK OF THE STATE OF GEORGIA.

ATLANTA, GA.

CASH CAPITAL..........$100,000.00
SURPLUS FUND..........87,000.00

STOCKHOLDERS (with unincumbered property worth over a million dollars) INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

Accounts solicited. SATISFACTION GUARANTEED. Loans on good collaterals and No. 1 paper, always at reasonable rates.

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FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

BONDS, STOCKS AND MONEY.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, August 29, 1882.

STATE AND CITY BONDS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked
Ga. 8s	125	126	Atlanta 6s	102	103
Ga. 6s	107	108	Augusta 7s	107	109
Ga. 7s	107	108	Augusta 6s	105	106
Ga. 7s gold	115	116	Macon 6s	101½	102½
S. C. (Brown)	101	102	Rome, new	100	101
Savannah 5s	85	85½	Columbus 7s	105	107
Atlanta 8s	115	117	Columbus 5s	80	82
Atlanta 7s	108	109			

RAILROAD BONDS.

Ga. R. 7s	110½	111	At. & Char.		
Ga. R. 6s	103	104	inc. 6s	84	86
W. & A. 10s	—	—	Atlantic & G.		
Cent. R. 7s	110½	111	con	107	108
C. C. & A. 1st	109	110	E. T., V. & G		
At. & Char. 1st	107	108½	inc. 6s	45	47

RAILROAD STOCKS.

Georgia	145	148	Central	97	98
At. & Char.	76	76¼	Aug. & Sav.	118	118½
Southwestern	116	117	At. & W. P.	103	105
South Car.	25	30	C. C. & A.	54	54½

By Telegraph.

NEW YORK, August 29—11:00 a. m.—The stock market strong and ⅛@¼ per cent higher than it closed yesterday, Canada Southern leading the advance. In early trade the market continued strong, and by 11 o'clock prices had sold up ¼@1½ per cent, Cleveland, Columbus, Cincinnati and Indianapolis, New Jersey Central, St. Paul and Richmond and West Point Terminal being most prominent in the upward movement.

NEW YORK, August 29—Noon—Stocks strong. Money 4½. Exchange—Long 485; short 489. State Bonds generally unchanged. Governments generally unchanged.

Evening—Exchange 485. Governments generally unchanged; new 5s 101½; 4½s 114⅝; 4s 119⅞. Money 4@7. State Bonds generally without feature.

Sub-treasury balances:

Coin..........$86,974,000 Currency..........$5,879,000

Stocks strong.

Ala. Class A 2 to 5	82	Mem. & Char.	59¾
do. Class A small	80	N. C., & St. Louis	62
Ala. Class B 5s	101½	N. Y. Central	134
do. Class C 4s	81½	Pittsb'g F.W. & C	137
Chicago & N. W	145	Rich. & Alleghany	20½
do. Preferred	169	Rich. & Dan	116
Erie	39½	Rock Island	136⅛
East Tenn R. R.	11	S.C. con. brown	102
Ga. R. R	—	W. Pt. Terminal	62½
Illinois Central	128	Wab., St. L. & Pac.	37½
Lake Shore	112⅞	do. Preferred	66¾
Lou. & Nash	72¾	Western Union	89⅞

*Offered.

PARIS, August 29—4:00 p.m.—Rentes 82f. 67½c.

THE COTTON MARKET.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
Atlanta, August 29, 1882.

New York—The cotton market opened steady at lower prices, but very little change was effected during the day and the market closed barely steady within a fraction of opening prices. The spot market rules steady with middling 12 15-16c.

Net receipts for three days 10,669 bales, against 22,940 bales last year; exports 9,877 bales; last year 18,897 bales; stock 133,481 bales; last year 228,411 bales.

Below we give the opening and closing quotations of cotton futures to-day:

OPENED.		CLOSED:	
August	12.84@12.88	August	12.81@12.82
September	12.50@12.51	September	12.50@—
October	11.89@11.90	October	11.89@11.90
November	11.68@11.70	November	11.69@—
December	11.69@11.70	December	11.68@11.69
January	11.76@11.77	January	11.76@11.77
February	11.87@11.89	February	11.88@11.89
March	11.98@—	March	11.99@12.00
April	12.10@12.11	April	12.11@12.12
May	12.22@12.23	May	12.22@12.24

Closed barely steady; sales 44,000 bales.

Liverpool—Futures closed quiet and steady. Spot—Uplands 7⅛d; Orleans 7 5-16d; sales 8,000 bales, of which 5,800 bales were American; receipts 16,550; American 4,300.

The local market is quiet. We quote: middling 12¼c; low middling 11¾c; good ordinary 11c; ordinary 9½c.

NEW YORK, August 29—The Post's cotton market report says: "The position of August deliveries is somewhat anomalous. The bull party having disposed of a considerable quantity for export, counted on a sharp advance this month, but the position of the bears, holding so much actual cotton which which they are likely to partly deliver on their contracts prevented the expected upward movement. However, the leading bears predict a sharp advance in September, after they have completed August deliveries, as the market then will be largely relieved of spot cotton. At the third call August was sold at 12.83."

By Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, August 29—noon—Cotton easier; middling uplands 7⅛; middling Orleans 7 5-16; sales 7,000 bales; speculation and export 1,000; receipts 16,500 American 4,300; uplands low middling clause August delivery 7 6-64; August and September delivery 7 6 64@7 5 64; September and October delivery 6 59-64@6 58-64; October and November delivery 6 43-64@6 42-64; November and December delivery 6 38-64@6 37-64; December and January delivery 6 38-64@6 37-64; January and February delivery 6 38-64; futures opened flat.

LIVERPOOL, August 29—1:30 p. m.—Uplands low middling clause August delivery 7 5-64; September and October delivery 6 57-64; November and December delivery 6 38 64.

LIVERPOOL, August 29—2:30 p. m.—The Manchester market for yarns and fabrics is dull.

LIVERPOOL, August 29—4:00 p.m.—Sales of American 5,800; uplands low middling clause November and December delivery 6 37-64; May and June delivery 6 45 64; June and July delivery 6 47-64; futures closed quiet and steady.

NEW YORK, August 29—Cotton firm; middling uplands 12 15-16; middling Orleans 13¼; sales 1,692 bales; net receipts 45; gross 6,700; consolidated net receipts 2,569; exports to Great Britain 234.

GALVESTON, August 29—Cotton quiet; middling 12¼; low middling 12; good ordinary 11¼; net receipts 1,081 bales; gross 1,081; sales 1,615; stock 5,209.

NORFOLK, August 29—Cotton steady; middling 12⅛; net receipts 75 bales; gross 75; sales 1,065; stock 356.

BALTIMORE, August 29—Cotton quiet; middling 12 15-16; low middling 12 9-16; good ordinary 11 3-16; net receipts 2 bales; gross 92; sales—; to spinners 50; stock 2,986; exports to Great Britain 42.

BOSTON, August 29—Cotton steady; middling 13⅛; low middling 12⅝; good ordinary 12; net receipts 22 bales; gross 27; sales none; stock 2,880; exports to Great Britain 182.

WILMINGTON, August 29—Cotton steady; middling 12¼; low middling 11 13-16; good ordinary 10 15-16; net receipts none; gross none; sales none; stock 311 bales.

PHILADELPHIA, August 29—Cotton quiet; middling 13¼; low middling 12⅞; good ordinary 11⅞; net receipts —; gross 65 bales; stock 9,782.

SAVANNAH, August 29—Cotton easy; middling 12¼; low middling 11⅝; good ordinary 10¾; net receipts 957 bales; gross 957; sales 211; stock 1,664; exports coastwise 135.

NEW ORLEANS, August 29—Cotton quiet; middling 12⅝; low middling 12¼; good ordinary 11¾; net receipts 194 bales; gross 194; sales 450; stock 10,965.

MOBILE, August 29—Cotton quiet; middling 12⅝; good middling 12¾; good ordinary 11⅝; net receipts 11 bales; gross 11; sales none; stock 666; exports coastwise 49.

MEMPHIS, August 29—Cotton steady; middling 12½; good middling 12⅝; good ordinary 11; net receipts 9 bales; gross 9; shipments none; sales 100; stock 1,930.

AUGUSTA, August 29—Cotton quiet; middling 12 low middling 11⅝; good ordinary 11¼; net receipts 123 bales; shipments none; sales 171.

CHARLESTON, August 29—Cotton unchanged; middling 12¼; low middling 12; good ordinary 11½; net receipts 223 bales; gross 223; sales 100; stock 1,193.

PROVISIONS, GRAIN, ETC

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
Atlanta, August 29, 1882.

The following quotations indicate the fluctuations on the Chicago board of trade to-day:

	Opening	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
WHEAT.				
August	1 02¾	1 02¾	1 02	1 02
September	99⅝	99⅝	99	99¼
October	98⅞	98⅞	98	98¼
PORK				
September	22 00	22 05	21 97½	21 97½
October	22 20	22 20	22 17½	22 17½
CLEAR RIB SIDES.				
September	13 45	13 45	13 40	13 40
October	13 42½	13 42½	13 35	13 35

Flour, Grain and Meal.

ATLANTA, August 29—Flour—The market is quiet, and sales for some days past have been small; we quote fancy $6.75; extra family $6.50; family $6.00@$6.25. Wheat—Chicago—There was a moderate decline noticeable to-day. The general market presents no particular change; August closed $1 02, September 99⅛, October 98¼. The local wheat market is steady at the following prices: Tennessee No. 2 $1.10; better grades higher; Georgia wheat 90c@$1.10; better grades scarce and in demand at $1.00@$1.05. Corn—The market is very dull with stocks limited; choice white is held at $1.15; yellow $1.10 Meal—$1.05@$1.10; firm. Grits—$5.25@$5.50. Oats—50c; steady. Wheat bran—70@75.

NEW YORK, August 29—Flour, southern quiet; common to fair extra $4.96@$5.75; good to choice extra $5.80@$7.50. Wheat, cash lots ½@¾c lower; No. 2 spring nominal; ungraded red $1.01@$1.16½; No. 2 red $1.12@$1.12½ certificates; $1.12⅝@$1.13¼ delivered; No. 2 red August $1.12½@$1.12¾; September $1.12⅝@$1.13¼. Corn, cash lots ½@1c higher; No. 2 90@91½ in store; 93¾@93¼ delivered; No. 2 August 91@91½; September 85¾@86. Oats, cash lots ½@2c lower; No. 3 steady at 50. Hops moderately active and firm; eastern 41@48; New York 41@50; yearlings 20@25.

BALTIMORE, August 29—Flour quiet; Howard street and western superfine $3.25@$3.75; extra $4.00@$4.75; family $5.00@$6.00; city mills superfine $3.00@$3.75; extra $4.00@$6.75; Rio brands $6.00. Wheat, southern easier but fairly active western steady; southern red $1.12@$1.14; amber $1.15@$1.18; No. 1 Maryland $1.16 bid; No. 2 western winter red spot $1.11¾@$1.11⅞. Corn, southern quiet and easier; western steady and more active; southern white 86@88; yellow nominally 88 Oats lower and quiet; southern 48½@50; red rust proof 40@43; western white 48@50; mixed 40@42; Pennsylvania 45@50.

CHICAGO, August 29—Flour steady; common to choice spring wheat $4.00@$4.60; fair to choice old winter wheats $6.00@$6.50; new $5.00@$5.50; low grades $3.00@$4.75; patents $7.50@$8.75. Wheat quiet and steady; regular $1.02½ August; 99¼ September; No. 2 red winter $1.02¼ cash; $1.02½@$1.02¾ August; $1.01½ September; No. 2 Chicago spring $1.00¼ cash; $1.02¾ August. Corn fairly active and a shade higher; 76¼ cash; 76¼ bid August; 75¼@75⅜ September. Oats steady and firm; 39½ cash; 36½ September.

CINCINNATI, August 29—Flour easier; family $4.70@$5.10; fancy $5.50@$6.25 Wheat dull and lower; No. 2 red winter $1.01@$1.01¼ spot; $1.00½ bid August. Corn in fair demand; No. 2 mixed 77⅛@77½ spot; 78 bid August. Oats quiet; No. 2 mixed 39½@40 spot; 40½ August; 37¾ September.

ST. LOUIS, August 29—Flour steady; family $4.25@$4.35; choice $4.85@$4.90 Wheat unsettled; cash higher; No 2 red fall 97¾@99⅝ cash; 98⅝ August; 97¾ September. Corn lower and slow; 73⅝ cash; 73¾ August 71⅞ September. Oats higher for cash; 34@34½ cash; 34⅛ August.

LOUISVILLE, August 29—Flour steady; extra family $4.50@$4.75; fancy to choice $5.50@$6.25. Wheat quiet, No 2 red winter 94 Corn quiet and easier; No. 2 white 82½, do. mixed 80. Oats quiet; No. 2 new white 40.

Groceries

ATLANTA, August 29—Coffee—Rio 9½@12½ Roasted Coffees—Old government Java 25@3. Sugars—Standard A 10@10¼; granulated 10½@10¾; cut loaf 12; powdered 12; white extra C 10⅛; yellow C 8½@9¼; market about bare of New Orleans sugar. Molasses—Black strap, in barrels, 36. Syrup—Fair 45; prime 55; choice 60. Teas—Oolong 35@60; Japan 40@$1.00; Imperial and gunpowder 45@80; Young Hyson 37@75; English breakfast 35@75. Pepper 19; allspice 20; cinnamon 30; saigon 55; cloves 60; African ginger 10; mace $1.25; nutmegs $1.20@$1.25; mustard, best, 40, medium 18@25. Crackers—milk 9c; Boston butter 8½c; pearl oyster 9c; soda XX 6½c; do. XXX 7c cream 9c; lemon 10c; molasses cakes 9½; ginger snaps 10c. Candy—Assorted stick 13c. Mackerel—No. 3 bbls $9.00; ½ bbls $4.50@$5.00; ¼ bbls $1.89@$2.25; kits 75; No. 2 ½ bbls $5.25@$5.50; kits 85; No. 1 ½ bbls $6.00@$6.25; kits $1.00. Soap—$2.50@$7.00 ⅌ 100 cakes. Candles—Full weight 15½; no light weight on market. Matches—$3.00. Soda, in kegs, 4@5c; in boxes 5½@5¾c. Rice—Scarce and high; choice 8c; prime 7½c; fair 7c.

NEW YORK, August 29—Coffee dull; Rio September 7.10; Rio cargoes 8@11; job lots 8@12. Sugar very firm and in better demand; fair to good refining 7⅛@7¼; refined firm; standard A 8⅞; yellow C 7¼@7⅝; white extra C 8½@9¼; yellow do. 7¼@8; yellow 6½@7⅛; off A 8⅝@8¾; mould A 9; confectioners A 8⅞; cut loaf 9½; crushed 9½; powdered 9⅝; granulated 9 3 16@9¼; Cubes 9½. Molasses quiet; north side 50-test Cuba 31; refining 32@34; New Orleans 60@75. Rice firmly held with demand fair; Carolina and Louisiana 5¾@7¾; rangoon 5¼@5½.

BALTIMORE, August 29—Coffee dull; Rio cargoes, ordinary to fair 8½@9½. Sugar quiet; A soft 9⅝.

CINCINNATI, August 29—Sugar steady; hards 9¾@10⅛; New Orleans 7¾@8¾.

Provisions.

NEW YORK, August 29—Pork very firmly held with demand only moderate; new mess spot $22.50; old $21.75 new mess September $22.65. Middles scarce and nominal; long clear 13¾. Lard a shade higher for export, closing firm; prime steam for export 12.80, freight on board; September 12.72½@12.75.

ATLANTA, August 29—The market is firm and advancing. Clear rib Sides—Are held at 14¼c for box lots on 30 days; loose 13¾c. Bacon—Smoked sides small and bright 13½@14c; Tennessee hams 14@14½c; sugar-cured hams 16½c. Lard—Refined 14c leaf 15½c

ST. LOUIS, August 29—Pork steady; jobbing at $22.40. Bulk meats, demand light but holders firm; shoulders 10@10.10; short rib 13.90; short clear 14.40 asked. Bacon firm; shoulders 11⅛; short rib 14⅞@15; short clear 15.35@15.40. Lard higher at 12.40 bid.

CHICAGO, August 29—Pork in good demand at full prices; $21.95@$22.00 cash; $21.97½@$22.00 September. Lard steady and in fair demand; 12.42½ cash and September. Bulk meats strong and higher; shoulders 10¼; short ribs 13.80; short clear 14½.

LOUISVILLE, August 29 Provisions strong and in good demand. Mess pork $23 50. Bulk meats, shoulders 9¾; clear rib 14; clear sides 14⅜. Bacon, shoulders 10½; clear rib 14¾; clear sides 15⅜ Sugar-cured hams 15. Lard, choice leaf 14.

BALTIMORE, August 29—Provisions firm; mess pork $23.75. Bulk meats, shoulders and clear rib sides packed 11@14½. Bacon, shoulders 12; clear rib sides 15¾; hams 15¾@16¼. Lard, refined 14.

CINCINNATI, August 29—Pork steady at $23.00. Lard steady and firm at 12 30. Bulk meats strong; shoulders 9¾; clear rib 14. Bacon in good demand; shoulders 10¾; clear rib 15; clear sides 15⅝.

Wines, Liquors, Etc.

ATLANTA, August 29—Market steady. Corn whisky, rectified, $1.00@$1.40; rye, rectified, $1.10@$1.50; rye and Bourbon medium $1.50@$2.00; rum rectified $1 25@$1.75; New England $1.75@$2.50; St. Croix $4.00; Jamaica $3.50@$4.50; gin, domestic $1.50@$2.50; imported $3.00@$4.50; Cognac brandy, domestic $1.50@$2.50; imported $5.00@$8.00; copper distilled corn whisky, Georgia made, $1.85; apple and peach brandy $2.00@$3.00; cherry and ginger brandy $1.00@$1.50; port wine $1.50@$6.50, owing to quality; sherry $1.50@$6.00; catawba $1.25@$1.75; scuppernong $1.00@$1.25.

CINCINNATI, August 29—Whisky firm at $1.17; combination sales of finished goods of 650 barrels on a basis of $1.17.

BALTIMORE, August 29—Whisky steady at $1.18@$1.20.

ST. LOUIS, August 29—Whisky steady at $1.18

CHICAGO, August 29—Whisky steady at $1.19.

Naval Stores.

WILMINGTON, August 29—Spirits turpentine steady at 40; rosin firm; $1.30 for strained; $1.45 for good strained; tar steady at $1.85; crude turpentine steady $1.25 for hards; $2.50 for yellow dip and virgin.

SAVANNAH, August 29—Rosin firm; D $1.60; E $1.65; F $1.75; G $1.80; H $1.85; I $1.95; K $2.00; M $2.37½; N $2.62½; W G $3.12½; spirits turpentine quiet at 41.

CHARLESTON, August 29—Spirits turpentine quiet at 40; rosin steady; strained to good strained $1.40@$1.50.

NEW YORK, August 29—Rosin dull and weak at $1.75@$1.90; turpentine dull and lower at 43½

Country Produce.

ATLANTA, August 29—Eggs—20c. Butter—Choice 25c; scarce and in active request; other grade 18@22½c; stocks light. Sweet Potatoes—80c@$1.00 ⅌ bu. Poultry—In good demand; young chickens 18@25c. Irish Potatoes—$2.75@$3.00 ⅌ barrel. Dried Fruit—Peaches—Peeled 10@16c; unpeeled 4c; apples 4c. Wax—20c. Onions—$2.00@$2.50 ⅌ bbl. Cabbage—None. Feathers—Choice 55; prime 50; no demand for second-hand. Cheese—13¾@15¾.

Live Stock

ATLANTA, August 29—Trade is improving; we quote: mules, 14 hands high, $85@$105; 15 hands 125@$1.35. Horses, plug $65@85; good driving and saddle $150@$200: The supply of live stock is moderate.

CINCINNATI, August 29—Hogs firm; common and light $6.50@$8.50; packing and butchers $7.80@$8.85.

RAILROAD SCHEDULES.

EAST TENNESSEE, VIRGINIA & GEORGIA RAILROAD.

GEORGIA DIVISION.

The Short Line Atlanta to Macon.---The Shortest Line to Florida.

Condensed Local Passenger Schedule, in Effect August 25th, 1882.

SOUTH. No. 1				NORTH. No. 2
7:40 a m	Leave	Dallas	Arrive	6:20 p m
8:45 a m	"	Powder Springs	"	5:15 p m
9:10 a m	"	Austell	"	4:50 p m
10:20 a m	Arrive	ATLANTA	Leave	3:40 p m
1:10 p m	Leave		Arrive	1:10 p m
3:02 p m	"	McDonough	"	11:26 a m
4:00 p m	"	Jackson	"	10:28 a m
4:18 p m	"	Indian Spring	"	10:10 a m
6:30 p m	Arrive	MACON	Leave	8:00 a m
7:50 p m	Leave		Arrive	7:00 a m
9:39 p m	"	Cochran	"	5:08 a m
10:28 p m	"	Eastman	"	4:13 a m
11:25 p m	"	McRae	"	3:12 a m
1:15 a m	"	Baxley	"	1:17 a m
2:40 a m	Arrive	JESUP	Leave	11:45 p m
3:00 a m	Leave		Arrive	11:00 p m
4:45 a m	"	Sterling	"	9:10 p m
5:35 a m	Arrive	BRUNSWICK	Leave	8:30 p m
		S., F. & W. R'y.		
3:00 a m	Leave	Jesup	Arrive	11:25 p m
4:30 a m	"	Waycross	"	9:40 p m
7:20 a m	"	Callahan	"	6:45 p m
8:10 a m	Ar.	JACKSONVILLE, Fla.	Lv.	5:35 p m

No. 3				No. 4
....	Leave	Dallas	Arrive	....
....	"	Powder Springs	"	....
....	"	Austell	"	....
....	Arrive	ATLANTA	Leave	....
....	Leave		Arrive	....
....	"	McDonough	"	....
....	"	Jackson	"	....
....	"	Indian Springs	"	....
....	Arrive	MACON	Leave	....
8:30 a m	Leave		Arrive	3:40 p m
10:35 a m	"	Cochran	"	1:35 p m
11:30 a m	"	Eastman	"	12:10 p m
1:00 p m	"	McRae	"	11:00 a m
3:20 p m	"	Baxley	"	8:55 a m
5:10 p m	Leave	JESUP	Arrive	7:15 a m
....	"	Sterling	"	....
....	Arrive	BRUNSWICK	Leave	....

Trains Nos 1 and 2, between Dallas and Macon, run daily, except Sundays. Trains Nos 3 and 4, between Macon and Jesup, run daily, except Sundays. Other trains run daily.

Trains to and from Hawkinsville connect with main line trains at Cochran.

Trains arrive Macon, both south and north, in time to connect with trains for all diverging points. Trains north arrive Atlanta in time to connect with all trains for North, East and West.

I E MALLORY, Assistant Sup't, Macon. M N BEATY, Assistant Sup't, Atlanta.
W V McCRACKEN, Superintendent, Atlanta.
J J GRIFFIN, A G P A, Atlanta. JAS R OGDEN, Gen'l Pass Agent.

SUMMER RESORTS

WASHINGTON HOTEL

707, 709 & 711 Chestnut St, Philadelphia, Pa.

R. W. FARR, MANAGER.

THIS HOTEL, WITH ITS DESIRABLE LOCATION, and noted for its large and well ventilated rooms and house comfort, with a cuisine unsurpassed, makes it especially agreeable for transient or permanent visitors to Philadelphia. Rates $2.50 per day. Liberal terms to permanent guests.

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Collier's McIntosh House,

INDIAN SPRING.

GEORGE AND WHIT COLLIER, Proprietors.

THIS CELEBRATED SUMMER RESORT OF health and pleasure is now open and prepared better than ever to meet the wants of guests. The hotel has undergone thorough renovation and offers new attractions for the comfort and entertainment of visitors. Attentive servants and the culinary departments are made especial features.

A splendid band has been engaged to furnish music during the season.

The Springs are now placed within less than two hours ride of Macon by means of the new extension of the Macon and Brunswick railroad. An elegant omnibus will convey passengers from the train to the hotel.

Information as to rates of board can be learned by addressing either
GEORGE COLLIER, Indian Spring, Ga.,
or WHIT COLLIER, Macon, Ga.

The trains now run regularly. july19—tf

$10 $20 $50 $100 SUCCESS ASSURED.

Our well tried plan of speculating in GRAIN, STOCKS, &c., secures to small and medium traders all the advantage and protection of the largest operator. Average monthly profit paid the past year, over 40 per cent. Particulars by mail free.

CUDWORTH & CO., 89 Randolph St, Chicago, Ill.

We want a good, responsible Agent in every town.

june27—d1y tues thur sat fin pg

THE SILICATE PAINT CO.

"CHARLTON WHITE."

(ORR'S PATENT,) SUPERSEDING WHITE Lead, Zinc and all other poisonous white pigments hitherto in use. Also

"Duresco or Solution of Silica."

A real remedy for damp buildings, and the best preparation for the preservation of STONE, BRICK, Plaster and CEMENT, protecting them from the effects of atmospheric influences and arresting decay.

Descriptive lists and particulars to be had on application to HOWARD FLEMING, Sole Agt. U. S., New York, or A. P. TRIPOD, 13 S Broad St. Atlanta, Ga. 409 july9—d3m

STARTLING DISCOVERY!

LOST MANHOOD RESTORED.

A victim of youthful imprudence causing Premature Decay, Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood, etc., having tried in vain every known remedy, has discovered a simple self cure, which he will send FREE to his fellow-sufferers, address J. H. REEVES, 43 Chatham st., N. Y.

sep10—d14m sun wed fri &w14m

Notice to Debtors and Creditors.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ALL PERSONS indebted to the estate of Cynthia L. Kile will make payment to the undersigned, and all having demands against said estate will present them to me for payment.

MARTHA A. WARMACK, Administratrix, 20 Smith Street, Atlanta, Ga.

aug9—d1aw6w wed

Notice to Debtors and Creditors.

ALL PERSONS HAVING DEMANDS AGAINST Louis Wurzburg, deceased, late of Fulton county, Ga., are hereby notified to render in an account of such demands to the undersigned. All persons indebted to said deceased are hereby notified to make immediate payment to the undersigned. August 16th, 1882.

MARSHAL J. CLARKE, Administrator de bonis non Louis Wurzburg.

aug 16—d1aw6w wed

INCREASE YOUR CAPITAL.

$10 $20 WHEAT $50 STOCKS $100

Those desiring to make money on small and medium investments in grain, provisions and stock speculations, can do so by operating on our plan. From May 1st, 1881, to the present date, on investments of $10.00 to $1,000, cash profits have been realized and paid to investors amounting to several times the original investment, still leaving the original investment making money or payable on demand. Explanatory circulars and statements of fund W sent free. We want responsible agents, who will report on crops and introduce the plan. Liberal commissions paid. Address, FLEMMING & MERRIAM, Commission Merchants, Major Block, Chicago, Ill.

apr6—d1y mark or fin pg

REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE.

SPARTANBURG, S. C.

WE BUY, SELL, EXCHANGE AND NEGOtiate all classes of Real Estate on commission and have on our books a very choice collection of valuable property in and around this city (Spartanburg, S. C.) at private sale. The advantages of this section of our country for permanent investments in real estate are well conceded. Property is now being handled at a minimum price. All persons interested are respectfully invited to address

A. J. GWYNN, Real Estate Exchange, Spartanburg, S. C.

Refers in Atlanta to Major John Keely, Messrs Chamberlin, Boynton & Co., Mr. G. W. Adair.

june22 d1y

RAILROAD SCHEDULES.

CINCINNATI, NEW ORLEANS AND TEXAS PACIFIC RAILWAY TIME CARD.

IN EFFECT AUGUST, 1882.

Cincinnati Southern Division.

READ DOWN.			READ UP	
12 50 nt	2 40 pm	Lv Atlanta Ar	1 40 pm	3 58 am
1 40 am	3 28 pm	" Marietta "	12 47 m	3 10 am
2 46 am	4 30 pm	" Cartersv. "	11 42 am	2 08 am
3 14 am	4 55 pm	" Dalton "	11 15 am	1 41 am
4 47 am	6 34 pm	" Kingston "	9 46 am	12 16 nt
6 04 am	7 42 pm	" Boyce "	8 26 am	11 05 pm
5 55 am	7 30 pm	" Chattan. "	8 30 am	10 25 pm
7 50 am	9 35 pm	" Sp'g City "	6 40 am	8 23 pm
8 40 am	10 08 pm	" Rockwood "	6 06 am	7 50 pm
12 40 m	1 52 am	" Pt Burnsd "	2 36 am	3 40 pm
1 05 pm	2 15 am	" Somerset "	2 20 am	3 00 pm
2 32 pm	3 35 am	" Junc. City "	12 57 nt	1 26 pm
2 42 pm	3 44 am	" Danville "	12 47 nt	1 16 pm
3 11 pm	4 11 am	" Hi Bridge "	12 23 nt	12 47 m
3 33 pm	4 33 am	" Nicholsv. "	12 05 nt	12 26 m
4 05 pm	5 05 am	" Lexingt'n "	11 40 pm	12 00 m
4 30 pm	5 26 am	" Georget'n "	11 10 pm	11 28 am
7 00 pm	7 40 am	Ar Cincin'ati Lv	8 40 pm	8 45 am

Lookout Mountain Line.

READ DOWN.			READ UP.	
8 00 am	6 42 pm	Lv N. Orl'ns Ar	9 22 am	11 15 pm
....	12 05 nt	Lv Mobile Ar	4 00 am	....

Vicksburg, Shreveport & Pacific Division.

READ DOWN.			READ UP	
....	8 35 am	Lv Monroe Ar	5 35 pm	....
....	2 10 pm	" Delta "	12 00 m	....
....	2 40 pm	Ar Vicksb'g Lv	11 30 am	....

Vicksburg & Meridian Division.

READ DOWN.			READ UP.	
....	8 00 pm	Lv Vicksb'g Ar	6 20 am	....
....	10 43 pm	" Jackson "	3 55 am	....
....	11 28 pm	" Brandons "	2 58 am	....
....	1 44 am	" Forest "	12 50 nt	....
....	4 45 am	Ar Meridian Lv	10 20 pm	....

Alabama Great Southern Division.

READ DOWN.			READ UP.	
....	5 30 am	Lv Meridian Ar	10 00 pm	....
....	7 04 am	" Livingst'n "	8 27 pm	....
....	9 57 am	" Tusc'loosa "	5 33 pm	....
....	12 21 m	" Birm'ham "	3 13 pm	....
....	2 50 pm	" Attalla "	12 55 m	....
....	6 30 pm	Ar Chattan. Lv	9 00 am	....

Cincinnati Southern Division.

READ DOWN.			READ UP.	
....	7 30 pm	Lv Chattan. Ar	8 30 am	....
....	9 35 pm	Ar Sp'g City "	6 40 am	....
....	4 11 am	" Hi.Bridge "	12 13 nt	....
....	5 00 am	" Lexingt'n "	11 40 pm	....
....	7 40 am	" Cincin'ati Lv	8 40 pm	....

John Scott, Vice-President and General Manager, Cincinnati, Ohio.

E P Wilson, General Ticket and Passenger Agent, Cincinnati Southern Railway, Cincinnati, Ohio.

H Collbran, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Alabama Great Southern Railroad, Chattanooga, Tenn.

J Hardy, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Vicksburg and Meridian Railroad, Vicksburg, Mississippi.

James F McGuire, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Vicksburg, Shreveport and Pacific Railroad, Monroe, Louisiana.

R H Garratt, General Agent, Vicksburg and New Orleans.

H M Cottingham, General Southern Agent, Atlanta, Georgia.

Reau Campbell, General Traveling Agent, Cincinnati, Ohio.

—THE—

RICHMOND & DANVILLE LINE

72 MILES SHORTER

Than any Existing Route

TO WASHINGTON AND THE EAST

350 MILES SHORTER

—THAN—

ANY ROUTE VIA CINCINNATI.

Schedule in Effect May 21st, 1882.	Express, 51.	Mail, 53.
Leave Atlanta via R & D R R	2 40 p m	4 00 a m
" Toccoa " "	7 10 p m	8 18 a m
" Greenville " "	10 08 p m	11 04 a m
Arrive Charlotte " "	3 15 a m	4 00 p m
Leave Charlotte " "	4 00 a m	4 40 p m
" Salisbury " "	5 53 a m	6 24 p m
Arrive Greensboro " "	8 00 a m	8 20 p m
" Danville " "	10 17 a m	10 12 p m
Arrive N. Danville " "	10 20 a m	10 15 p m
Lve N Danville via Va M R R	10 40 a m	10 30 p m
" Lynchburg " "	2 10 p m	12 55 a m
" Charlottesville, " "	4 40 p m	3 10 a m
Arrive Washington " "	9 25 p m	7 40 a m
Lve N. Danville via R & D RR	10 35 a m	11 00 p m
" Burkeville " "	2 15 p m	4 22 a m
Arr Belle Isle " "	4 20 p m	7 12 a m
" Richmond " "	4 30 p m	7 20 a m
Lve Richmond via R, F & P R R	5 00 p m	8 00 a m
Arr Washington via A & F R R	9 50 p m	1 10 p m
Lve Washington via B & P R R	10 20 p m	1 30 p m
" Baltimore, P, W & B RR	11 55 p m	3 05 p m
Arr Philadelphia, P W & B R R	3 30 a m	6 30 p m
" New York via Penn R R	6 50 a m	9 35 p m
" Boston	3 55 p m	7 45 a m

Arrangement of Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars

—VIA—

Charlotte, Danville & Lynchburg

On 53—Through Sleeper Charlotte to W without change.
On 51—Through Sleeper Atlanta to New York without change.

—VIA—

Charlotte, Danville and Richmond

On 51—Through Sleeper Atlanta to Danville and Richmond to New York.
On 53—Sleeper Charlotte to Richmond.

T. M. R. TALCOTT, General Manager. M. SLAUGHTER, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
I. Y. SAGE, Superintendent. W. J. HOUSTON, Assistant G. P. A.
May 5th, 1882. 868 feb26—d1y

GEORGIA RAILROAD.

GEORGIA RAILROAD COMPANY, OFFICE GENERAL MANAGER, AUGUSTA, GA., July 1, 1882.

Commencing Sunday, 2d instant, the following Passenger Schedule will be operated:

NO. 2 EAST DAILY.		NO. 1 WEST DAILY.	
L've Atlanta	8 20 am	L've Augusta	10 30 am
Ar. Athens	4 00 pm	" Macon	7 10 am
" Washington	2 55 pm	" Milledg'e	9 10 am
" Camak	1 57 pm	" Camak	12 29 am
" Milledg'v'e	4 48 pm	" Wash'g'n	11 20 am
Ar. Macon	6 45 pm	" Athens	9 45 am
" Augusta	3 55 pm	Ar. Atlanta	5 45 pm

COVINGTON ACCOMMODATION. (Daily, Except Sundays.)

L've Atlanta	6 00 pm	L've Covington	5 40 am
Ar. Covington	8 20 pm	Ar. Atlanta	8 00 am

DECATUR ACCOMMODATION. (Daily, except Sundays.)

L've Atlanta	12 30 pm	L've Decatur	2 00 pm
Ar. Decatur	1 00 pm	Ar. Atlanta	2 30 pm
NO 4 EAST DAILY.		NO. 3 WEST DAILY.	
L've Atlanta	8 45 pm	L've Augusta	8 50 pm
Ar. Athens	8 30 am	" Athens	6 00 pm
Ar. Augusta	6 30 am	Ar. Atlanta	6 40 am

Trains Nos. 2, 1, 4 and 3 will if signaled stop at any regular scheduled Flag Station.

Close connection to and from Washington on Sundays.

Connects at Augusta for all points East and North-East.

Superb Improved SLEEPERS to Augusta. PULLMAN SLEEPERS Augusta to Washington, D. C. Only one change Atlanta to New York.

JOHN W. GREEN, General Manager. E. R. DORSEY, General Pass. Agent.

—THE—

GEORGIA PACIFIC RAILWAY CO.

Superintendent's Office, ATLANTA, GA., July 22d, 1882.

ON AND AFTER JULY 22d, THE FOLLOWING schedule will take effect between Atlanta and Villa Rica:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAYS.

No. 1.	a. m.	No. 2.	
Leave Atlanta	7:30	Lve Villa Rica	11:40 a m
Arrive Villa Rica	10:25	Arrive Atlanta	2:15 p m

Trains will arrive at and depart from the Georgia Pacific Railway Depot grounds in Atlanta

W. J. HOUSTON, General Passenger Agent. I. Y. SAGE, Superintendent.

DR. HARTER'S

Endorsed and recommended by the medical profession, for Dyspepsia, General Debility, Female Diseases, Want of Vitality, Nervous Prostration, and Convalescence from Fevers, &c.

GENTLEMEN: I was suffering from general debility to such an extent that my labor was exceedingly burdensome to me. A vacation of a month did not give me much relief, but on the contrary, was followed by increased prostration and sinking chills. At this time I began the use of your IRON TONIC, from which I realized almost immediate and wonderful results. The old energy returned and I found that my natural force was not permanently abated. I have used three bottles of the Tonic. Since using it I have done twice the labor that I ever did in the same time during my illness, and with double the ease. With the tranquil nerve and vigor of body, has come also a clearness of thought never before enjoyed. If the Tonic has not done the work, I know not what. I give it the credit. J. P. WATSON, Pastor Christian Church, Troy, O.

The Iron Tonic is a preparation of Protoxide of Iron, Peruvian Bark, and Phosphates, associated with the Vegetable Aromatics. It serves every purpose where a Tonic is necessary.

IRON TONIC.

MANUFACTURED BY THE DR. HARTER MEDICINE CO., NO. 213 NORTH MAIN STREET, ST. LOUIS.

JACK & HOLLAND,

STEAM CANDY AND CRACKER MANUFACTURERS,

Wholesale Confectioners and Fancy Grocers,

No. 36 WHITEHALL STREET, : : : Office, up-stairs.

CRACKER, STICK CANDY, FANCY CANDIES—(PRESSED DROPS AND LUMPS, LOZENGES, Gum Drops, Imperials, Rock Candy, Caramels and Cocoanut Candies), CHEWING GUM, NUTS, PEANUTS, RAISINS, PRESERVES AND JELLIES, BRANDY FRUITS, CANNED FRUITS, CANNED VEGETABLES, OYSTERS, SARDINES, LOBSTERS, MACKEREL, SALMON, TOBACCO, CIGARS, SNUFF, ROASTED COFFEES, GREEN AND BLACK TEAS, SPICES, PICKLES (in Glass and Wood), CIDER (in Kegs, Barrels and Bottles), BAKING POWDER, SODA, POTASH, SOAP, STARCH, CANDLES, CANDY JARS (all sizes), CRACKERS and CANDY CASES (Tin and Paper, with Glass Fronts,)

WALNUT AND METAL SHOW CASES

IN ENDLESS VARIETY, AT NEW YORK AND CINCINNATI PRICES.

881 july23—d&w3m

MILBURN WAGONS, CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, ETC.

BUY THE BEST.

31 Years on the Market.

THE OLD RELIABLE.

The Best Finished Wagon.

SOUTHERN BRANCH

MILBURN WAGON CO.

LIBRARY BUILDING,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

THE MILBURN WAGON

Is made of the best materials of thoroughly seasoned lumber, and by Fairly Paid Honest Workmen. No Convict labor used. A large stock of every size and variety can always be found at

NOS 39, 41 AND 43 DECATUR STREET.

ALSO, AT SAME PLACE THE LARGEST STOCK OF

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, PHAETONS,

—AND—

SPRING WAGONS

IN THE CITY. Come and see us before purchasing. SPECIAL PRICES TO THE TRADE.

H. L. ATWATER, General Agent and Manager Southern Branch.

886 jan22—d1f

"THE BROWN HOUSE,"

GEORGE C. BROWN, Proprietor.

MACON..........GEORGIA,

IMMEDIATELY OPPOSITE PASSENGER DEPOT.

TERMS $2.50 AND $3.00 PER DAY.

THIS POPULAR HOTEL, WITH THE TRAVELING PUBLIC DURING THE PAST FEW MONTHS, has been thoroughly overhauled and renovated from the basement to the attic. The rooms have been newly carpeted and supplied with handsome furniture, and every effort has been made to make them comfortable and attractive. This House is regarded as the most liberally managed in the South, and for the past year the registers show an actual account of 25,000. It is known as the Headquarters for Commercial Men.

The office is in charge of Fred. A. Richards and Fred A. Cullen, who never fail to make their friends comfortable while enjoying the hospitality of Macon's Most Popular Hotel. july6—d1f

AMERICA STILL FURTHER AHEAD!

WILLIMANTIC

THE BEST THREAD FOR SEWING MACHINES.

Six Cord Soft Finish Spool Cotton,

Awarded all the Honors at the

ATLANTA

International Cotton Exposition, 1881,

—FOR—

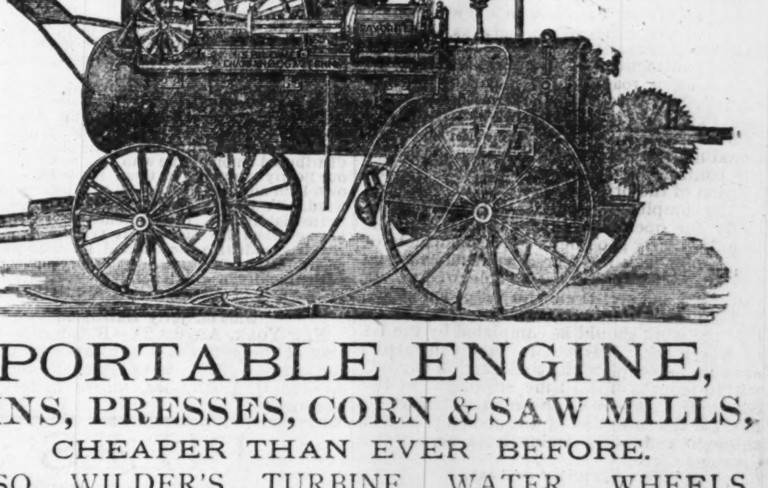
"THE BEST THREAD for MACHINE and HAND SEWING."

Two Gold Medals and the Grand Prize.

1070 july30—d6m

ENGINES, GINS, CORN AND SAW MILLS, ETC.

LOWE'S FOUNDRY AND MACHINE CO.



PORTABLE ENGINE,

GINS, PRESSES, CORN & SAW MILLS,

CHEAPER THAN EVER BEFORE.

ALSO, WILDER'S TURBINE WATER WHEELS.

ADDRESS LOWE & KIRK, CHATTANOOGA, TENN.

july25—d1m fri sun wed

CITY NEWS.

THE REGULAR RECORD OF CURRENT LOCAL EVENTS.

The Day's Doing in Public Offices—The Record of the Courts, the Railroads and Hotels—Capitol Jottings—Real Estate Operations—Improvements—Gossip of all Kinds.

Yesterday was a pleasant day.

Thanksgiving turkeys are scarce.

Local politics have not warmed up yet.

Hunter street sidewalks are being repaired.

Police headquarters is soon to be improved.

The town was exceedingly quiet yesterday.

The public schools will open on Monday next.

Sam Banks is still wanted by the police for larceny.

The pomological society does not meet regularly now.

The improvements on the capitol are still in progress.

Hay is advancing steadily and grain is on the decline.

Travel is brisk and the hotels are doing a good business.

John F. Martin, a colored tight rope walker, is coming here soon.

About twenty Atlantians left for the Lexington, Ky., fair yesterday.

A heavy rain fell yesterday evening, after which it turned rather cool.

The Atlanta baseball club puts in an hour with the ball and bat every afternoon.

A buggy and a street car collided on Decatur street yesterday much to the damage of the buggy.

An ice cream festival was given at the Mission chapel, corner of Walker and Fair streets, last night.

The Atlanta Musical Union cornet band still continues to be an organization despite Professor Soule's absence.

It is estimated at the department of agriculture that the corn crop this year will reach thirty million bushels—an almost unprecedented yield.

Caterpillars are reported as having made their appearance in Campbell county. Poison has been sent down by the department of agriculture for their extermination.

Mrs. J. K. Thrower, who died in Gainesville, Texas, a few days ago, was buried yesterday at Oakland cemetery. The funeral sermon was preached at St. Pauls by Rev. Mr. Dunlap.

REAL ESTATE NOTES.

Mrs. Harriet Holmes is building a cottage on Yonge street.

The real estate and rental agents are having a lively time.

Mr. G. R. Boaz's residence on Wheat street has been completed.

Mr. S. M. Echols is building a handsome cottage on Glenn street.

C. P. Blinkley will soon begin building a couple of cottages on Rawson street.

Messrs. Frierson and Leak, the real estate agents, have dissolved partnership, but both will continue in the business.

Tanner's Court.

Fletcher Bishop was before Justice Tanner yesterday charged with assault and battery. He was required to give bond for his appearance at the next term of the city court.

Sad News.

Mr. Louis Saloshin, an employe of THE CONSTITUTION yesterday received a letter from Covington, Ky., informing him of the death by dropsy of the heart, of his cousin, Mrs. Isadore Tuch.

Sectional Checker-Board Puzzle.

Messrs. Selchon & Righter, publishers of games and amusements, 41 John street, New York, have just issued a sectional checker-board puzzle, which is exceedingly amusing and interesting.

The McCay Banquet.

To-morrow night the bar of Atlanta will tender a banquet to Judge H. K. McCay, in honor of his appointment to the bench of the district court of the United States. It will be an elegant affair and a most deserved compliment to the distinguished judge.

Before the Commissioner.

M. V. McWright, of Campbell county, was before Commissioner Smith yesterday charged with removing and concealing distilled spirits on which the tax had not been paid. He waived a preliminary hearing and gave bond in the sum of $300 for his appearance before the district court.

Stealing Gas Fixtures.

Yesterday afternoon Officer Stroud detected a negro boy handling some gas fixtures, on Marietta street, and at once suspected he was handling stolen property. The negro observed the officer watching and made an effort to escape, but the officer followed him and after a sharp race captured him near the Western and Atlantic railroad round house. At police headquarters the captive gave his name as Will Gibson.

Thanksgiving Services.

To-morrow will be Thanksgiving day, by order of the governor. In Atlanta the banks and all public offices will be closed. The religious services for the day will be as follows: At eleven o'clock everybody desiring to participate regardless of religious denomination, will assemble at the First Baptist church. General C. A. Evans, of the First Methodist church, will preside. Governor Colquitt, Dr. Hornady, Dr. Martin and others will make short addresses. A full programme will be published to-morrow morning.

The County Tax Digest.

Uncle Jim Harris says there was a slight mistake in the tax digest report in yesterday's paper. There has been no decrease in the amount of the polls returned. We made the mistake of including in the number of polls the defaulters returned last year. The polls returned last year were 3,588, and for this year were 3,805, an increase of 217. Mr. Harris also said: "You may say that during the two years that I have been tax receiver of Fulton county, there has been the unprecedented increase of 22 per cent. in value of property, I have labored hard to get every tax payer to make return of his property, and I think I have been more than usually successful this year."

A STRAY SHOT.

Which Causes a Sensation to the One Aimed At—A Criminal's Guilty Conscience.

At two o'clock on yesterday morning the sharp click of a pistol diturbed the air. It brought one man to a standstill and expedited the purposes of the one who did the firing. At that hour Mr. P. J. Moran was walking down Mitchell street, and a little in front of him, he discerned another person walking rather rapidly, when in front of the residence of Mr. Force the party in front stopped, turned round, discharged his pistol up the street, then ran and turned down Thompson street. Mr. Moran stopped a moment, mused upon the accidents of human life, and then continued his journey. It is surmised that the person who did the firing was some criminal making his way out of the city. Imagining that the one following him was an officer in pursuit, he turned, fired and then escaped.

CARRYING THE NOTE.

The Little Messengers of Cupid who Keep Up Good Relations Between the Loving.

Among the most useful adjuncts of love-making is the small black boy. It is he who carries the note, the reading of which makes the fair one's heart flutter, and to his hands is confided the dainty little reply, couched in such terms of guarded maidenhood, and so eagerly scanned by the young man around the corner who is waiting to receive it.

Did you ever see the little grinning African as he strode down the street, his arms in a swing of motion, a little white object in his hand and his feet keeping time with the best Rowell ever made. Suddenly he comes to the intersection of a street and knows not which way to turn. Now is your chance to secure information. "Mister, which 'o dese is Whitehall?" "Well, Bobby, there is Old Whitehall and New Whitehall, which is it you want?" And to help the boy out in his search you take his envelope and read the inscription: "Miss Hettie Hathaway, 503¾ Whitehall, up stairs, left of hallway." A ray of light breaks across your vision. You have long wanted to find out who Miss Hettie's visitor was. "Oh, yes, I can tell you. She lives out this way," pointing. "Mr.——ah! Mr. ——" "Mr. Jemison, on Decatur street, said for me to hurry back." There it is. You know enough now to follow the story out to its sequel. Mr. Jemison feels satisfied that his secret is known only to Miss Hettie, and Miss Hettie? Why, the shade of suspicion never crossed her mind. And yet she can't imagine how it is that the neighbors know as much.

LOVE'S LABOR'S COSTS.

Just here a little mathematical calculation might be made of what love's labor costs. The envelope and paper cost two cents, the small boy ten cents and then the brain work required in such laborious composition. Let us say that there are fifty engagements made daily, which is a small figure for a population of 46,000 people. Fifty notes exchanged at twelve cents each make six dollars a day, which is forty-three dollars a week, which amounts in a year to $2,236. The young man, of course, has to shave and have his two dollar gaiters polished, which will cost him fifteen cents more. This, in a year, will amount to $5,475, which, added to the $2,236, makes a total of $7,711. At precisely 8:15, in the evening, when the young man has got comfortably seated in the parlor, the young lady would just think of the twelve-cent note and then look at the young man's oiled hair, waxed mustache and shining boots, and think of what it has cost him to reach the point where he sits before her, she would surely reward him with a smile laden with honeyed sweetness.

There are those, however, who are economical even in love, and resort to many expedients to escape the onerous task imposed upon those whose hearts are heavy with the uncertainty of preliminary courtship. A story is told of a worthy gentleman of Atlanta who, in early life, saw a pretty face supported by a faultless figure. While his money lasted the small black boy was ever at his beck, but alas! one day his funds failed him. The happy thought struck him of carrying his own note, handing it to the servant, sitting on the doorstep until the answer came and then hieing around the corner to kill time until the appointed hour had arrived. His constancy was rewarded, for he won the prize to whom he so ardently addressed himself, and he now enjoys the sweets of an esthetic home and blooming daughters of his own.

STEPHENS IN ATLANTA.

An Enthusiastic Reception at the Depot—He Will Remain a Week in the City.

Yesterday afternoon at 5:45 Mr. Stephens arrived on the Georgia train from Liberty Hall, his famme house at Crawfordsville. He was attended by his faithful servant, Alex Kent, and by Quinn Stephens, who has been his driver in Washington during the past session of congress. Though the arrival of the "Great Commoner" was not generally anticipated there was a great crowd at the depot, probably 1,500 people. As the train rolled in the brass band struck up an inspiring air and the people cried "Stephens!" until he was compelled to appear. He came out on the platform of the ladies car leaning on the arm of his body-servant, Alex Kent. On the appearance of the thin, historic figure there was an enthusiastic cheer. When it had subsided, Mr. Stephens said:

"Fellow-citizens: I thank you for this welcome. It was entirely unexpected by me, and being somewhat jaded from the fatigue of travel, I can only say now that this demonstration is exceedingly gratifying to me, in that it shows that in the breasts of the men of Atlanta the old democratic fires are still burning, and as I expect to remain in your city several days I shall take some suitable opportunity, God willing, for stirring up the embers."

Loud cheers followed this brief speech, and as Mr. Stephens was conveyed to his carriage the crowd cheered again and again. The enthusiasm of the colored people was especially noticeable.

He was carried to the home of his relative, Mr. A. G. Grier, No. 60 Forsyth street, where he received numerous calls during the evening, up to his retiring hour, 9 o'clock. He has been remarkably well since he left Washington and is now in the best of spirits. During his stay in the city he will be quiet, but it is hoped that he may be induced to address the people of Atlanta.

"CLARENCE, DEAR,"

Were the Words Which Attracted So Much Attention at the Car Shed.

Many of those who were at the car shed yesterday when the passenger trains were going and coming, witnessed one of the saddest sights and heard one of the saddest stories that the mind could well imagine. Among the passengers who came up from the south were an elderly gentleman, an old colored woman and a young lady of about 18 years. The first mentioned was a handsome old gentleman with beard and hair as white as snow. The second was a nurse, while the third was a lady of rare beauty around whose life the most pitiful romance hangs. She was tall and dark, a perfect brunette, whose majestic moonlight beauty chilled while it appealed to the ideal life of the heart. Her eyes were of the deepest purple blue, her feature truly Grecian while her glossy black hair coiled itself closely about a faultlessly shaped head. Her face wore a haughty, gracious expression, but in her eyes there was a wild, restless look which caused the observer to stop spell-bound when they lighted upon him. From the time the two reached the city until they left on the Western and Atlantic passenger train the young lady clung to the old colored woman with a fondness so apparent that it suggested a strangeness between herself and her father—for such the old gentleman was. Soon after they reached the city the story of her life, as all sad stories do, leaked out. The young lady was a maniac and her presence in Atlanta yesterday was occasioned by a visit to New York for treatment. As she sat in her apartment in the sleeper beside her old nurse by her conduct she excited the greatest pity. She was laying her beautiful head upon the old woman's shoulders, and looking up into her face would say, "Clarence, Clarence dear, where are you?" This was her entire conversation, and for weeks past it is all she has said.

"Yes," said a gentleman who knew her history, "it is a sad story. Only eighteen years of age, rich, pretty and smart, and the ideal of all who know her, and yet a maniac."

"Do you know her? Tell me about it," put in a CONSTITUTION reporter, who had been near when the remark was made.

"No, I don't know her," was the reply, "but here is the story in this paper. I came up on the same train with them and bought the paper in Mobile."

The reporter took the paper and glancing at the place indicated by the gentleman's finger saw a two column story which told the sad tale. The young lady is a native of Louisiana, and as the article read "the daughter of a wealthy planter whose idol she was. Educated, wealthy and beautiful, she was as happy as the angels. She was, of course, the center of a large circle of friends and admirers, each of whom sought to show the love for and appreciation of her. About a year ago she became engaged to the gentleman and the wedding was fixed for the 21st of last month. He was in every way worthy of the treasure he had won, and both were congratulated upon their luck. He was devoted to her and she to him. They were never happier than when together and never long apart. But their happiness was too great to last and the bitterness that followed sounds like romance. As the wedding day approached they grew happier and fonder of each other. They were almost daily together. She was fond of horseback riding and in her daily canters he was by her side. On the 15th of July, six days before they were to have been married, he called to see her to say good bye, for on the morrow he was going away to return no more until the day before the wedding. For a long time they sat and talked, both bewailing the business which carried them apart. Finally he arose to go, but she ordered her horse to ride a part of the way with him. They left her home happy and joyful, but she returned with heart steeped in sorrow and grief, while he was brought back one mass of bruised flesh and blood. His horse and her whip done the work. In a playful mood she struck the animal, and in an instant the rider had been thrown against a stone fence, which skirted the road. His injuries were fatal, and on the wedding day he died, and she became the wild, restless maniac she is. Truly her story is a sad one."

THE COMING CONTEST.

What Offices the Voters of Atlanta and Fulton have Before Them for Filling.

This may be said to be the year of elections with Atlanta. In addition to the state and congressional elections in which it will take part, its citizens will have a chance to vote for county and city officials. In the county every office is to be filled, except the ordinary. In October the state senator and legislators will be selected, and the rest in January next. Hon. Will H. Wynn, of Cobb county, the present senator, will be succeeded by the nominee of the senatorial convention which convenes in this city on the 7th of next month.

Messrs. Rice, Hillyer and Patterson, the present legislators, will give way to another trio of law-makers. So far the field has an abundance of candidates. Colonel E.F. Hoge, an attoney, Mr. F. P. Rice, one of the present legislators and a retired lumber dealer, Mr. R. H. Knapp, a successful real estate agent, Captain William G. Newman, a contractor, and Major J. F. Cummings, of the Atlanta cotton exchange, are mentioned.

Mr. C. H. Strong, the present clerk of the superior court, will again enter the race for the office. His ticket has not been announced yet, but it is generally presumed that Mr. Park Woodward and Mr. William Venable will be associated with him. This combination will be opposed by Dr. J. S. Holliday, with deputies not yet known. Mr. Frank T Ryan is also a prominent candidate for the office, and will in due time announce his combination.

For sheriff there will probably be three tickets in the field. The present combination, headed by Mr. Perkerson, will re-enter the race. Mr. Charles Wells, it is said, will head another combination, while Judge Daniel Pittman will head still another.

Uncle Jim Harris, the present tax receiver, will enter the contest, and will be opposed by Mr. W. Y. Langford, janitor for the county offices.

Judge W. W. Clayton, the present tax collector, has no opposition, and will go in with ease. Mr. B. F. Walker, the present county surveyor, will have no opposition, while Mr. Frank Hillburn will have a walk over in coroner's race.

For years Mr. C. M. Payne has been county treasurer, and the chances are that he will retain the office as long as he wants it.

CITY CAMPAIGN.

Mayor English retires and leaves behind permanent and solid improvements which will always be a monument to his administration.

So far there are but three candidates for the mayoralty—Mr. John B. Goodwin, an ex-alderman and prominent attorney, Dr. E. J. Roach, a popular and successful physician, and Mr. John H. Seals, of the Sunny South.

Of the aldermanic board Mr. Beermann, who has served three years, the allotted time of an alderman, retires. His successor will be chosen from among Mr. J. H. Mecaslin, the secretary and treasurer of the Atlanta gas light company; Mr. W. D. Payne, the retiring councilman from the fifth ward; and Mr. Thomas J. Buchanan, a Decatur street merchant.

In the first ward, Councilman Pinson retires and leaves his chair to be filled by one of a host of candidates—Mr. William Gramling, late superintendent of the car department of the Western and Atlantic railroad; Mr. James A. Gray, a promising young attorney; Mr. W. M. Middlebrooks, a grocer on West Peters street, and Dr. J. M. Boring, the county physician.

Councilman Knapp vacates the second ward chair, and will be succeeded either by Mr. John H. Ketner, of the Kennesaw mills, or Mr. E. A. Werner, agent of the Georgia railroad.

The third ward loses Mr. D. A. Beatie, chairman of the police committee, who will be followed by Colonel L. P. Grant, president of the Atlanta and West Point railroad, by Mr. S. Ward Day, the ice and fish dealer.

Mr. Jack W. Johnson, of the fourth ward, goes out leaving Councilman Howell's associate to be selected from Mr. J. S. Garmany, assistant superintendent of the county chaingang, Mr. B. F. Longley, of the firm of Longley, Robinson & Co., plaining mills, on Butler street, Mr. M. M. Brannan, the journalist, and Mr. W. L. Hubbard, a Peachtree grocery merchant.

In the fifth ward Mr. W. D. Payne retires and Mr. Ed T. Payne, a Marietta street grocer, Mr. Z. A. Rice, a Broad street cotton merchant, and Mr. Robert Winship, the foundry man, will be candidates for his chair.

OUR ENTIRE STOCK

OF

SUMMER CLOTHING

AT COST,

UNTIL SEPTEMBER 1ST

FOR CASH.

JAMES A. ANDERSON & CO.,

41 Whitehall Street.

aug3 d12m—top col 7p

CARPETS. CARPETS.

EXTRAORDINARY BARGAINS.

JOHN RYAN

Is receiving daily the largest and most magnificent lot of Carpets ever shown in any Carpet House in the Southern States, consisting in part of

TAPESTRY, BODY BRUSSELLS, WILTONS,
VELVETS, MOUQUETTE, AXMINSTER,
All kinds, INGRAINS, Etc., Etc., Etc.,

and is selling them at prices which are unapproachable by any house in the United States.

JOHN RYAN

ALSO, KEEPS THE LARGEST AND BEST ASSORTED STOCK OF

HOUSE FUNISHING GOODS

to be found anywhere. Below we mention a few of the many house-furnishing articles always to be found in his

EXTENSIVE CARPET WARE-ROOMS.

Crumb Cloths all sizes. Mosquito Nets. Lambrequins made in all designs and of any material. Dado Shades in latest designs. Ottomans, Adjustable Cornices, Mattresses, Scotch Holland, all widths and colors.

Magnificent assortment of Crettones, Raw Silk, Jute Goods, etc.

JOHN RYAN

makes a specialty of Recovering Furniture.

CARPETS SOLD ON TNE INSTALLMENT PLAN

AT CASH PRICES.

Parties contemplating furnishing their houses this fall will save money and study their own nterests by calling at

JOHN RYAN'S,

61 WHITEHALL AND 70--78 BROAD ST.

AT WHOLESALE ONLY.

Having determined to sell out our entire Retail Drug Department, September 1, 1882, we will, after that date, sell at

WHOLESALE ONLY.

PEMBERTON, IVERSON & CO.

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS

---AND---

MANUFACTURING CHEMISTS,

40 AND 42 WALL STREET, Opposite Passenger Depot.

N. B.---Third Floor 100x50 feet, with elevator, suitable for light manufacturing purposes, for Rent.

aug12—dtf 7thp un ryan

ANNOUNCEMENT

By the solicitation of my friends, I hereby announce myself a candidate for councilman in the first ward at the ensuing election.

J. M. BORING.

We are authorized to announce Captain W. M. MIDDLEBROOKS as a candidate for Council from the First Ward, at ensuing election. aug26—1m

We take pleasure in announcing the name of S. W. DAY as a candidate for Councilman from the Third Ward, at the coming election.

874 aug27—d1m MANY CITIZENS.

DOWN WITH MONOPOLIES

GATE CITY

FURNITURE MANUAFACTORY

JOHN D. STOCKER, Prop'r.

Manufacture Medium & Cheap Furniture.

Send for Price List.

234 AND 236 MARIETTA ST.,

aug26—d1m ATLANTA, GA.

NERVOUS DEBILITY

A CURE GUARANTEED.

DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATment: A specific for Hysteria, Dizziness Convulsions, Nervous Headache, Mental Depression, Loss of Memory, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency, Involuntary Emissions, Premature Old Age, caused by over-exertion, self-abuse, or over-indulgence, which leads to misery, decay and death. One box will cure recent cases.

Each box contains one month's treatment. One dollar a box, or six boxes for five dollars, sent by mail prepaid on receipt of price. We guarantee six boxes to cure any case. With each order received by us for six boxes, accompanied with five dollars, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to return the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantees issued only by

LAMAR, RANKIN & LAMAR,

Wholesale and Retail Druggists, Atlanta, Ga.

Orders by Mail will receive Prompt Attention.

655 may1—d&w1y

LANIER HOUSE,

MACON, GA.,

OPENS UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT

SEPTEMBER 1ST.

Refurnished, Repainted and all Modern Improvements.

FREE BUSS.

BYINGTON & RUSHING.

886 aug27d4t

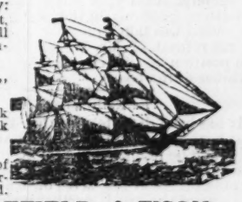
NOTICE TO SHIPPERS.

Warren Ray:

62 South street, New York, will dispach schooner

"Mary Lord,"

from New York for Brunswick on 31st instant.



Patronage of Atlanta Merchants solicited.

LITTLEFIELD & TISON,

aug25—d5t Agents, BRUNSWICK, GA.

PITTS'S CARMINATIVE,

FOR INFANTS AND CHILDREN.

COLIC, CHOLERA INFANTUM, DIARRHŒA, Dysentery, or any morbid state of the Alimentary Canal, cures the child. A relief to the aching heart of the over-taxed mother. For adults—cures nausea and vomiting. Peculiar to females—cures painful menstruation, coughs colds, cholera morbus and others derangements of the stomach and bowels. Hundreds can testify to its wonderful virtues. Retail price 25 cents. At wholesale by Lamar, Rankin & Lamar, Atlanta, Ga., and for sale by all druggists. may4 d&w6m

TRADE MARK NESTLE'S CONDENSED SWISS MILK

is guaranteed to be the PUREST and RICHEST on the market. Try it once and you will use it always. Ask for the "Nest" Brand and take no other. Send for pamphlet about "Nestle's Milk Food."

THOS. LEEMING & CO., Sole Agents, NEW YORK CITY.

apr15—d6m

THE MARKHAM HOUSE,

Atlanta, Georgia.

HEADQUARTERS FOR COMMERCIAL TRAVelers and Southern Tourists.

RATES—$2.50, $3.00 PER DAY.

Special rates made with families.

july 4—3m W. A. HUFF, Proprietor.

NEW HOLLAND SPRINGS,

HALL COUNTY, GEORGIA.

THE FINEST ACCOMMODATION, THE BEST water and the purest climate in the south.

TERMS:

$30 per month; $10 per week; $2 per day.

Special rates given to families.

july 4—3m W. A. HUFF, Proprietor.

BEE LINE ROUTE

(C. C. C. & I. R'Y.)

SHORTEST AND QUICKEST LINE FROM CINCINNATI TO

CLEVELAND,
SANDUSKY,
PUT IN BAY,
NIAGARA FALLS,
THOUSAND ISLANDS,
SARATOGA,
WHITE MOUNTAINS,

and the SEACOAST. Eleven hours quicker from

CINCINNATI AND BOSTON

than any line with through Sleeping Cars. Quicker time between

CINCINNATI AND NEW YORK CITY

than any line, with no extra fares on fast trains. Only line running directly into NEW YORK CITY without ferryage or transfer.

D. EDWARDS,
General Southern Agent, Cincinnati, O.
A. J. SMITH,
General Passenger Agent, Cleveland, O.

june1 d3m

LAW OFFICE OF JNO. D. CUNNINGHAM,
Rooms 5 and 6, Atlanta National Bank.
Messrs. McBRIDE & CO., Atlanta, Ga.:
In reply to your question, I answer that your "Cherry's Patent Steam Evaporator" has been running on my plantation at Orchard Hill, forseveral weeks in connection with several others of different patents. My Orchard Superintendent reports than it gives satisfaction, and that it is the best Evaporator he ever saw for general use.
JNO. D. CUNNINGHAM.
jan16—d1y top 1st col 8p

SCHOOL BOOKS
—AND—
SCHOOL SUPPLIES
—FOR—
COLLEGES, ACADEMIES,
High Grammar, Primary, and Private Schools.
HOLMAN, COFFIN & CO.
feb18—d1y un meb

DIAMONDS
FINE
JEWELRY,
SOLID SILVER
BRIDAL PRESENTS.
LARGEST STOCK, NEWEST STYLES
and Lowest Prices.
Send for Illustrated Catalogue.
J. P. STEVENS & CO.,
FACTORY & SALESROOM,
34 WHITEHALL STREET,
ATLANTA, GA.

COTTON AND WEATHER.

COTTON, middling uplands closed in Liverpoo yesterday, at 7⅛c; in New York, at 12 15-16; in Atlanta at 12¼

Daily Weather Report
OBSERVER'S OFFICE, SIGNAL CORPS, U. S. A.
KIMBALL HOUSE, August 26, 10:31, P. M.
All observations taken at the same moment of time at each place named.

NAME OF STATION.	Barometer.	Thermometer.	Dew Point	WIND. Direction	WIND. Force.	Rainfal.	Weather
Atlanta	30.02	66	66	E.	Fresh	.41	Cloudy.
Augusta	30.04	74	...	N. E.	Fresh	1.04	Lt. rain.
Galveston	29.45	82	78	S. W.	Light	......	Clear.
Indianola	29.94	80	76	S.	Fresh	......	Clear.
Key West	30.03	80	...	S.	Calm	.04	Fair.
Mobile	29.97	76	...	W.	Light	......	Clear.
Montgomery	29.96	76	70	W	Calm	......	Fair.
New Orleans	29.94	78	70	S. W.	Light	......	Clear.
Pensacola	29.96	77	74	S. W.	Light	......	Clear.
Palestine	29.97	80	71	N.	Light	......	Clear.
Savannah	30.01	80	...	S.	Light	.01	Fair.

Local Observations.

Time of Observation.							
6:31 a.m.	29.91	69	67	S. E.	Light	.05	Sprin'g.
10:31 "	29.95	69	67	N. E	Fresh	...	Cloudy.
2:31 p.m.	29.90	79	70	E	Fresh	.07	Fair.
6:31 "	29.97	70	67	E	Brisk	...	Cloudy.
10:31 "	30.02	66	66	E.	Fresh	.41	Cloudy.

Mean daily bar	29.946	Maximum ther	79.5
Mean daily ther	91.4	Minimum ther.	65.5
Mean daily humid	89.8	Total rainfall	0.53

Cotton Belt Bulletin.
Observations taken at 5 p.m.—Local time.

Atlanta District	Max Tem	Min Tem	Rain fall.
Atlanta	79	68	.53
Spartanburg	80	60	.50
Toccoa	75	66	3.29
Gainesville	82	63	1.16
Dalton	86	68	.49
Calhoun	85	68	.27
Cartersville	83	67	.41
West Point	85	66	.26
Newnan	84	67	.16
Griffin	82	69	.50
DISTRICTS.	**AVERAGE**		
1 Wilmington	81	66	.60
2 Charleston	84	71	.31
3 Augusta	86	70	.15
4 Savannah	88	70	.00
5 Atlanta	82	66	85
6 Montgonery	89	66	.10
7 Mobile	87	67	.17
8 New Orleans	89	72	.12
9 Galveston	94	72	.07
10 Vicksburg	88	67	.10
11 Little Rock	86	67	.13
12 Memphis	85	67	.40
13 St. Louis	...	...	....
Mean of Districts	86.4	68.4	0.28

H. HALL,
Sergeant Signal Corps, U. S. A.

ELEGANT
ESTABLISHMENT

One of the most attractive and elegant establishments in Atlanta, is the handsome jewelry store of A F Pickert, No 5 Whitehall street. His superb and tastefully arranged stock claims the admiration of all who see it, and a visit to his establishment is always pleasant and interesting, for aside from the attractions of a pretty and stylish stock of jewelry, he has just received a large stock of the celebrated Meriden Britania company's silverware, some elegant designs in tea sets, water sets, baking dishes, with porcelain lining, something handsome, and many other goods too numerous to mention. These goods are the heaviest triple plate, and the finest finished goods in the world. Go to No 5 Whitehall street and see them.

A. F. PICKERT,
JEWELER.

P S—A full line of the finest imported Spectacles and Eye-Glasses can also be found at my place, which I guarantee to give satisfaction for five years.
may28 dtf—1st col 8p

WATCHES,
JEWELRY.
FREEMAN & CRANKSHAW,
31 Whitehall Street.
We are prepared to do all the most difficult
WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRING
IN FIRST-CLASS STYLE.
feb4—d1y 8p un pick

MEETINGS

Attention, Knights Templar.

A called conclave of Cœur DeLion Commandery No. 4 K. T., will be held at their asylum this (Wednesday) night, 30th inst., at 8 o'clock sharp. Order of the Red Cross will be conferred. Sojourning Knights in the city are courteously invited to be present. By order A. G. HOWARD, E. C.
B. F. MOORE, Recorder. aug30 1t

Trinity church social meeting this evening 8 o'clock sharp. Subject: "The Life of Trust in Divine Providence." Every member of the congregation not Providentially hindered requested to be present. aug30 1t

THE HEKTOGRAPH.
100 copies from one writing.
Cap, Letter and Note size.
PHILLIPS & CREW,
AGENTS.
july8—d1y top 2d col 8p

THE BEN HILL MONUMENT.

Organization of the Ben Hill Monumental Association Last Night.

A number of the leading citizens of Atlanta met last night in the senate chamber in answer to the call for a meeting of the citizens to inaugurate a movement looking to the erection of a monument to Hon. B. H. Hill. Major J. H. Morgan called the meeting to order and moved that Dr. R. D. Spalding be made temporary chairman and Mr. J. G. Zachrey be made temporary secretary. The motion prevailed and Dr. Spalding took the chair and Mr. Zachrey acted as secretary.

Major Morgan, in a short address, stated the object of the meeting and moved the appointment of a committee to report business for the meeting. Mr. A. C. king thought that the first step should be a permanent organization, with the names of those present enrolled as members. Mr. D. M. Bain thought that the best way to proceed was to let the people send in their contributions to a committee of responsible gentlemen, and that the names of the donors be published by the committee in THE CONSTITUTION. For his part he was willing to give five, ten, or twenty-five dollars and he knew men who would give as much as a hundred dollars. Mr. E P. Chamberlin spoke enthusiastically in favor of the monument. Mr. A. C. Bruce suggested that the association be called "The Ben Hill Monumental association," and that the home of the association be in Atlanta. The motion for a committee of five to report business was put and carried, and the chairman appointed on the committee Messrs. J. H. Morgan, A. J. Orme, A. C. Bruce, E. P. Chamberlin and A. C. King. The committee retired, and after a short absence returned and reported a constitution, which, after a few changes, was adopted, as follows:

1. This society shall be called The Ben Hill Monument association. Its residence is Atlanta, Ga., but it may establish branches elsewhere.

2. Its object is the erection of a monument to the late Senator Benjamin H. Hill at some suitable point in the capital of the state.

3. Its officers shall be a president, ten regular vice-presidents, a treasurer and a secretary, one recording and one corresponding secretary, and fifteen directors to be elected annually at a meeting of the society to be held August 29th in each year; these officers shall together constitute the board of directors; they shall hold until their successors are elected and qualified; they shall fill all vacancies for unexpired terms of any office of this association. Said treasurer, before exercising his duties, shall give a bond of $25,000, to be approved by said board. All of said officers shall serve without compensation.

4. Said board shall have entire management of the affairs of said association; they may make contracts, appoint committees, adopt by-laws, appropriate funds, solicit subscriptions, establish branch associations and do such other things as they deem necessary to carry out the object of this association. Provided that no debt shall be contracted until the money to meet the same shall have been provided and collected.

5. Fifteen members of this association shall be a quorum at a meeting of the association, and seven members of the board shall be a quorum at a meeting of said board.

6. The president of any branch association shall be ex officio vice-president of the Ben Hill Monument association.

7. All persons who shall hereafter subscribe to the funds of this association, and enroll their names as members, shall be deemed members of this association.

8. The funds of this association shall be deposited by the treasurer in some solvent bank, to be selected by said board, and shall be paid out by said treasurer only on warrants drawn by the recording secretary, countersigned by the president or acting vice-president, and duly authorized by a vote of said board.

9. Said board shall not order any warrant drawn except to pay necessary current expenses or to provide for said monument, its site and erection.

10. No member of this association shall incur any liability beyond his unpaid subscription to said association.

On motion the following committee on securing a charter was appointed: J. G. Zachrey, A. C. King and J. H. Lumpkin.

A discussion arose as to whether donations should be limited to any particular amount. It was decided to postpone definite action.

The association then went into an election of permanent officers, which resulted as follows: President, Dr. R. D. Spalding; vice presidents, Hon. A. O. Bacon, of Macon, Judge James Jackson, of Atlanta, Hon. Patrick Walsh, of Augusta, Colonel J. H. Estill, of Savannah, Colonel R. J. Moses, of Columbus, B. C. Ferrill, of LaGrange, B. S. Printup, of Rome, Willis Hawkins, of Americus, and Judge Vason, of Albany. Mr. L. J. Hill, of the Gate City National bank of Atlanta, was elected treasurer. Mr. J. G. Zachrey was elected corresponding secretary and Major J. H. Morgan was elected recording secretary. The following directors were elected: D. M. Bain, A. C. King, J. H. Lumpkin, E. P. Chamberlin, A. J. Orme, Rev. C. A. Evans, S. M. Inman, J. W. English, Julius L. Brown, Livingston Mims, H. K. McCay, Aaron Haas, Captain Harry Jackson, and Mr. Hoke Smith.

It was moved that the directors meet tonight at the Young Men's library to arrange for the appointment of a committee to begin soliciting subscriptions. The meeting then adjourned. The directors named above are urgently requested to meet at the library at 8 o'clock to-night.

A Reduction of Tax.

A meeting of the commissioners of roads and revenues was held last night, at which the tax digest and the probable income of the county and the probable amount necessary to pay the county expenses were examined. After looking into the matter fully, it was decided to reduce the county tax 20 per cent. Heretofore the county tax has been fifty cents on the hundred dollars, It is under the reduction made last night, forty cents on the hundred dollars. This is a remarkable showing in view of the fact that twelve thousand dollars have been spent on the bridges that were washed away by the freshets some months ago in addition to the large sums that have been and will have to be paid out on the new court house. No action was taken on the vacancy caused by the refusal of Mr. W. A. Bass to accept the position to which he was elected as a member of the board.

The Railroad Shops.

It has been definitely settled that Atlanta will have the Cincinnati and Georgia railroad shops. The money has all been subscribed except a small amount. The shops will be located on about ten acres of land lying on the line of the road partly inside the city limits at the foot of Crowley and Windsor streets. Work on the shops will be commenced as soon as the ground can be graded.

Bank Notice.

The undersigned banks and bankers will close their doors throughout the day on Thursday, August 31st, 1882, in accordance with the proclamation of his excellency, the governor of the state, setting that day aside as a day of thanksgiving. According to law all papers maturing on that day are due and payable on Wednesday preceding, the 30th inst.
The attention of our dealers is respectfully called to the above notice.
EDWARD S. MCCANDLESS, Cashier Gate City National Bank.
P. ROMARE, Cashier Atlanta National Bank.
W. D. LUCKIE, Cashier Merchants Bank.
MADDOX, RUCKER & CO.
W. M. & R. J. LOWRY, Bankers.
J. H. JAMES.
F. M. COKER, Jr., Cashier Bank of the State of Georgia. aug29 d2t

The ladies of West End will give an ice cream festival on Thursday night at the West End hall. The proceeds to go to the purchase of an organ for the West End Methodist church.

What a rush there was at the auction sale of M. Rich & Bro. at their old stand on yesterday. A rare chance is missed by those who do not attend. Today and to-morrow, morning and night, and it is over. If you want real bargains at your own price, go at once. 1t

NEW CARPETS
NEW DRESS GOODS
NEW SHOES.
NOW BEING OPENED,
AND OUR FALL STOCK WILL BE IN ENTIRE IN A FEW DAYS.
CHAMBERLIN, BOYNTON & CO.

PERSONAL.

Mr and Mrs J L Bass, of Griffin, are at the Kimball.

A K Clark, of Augusta, Georgia, has rooms at the Markham.

J A Bondurant, of Augusta, Georgia, is at the Markham.

W A and J F Crutchfield, of Macon, are at the Markham.

Dr W G Browne, dentist, has returned and is in his office.

Mr and Mrs W M Lowry returned to the Kimball yesterday.

R D Locke, of Columbus, Georgia, has rooms at the Markham.

T C Dempsey, of Macon, was registered at the Markham yesterday.

Miss Alexander and the Misses Pearce, of Augusta, are guests at the Kimball.

Mr M Benheime, one of Savannah's prominent merchants, is at the Kimball.

Mr Robert L Candler and J S O'Neal, of Lynchburg, have rooms at the Kimball.

Captain W B Berry and daughter, Miss Olive Berry, of Newnan, are at the Kimball.

Mr J S Sheppard, manager, and Mr John C Morris, business manager of the Big 4 minstrels are in the city. They have rooms at the Kimball.

Mr George W Parrott left for Brunswick, Ga., yesterday in the interest of the cotton compress here to arrange for shipping cotton during the coming season.

Be sure to attend the auction sale of M. Rich & Bro. at their old stand. There was a big rush on yesterday and many bargains bought. Sale day and night. 1t

If you don't go to M. Rich & Bro.'s auction sale, you will surely regret it. Mr. Ellis is letting the crowds have some rare bargains. Only two days and nights more at the old stand. 1t

W.H. BROTHERTON'S
5c, 10c, 15c, 25c, 75c and $1.00 Counters are more attractive than anything of the kind in the South. Articles at 5c and 10c that sell in other houses in a regular way for 25c and 50c.
Be sure and examine the goods on these Counters.

M. Rich & Bro. beg leave to respectfully inform the ladies that their new store, Nos. 54 and 56 Whitehall street is now ready for their inspection. They feel sure that those who may favor them with a call will be abundantly repaid for their trouble. At the same time their corps of polite and attentive employes will take pleasure in showing them any goods which they would like to see. As the new stock is fast being arranged and the new goods coming in are very attractive, they will be well worth looking at. Be sure to call on
1t M. RICH & BRO.

To Cincinnati.

The cheapest excursion of the season leaves Atlanta for Cincinnati at midnight September 4th and 2:40 p.m. September 5th. Round trip rate only $10; good for two full days in Cincinnati. The street pageant on the 6th will be the grandest ever witnessed in this country. Preparations are being made to entertain the thousands who will go. Remember that excursionists can leave Atlanta midnight September 4th or 2:40 p.m. September 5th.

Another Bank Raid.

Yesterday evening about 3 o'clock Manager Jackson, of the Telephone Exchange, entered the Atlanta National bank, on Alabama street, and after working very quietly for a while retired, leaving, as usual, a telephone. No. 131.

W.H. BROTHERTON'S
Millinery Department, presided over by Mrs. B. LYON, is one of the most attractive establishments of the kind south of Baltimore.
Do not fail to call and examine the beautiful Bonnets, Hats, Feathers, Flowers, Ribbons, etc.
Also, agent for the sale of Mme. Demorest's celebrated Patterns. This is the best and most reliable pattern sold.

Seed rye! Seed rye! Send to Megee Johnson & Co., 87 Broad street. 845—aug27 sun& wed

Messrs. Rushing, Keller & Co. have leased the store next to the express office, No 28 Wall street, for a term of years, and will take possession September 1st. aug29—3t

THE VOICE OF THE PEOPLE.

At the expiration of Alderman Beermann's term of office, the south side of the railroad will have no immediate representative in the aldermanic board, as there are two of the ones holding over from the north side. Justice demands that Alderman Beermann's successor should be from the south side of Atlanta and they present the name of that old, tried public spirited citizen, Major John H. Mecaslin, as a suitable man to fill the place and one that will be supported by the whole people of Atlanta.

That Husband of Mine.
Is three times the man he was before he began using "Wells' Health Renewer." $1. Druggists. Depot Lamar, Rankin & Lamar, Atlanta, Ga.

Three hundred bushels Georgia rye for seed.
MEGEE, JOHNSON & CO.
845—aug27 sun&wed 87 Broad street.

Buy you Georgia raised seed rye from Megee, Johnson & Co., 87 Broad street.
845—aug27 sun&wed

ROLLER PATENT FLOUR.
We are receiving weekly shipments of the genuine Roller Patent Flour. Also No. 2 Snow Roller Patent Flour, from the finest and only exclusively Roller Mill in the Southern States
These two grades are not excelled by any other Flours manufactured in America.
Ask your Grocer for B. F. Wyly & Co.'s Number One Roller Patent and you will simply get the best made, and at the most reasonable price.
B. F. WYLY & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers,
47 and 49 Alabama Street.
869 aug27 sun tues thurs 2w

THIS SPACE BELONGS TO
HIRSCH BROS
42 AND 44 WHITEHALL STREET,
Who were too busy yesterday receiving their Immense Fall Stock to prepare their advertisement.
mar20—d1y un cham 8o

W.H. BROTHERTON'S
Dress Goods Department is very attractive.
All-wool Black Bunting 15c.
Half-wool Black Bunting 10c.
Black and White, Brown and Black, Black and Blue and Black Striped Silks 50c.
Plain Black Silk 50c.
Colored Silks, in all shades, 50 cents.
Black all-wool Cashmere 40c.
Black Satin 50, Colered Satins in delicate shades $1.00, and all other goods in this department correspondingly low.

The Grand Bargains offered by D. H. DOUGHERTY the past week have been duly appreciated by the people and a good trade has been the result. A great many goods have been sold, but there are still enough left to supply all who need them. These bargains are unprecedented in the city and will still be offered that ALL MAY BE SUPPLIED.

Remember, DOUGHERTY is selling goods CHEAP FOR THE CASH. His prices cannot be touched by any other house and his fair dealing with all is proverbial

Don't let the chance to procure good goods at A VERY LOW PRICE escape you.

Fall Goods are now arriving daily and ROOM MUST BE MADE for them.

DOUGHERTY has adopted the CASH SYSTEM and it is working beautifully for his customers as well as himself.

CORRECTION.

FROM HAVING SOLD OUT MY LIVERY BUSINESS, I find the impression prevails with some that I also sold my undertaking business, so I respectfully announce to the public that I retain the undertaking business with
MR. H. M. PATTERSON,
undertaker, in charge, at the same place, and in connection with my former livery, now Miller & Brady's, Markham House Block, where everything pertaining to the business will be furnished in first-class style, at moderate prices.
Respectfully, G. R. BOAZ.
687jan15 d1y 8p

SHOES! SHOES! SHOES!
Ladies' all-Leather sewed Shoes $1.
Ladies' sewed all-Leather Imitation Goat Shoes $1.
Ladies' Kid foxed Shoes $1.
Ladies' all-cloth beautiful Shoes 75c.
Ladies' Kid Slippers 50c.
Ladies' Newport Ties 75c.
Carpet Slippers for Men and Women 50c.
Men's Calf Shoes, in all sizes, $1.
These are the Biggest Bargains in Shoes ever offered in this city. Finer makes at satisfactory prices at W. H. BROTHERTON'S.

LEAVE YOUR ORDERS FOR ELECTRIC LIGHT AT HAAS'S OFFICE, 32 ALABAMA STREET.
aug24 dtf

CENTRAL AND SOUTHWESTERN RAILROADS

SAVANNAH, GA., August 19, 1882.

On and after SUNDAY, August 20, 1882, passenger trains on the Central and Southwesten railroads and branches will run as follows:

READ DOWN.		READ DOWN.
No. 4.	**From Savannah.**	**No. 3.**
9 20 a m Lv	Savannah	Lv 7 15 p m
4 27 p m Ar	Augusta	Ar 5 20 a m
6 30 p m Ar	Macon	Ar 7 20 a m
3 00 a m Ar	Atlanta	Ar 12 50 p m
2 20 a m Ar	Columbus	Ar 1 40 p m
7 11 a m Ar	Eufaula	Ar 4 20 p m
4 40 a m Ar	Albany	Ar 4 02 p m
Ar	Milledgeville	Ar 9 44 a m
Ar	Eatonton	Ar 11 30 a m
No 13.	**From Augusta.**	**No. 15**
9 00 a m Lv	Augusta	Lv 8 00 p m
3 45 p m Ar	Savannah	Ar 7 15 a m
2 20 p m Ar	Macon	Ar 7 20 a m
6 30 a m Ar	Atlanta	Ar 12 50 p m
3 00 a m Ar	Columbus	Ar 1 40 p m
7 11 a m Ar	Eufaula	Ar 4 20 p m
4 40 a m Ar	Albany	Ar 4 02 p m
Ar	Milledgeville	Ar 9 44 a m
Ar	Eatonton	Ar 11 30 a m
No. 2.	**From Macon.**	**No. 4.**
7 10 a m Lv	Macon	Lv 7 35 p m
3 45 p m Ar	Savannah	Ar 7 15 a m
4 27 p m Ar	Augusta	Ar 5 20 a m
9 44 a m Ar	Milledgeville	Ar
11 30 a m Ar	Eatonton	Ar
No. 1.	**From Macon.**	**No. 5.**
9 15 a m Lv	Macon	Lv 8:30 p m
4 40 p m Ar	Eufaula	Ar 7 11 a m
4 02 p m Ar	Albany	Ar 4:40 a m
No. 3.	**From Macon.**	**No. 13.**
8 15 a m Lv	Macon	Lv 7 30 p m
1 40 p m Ar	Columbus	Ar 2 20 a m
No. 2.	**From Macon.**	**No. 4.**
8 00 a m Lv	Macon	Lv 8 15 p m
12 50 p m Ar	Atlanta	Ar 3 00 a m
No. 25.	**From Macon.**	
5 35 p m Lv	Macon	
8 35 p m Ar	Perry	
No 1	**From Atlanta.**	**No 3**
2 15 pm Lv	Atlanta	Lv 1 20 a m
6 55p.m Ar	Macon	Ar 6 35 a m
7 11 a m Ar	Eufaula	Ar 2 40 p m
4 40 a m Ar	Albany	Ar 4 02 p m
2 20 a m Ar	Columbus	Ar 1 40 p m
Ar	Milledgeville	Ar 9 44 a m
Ar	Eatonton	Ar 11 30 a m
5 20 a m Ar	Augusta	Ar 4 27 p m
7 15 a m Ar	Savannah	Ar 3 45 p m
No 4.	**From Columbus.**	**No 14**
11 50 a m Lv	Columbus	Lv 12 04 a m
5 10 p m Ar	Macon	Ar 6 50 a m
3 00 a m Ar	Atlanta	Ar 12 50 p m
7 11 am Ar	Eufaula	Ar 2 20 p m
4 40 a m Ar	Albany	Ar 4 02 p m
Ar	Milledgeville	Ar 9 44 a m
Ar	Eatonton	Ar 11 30 a m
5 20 a m Ar	Augusta	Ar 4 27 p m
7 15 a m Ar	Savannah	Ar 3 45 p m
No 2	**From Eufaula.**	
12 53 p m Lv	Eufaula	Lv 7 10 p m
4 02 p m Ar	Albany	Ar 4 40 a m
6 49 p m Ar	Macon	Ar 6 00 a m
2 20 a m Ar	Columbus	Ar 12 45 p m
3 00 a m Ar	Atlanta	Ar 1 50 p m
	Milledgeville	Ar 9 44 a m
	Eatonton	Ar 11 30 a m
5 20 a m Ar	Augusta	Ar 4 27 p m
7 15 a m Ar	Savannah	Ar 3 45 p m
No 18.	**From Albany.**	**No. 20**
12 00 noon Lv	Albany	Lv 9 45 p m
4 20 p m Ar	Eufaula	Ar 7 11 a m
6 49 pm Ar	Macon	Ar 6 00 pm
2 20 a m Ar	Columbus	Ar 1 40 a m
3 30 a m Ar	Atlanta	Ar 12 50 p m
Ar	Milledgeville	Ar 9 44 am
Ar	Eatonton	Ar 11 30 a m
5 20 a m Ar	Augusta	Ar 4 27 pm
7 15 a m Ar	Savannah	Ar 3 45 a m
No. 17. From Eatonton and Milledgeville.		
2 15 p m Lv	Eatonton	
3 58 p m Lv	Milledgeville	
6 60 p m Ar	Macon	
2 20 a m Ar	Columbus	
7 11 a m Ar	Eufaula	
4 40 a m Ar	Albany	
3 00 a m Ar	Atlanta	
5 20 a m Ar	Augusta	
7 15 a m Ar	Savannah	
	From Perry.	**No. 26.**
	Perry	Lv 7 20 a m
	Macon	Ar 10 26 a m

Local sleeping Cars on all night trains between Savannah and Augusta, and Savannah and Atlanta and Macon and Albany.

CONNECTIONS.

Eufaula train connects at Cuthbert for Fort Gaines daily, (except Sunday.) The accommodation between Macon and Perry runs daily, (except Sunday).

The Albany and Blakely train runs daily between Smithville and Albany, and daily (except Sunday) between Albany and Blakely.

The Albany Accommodation train runs daily (except Monday) from Smithville to Albany, and daily (except Sunday) from Albany to Smithville.

At Savannah, with Savannah, Florida and Western Railway, at Augusta, with all lines to North and East, at Atlanta with Air-Line and Kennesaw routes to all points North, East and West.

Berths in Sleeping Cars can be secured at Schreiner's, 127 Congress street, Savannah, and at General Ticket office, Union Passenger Depot, Atlanta.
G. A. WHITEHEAD, General Pass. Agt. — WILLIAM ROGERS, General Supt. Savannah.
J. C. SHAW, General Trav. Agt. — W. F. SHELLMAN, Supt. S. W. R. R., Macon Ga

SHOES
JOHN KEELY
"The Leader of Low Prices."
Offers the following
BARGAINS
THIS WEEK.
1,000 pairs Ladies' Kid Button Shoes, $1 a pair, well worth $1.75, anywhere.
580 pairs Ladies' Kid Button Boots, box toe, worked button-holes, $1.25, worth $2.25.
1,000 pairs Goat Laced Shoes, sewed, 75 cts. per pair. Well worth $1.50.
WONDERFUL
BARGAINS!
500 pairs fine fox Gaiters, 85c a pair, well worth $1.50 anywhere.
Men's plain or Box-toe Gaiters, $1.50 per pair. Always sold at $2.25.
Misses' fine foxed Gaiters 75c a pair, worth $1.25.
A superb stock of boy's shoes, just received, for school wear. Also Misses' and Childrens' school shoes in button and laced goods---every imaginable style.
The manufacturing establishments of the entire country have been searched, and the best line made in school shoes for children is here offered as the result.
Zeigler's goods, a full line. Bay State goods a full line, for fall wear just opened at
JOHN KEELY'S

W.H. BROTHERTON'S
Ready-made Clothing Department in Gents', Boys' and Children's is complete. If you need a new suit examine his immense stock. His prices are lower than the lowest.

G. W. ADAIR....... AUCTIONEER

MOORE PROPERTY, MARIETTA STREET.

BY AUTHORITY OF AN ORDER GRANTED by the court of Ordinary of Fulton county, at the August term, 1882 I will sell, before the court house door, in Fulton county, on the first Tuesday (fifth day) of September next, 1882, within the legal hours of sale, the following described land, to-wit:

Two certain parcels of land, being parts of land lot Number 81, in the 14th district of originally Henry now Fulton county, Ga., the first parcel beginning at the west corner of lot number one (1) of the subdivision of the Moore estate on the northeast side of Marietta street, and running northwestwardly along Marietta street two hundred and eighty three (283) feet, more or less, to the property formerly known as the Wallace property; thence northwestwardly along the lines which divides the Moore from the Wallace property to State street; thence south along the west side of State street three hundred and fifty (350) feet more or less to the Randall lot; thence southwestward along the northwest line of the Randall lot one hundred and seventy-four and a half (174½) feet more or less to lot number two (2) of the Moore property; thence northwestward along the northeast lines of lots number two (2) and one (1) of said Moore property, one hundred and fifty (150) feet more or less to the north corner of lot number one (1) of said property and thence southwestwardly along the northwest line of said lot number one (1), two hundred (200) feet more or less to the beginning point on Marietta street.

The second parcel of land is bounded as follows: Commencing on the east side of State street, at Fickett's southern or southeastern line, and running northeastwardly along said line to the original land line, which separates land lots numbers 81 and 82; thence south along said land line to the Cravoth property; thence southwestwardly along the Cravoth line to State street and thence north along the east side of State street to the beginning point.

Terms: The first parcel will be sold on time, the amount for which it sells to be paid in six equal payments, one payment to be made every six months, the first payment to be due in six months from the day of sale. The second parcel will be sold for cash.
G W ADAIR,
Administrator de bonis non estate of W C Moore, deceased aug8 d1aw 4w tues.

John T. Akridge vs. Thomas Echols—Motion to establish lost Deeds in Fulton Superior Court, Term 1882.

IT BEING REPRESENTED TO THE COURT that Thomas Echols, the defendant in the above stated case, resides out of this state, Ordered that service be perfected on him by three months notice in one of the Atlanta papers before the next term of said Court. This 17th April, 1882.
GEORGE HILLYER, Judge S. C.

Georgia, Fulton County.
I, C. H. Strong, Clerk of the Superior Court of said County, do hereby certify that the above and foregoing is a full, true and correct copy of the "order" in the above stated case, as appears of record on the minutes of this Court. In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my seal of office. This 3d day of May, 1882.
C. H. STRONG, C. S. C.
july1—d1am3m july1 aug1 sep1

John T. Akridge vs. the Heirs of Simon Akridge, deceased—Motion to establish lost Deeds in Superior Court, Fall Term, 1882.

IT BEING REPRESENTED TO THE COURT that W. R. Akridge, Francis Rainy and Eliza Cochran, heirs of Simon Akridge, deceased, reside out of this state, Ordered that they be served in this case by publication for three months, before the fall term of said Court in one of the public gazettes published in Atlanta. This 17th April, 1882.
GEORGE HILLYER, Judge S. C.

Georgia, Fulton County.
I, C. H. Strong, Clerk of the Superior Court of said county, do hereby certify that the above and foregoing is a full, true and correct copy of the "order" in the above stated case as appears of record on the minutes of this court. This May 3, 1882. I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my seal of office. C. H. STRONG, C. S. C.
july1—d1am3m july1 aug1 sep1

AUSTIN FEMALE SEMINARY
Located Near Plainville, Gordon Co., Ga.
A HOME SCHOOL IN THE COUNTRY FOR girls; a full curriculum and able faculty. Fall term opens 1st of September. Send for catalogue. Address COL. JAMES S. AUSTIN, Principal, Plainville, Ga.
june13—tuesd 3 sept 1a